

**PSG INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY AND APPLIED RESEARCH**  
**COIMBATORE – 641 062**  
(Autonomous college affiliated to Anna University)



**R2025**

**Courses of Study, Scheme of Assessment and  
Syllabi for All Semesters**

**for**

**B.E. Electronics and Communication Engineering**

**B.E. ELECTRONICS AND COMMUNICATION ENGINEERING**

(Minimum No. of credits to be earned: 168)

S. No.	Course Code	Course Title	Hours / Week			Credits	Maximum Marks			CAT
			Lecture	Tutorial	Practical		CA	ESE	Total	
<b>SEMESTER I</b>										
<b>THEORY</b>										
1	25MA101	Calculus and its Applications	3	1	0	4	40	60	100	BS
2	25PH103	Physics for Electrical Engineering	3	0	0	3	40	60	100	BS
3	25CY102	Chemistry for Electronics Engineering	3	0	0	3	40	60	100	BS
4	25EC101	Problem Solving and C Programming	3	2	0	5	40	60	100	ES
5	25HS101	English Language Proficiency	3	1	0	4	40	60	100	HS
6	25HS102	தமிழர் மரபு / Heritage of Tamils	1	0	0	1	40	60	100	HS
<b>PRACTICALS</b>										
7	25GE111	Design Thinking for Innovation	0	0	2	1	100	0	100	ES
8	25GE112	Engineering Graphics	0	0	4	2	60	40	100	ES
9	25BS112	Basic Sciences Laboratory	0	0	4	2	60	40	100	BS
<b>MANDATORY COURSES</b>										
10	25GEM01	Induction Programme**	-	-	-	Grade	-	-	-	MC
<b>Total 30 periods</b>			<b>16</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>10</b>	<b>25</b>	<b>460</b>	<b>440</b>	<b>900</b>	

S. No.	Course Code	Course Title	Hours / Week			Credits	Maximum Marks			CAT
			Lecture	Tutorial	Practical		CA	ESE	Total	
<b>SEMESTER II</b>										
<b>THEORY</b>										
1	25MA201	Complex Variables and Transforms	3	1	0	4	40	60	100	BS
2	25PH204	Sensors for Engineering Applications	3	0	0	3	40	60	100	BS
3	25EC201	Electron Devices	3	1	0	4	40	60	100	ES
4	25EC202	Network Analysis	3	1	0	4	40	60	100	ES
5	25EC203	Object Oriented Programming with Python	2	2	0	4	40	60	100	ES
6	25HS201	தமிழரும் தொழில்நுட்பமும் / Tamils and Technology	1	0	0	1	40	60	100	HS
<b>PRACTICALS</b>										
7	25HS21_	Language Elective	0	0	4	2	60	40	100	HS
8	25EC211	Devices and Circuits Laboratory	0	0	4	2	60	40	100	ES
9	25EEC01	Workplace Communication Skills	0	0	2	Grade	100	0	100	EEC
<b>MANDATORY COURSES</b>										
10	25GEM02	Activity Point Programme I*	-	-	-	Grade	-	-	-	MC
<b>Total 30 periods</b>			<b>15</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>10</b>	<b>24</b>	<b>460</b>	<b>440</b>	<b>900</b>	

\*\*As per AICTE norms;

\* As per AICTE norms; Grade: Non-Credit Course

CAT - Category; BS - Basic Science; HS - Humanities and Social Sciences; ES - Engineering Sciences; PC - Professional Core; PE - Professional Elective; OE - Open Elective; EEC - Employability Enhancement Course; MC – Mandatory Course; CA-Continuous Assessment; ESE – End Semester Examination.

S. No.	Course Code	Course Title	Hours / Week			Credits	Maximum Marks			CAT
			Lecture	Tutorial	Practical		CA	ESE	Total	
<b>SEMESTER III</b>										
<b>THEORY</b>										
1	25MA304	Matrix Theory and Numerical Methods	3	1	0	4	40	60	100	BS
2	25EC301	Analog Electronics	3	0	0	3	40	60	100	PC
3	25EC302	Digital Electronics	3	0	0	3	40	60	100	PC
4	25EC303	Electromagnetic Fields and Waves	3	1	0	4	40	60	100	PC
5	25HS301	Project and Finance Management	3	0	0	3	40	60	100	HS
<b>PRACTICALS</b>										
6	25EC311	Analog Electronics Laboratory	0	0	2	1	60	40	100	PC
7	25EC312	Digital Electronics Laboratory	0	0	2	1	60	40	100	PC
8	25EEC02	Foundations of Problem Solving	0	0	2	1	100	0	100	EEC
<b>MANDATORY COURSES</b>										
9	25MC0__	Mandatory Course I	2	0	0	Grade	100	0	100	MC
10	25GEM03	Activity Point Programme II*	-	-	-	Grade	-	-	-	MC
<b>Total 25 periods</b>			<b>17</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>20</b>	<b>520</b>	<b>380</b>	<b>900</b>	

S.No.	Course Code	Course Title	Hours / Week			Credits	Maximum Marks			CAT
			Lecture	Tutorial	Practical		CA	ESE	Total	
<b>SEMESTER IV</b>										
<b>THEORY</b>										
1	25MA404	Probability and Random Processes	3	1	0	4	40	60	100	BS
2	25EC401	Linear Integrated Circuits	3	0	0	3	40	60	100	PC
3	25EC402	Signals and Systems	3	0	0	3	40	60	100	PC
4	25EC403	Computer Architecture	3	1	0	4	40	60	100	PC
5	25EC404	Data Structures and Algorithms	3	2	0	5	40	60	100	ES
<b>PRACTICALS</b>										
6	25EC411	Linear Integrated Circuits Laboratory	0	0	2	1	60	40	100	PC
7	25EC412	Signals and Systems Laboratory	0	0	2	1	60	40	100	PC
8	25ECE01	Mini Project I	0	0	2	1	100	0	100	EEC
9	25EEC03	Problem Solving	0	0	2	1	100	0	100	EEC
<b>MANDATORY COURSES</b>										
10	25MC0__	Mandatory Course II	2	0	0	Grade	100	0	100	MC
11	25GEM04	Activity Point Programme III*	-	-	-	Grade	-	-	-	MC
<b>Total 29 periods</b>			<b>17</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>23</b>	<b>620</b>	<b>380</b>	<b>1000</b>	

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S. No.	Course Code	Course Title	Hours / Week			Credits	Maximum Marks			CAT
			Lecture	Tutorial	Practical		CA	ESE	Total	
<b>SEMESTER V</b>										
<b>THEORY</b>										
1	25EC501	Analog Communication	3	0	0	3	40	60	100	PC
2	25EC502	Embedded Systems	3	0	0	3	40	60	100	PC
3	25EC503	Control Systems	3	1	0	4	40	60	100	PC
4	25EC504	Computer Networks	3	2	0	5	40	60	100	PC
5	25EC505	Antennas and Wave Propagation	3	1	0	4	40	60	100	PC
<b>PRACTICALS</b>										
6	25EC511	Analog Communication Laboratory	0	0	4	2	60	40	100	PC
7	25EC512	Embedded Systems Design Laboratory	0	0	4	2	60	40	100	PC
8	25ECE02/ 25ECE03	Internship I/ Community Project	0	0	0	1	100	0	100	EEC
9	25EEC04	Aptitude Skills	0	0	2	1	100	0	100	EEC
<b>MANDATORY COURSES</b>										
10	25GEM05	Activity Point Programme IV*	-	-	-	Grade	-	-	-	MC
<b>Total 29 periods</b>			<b>15</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>10</b>	<b>25</b>	<b>520</b>	<b>380</b>	<b>900</b>	

S. No.	Course Code	Course Title	Hours / Week			Credits	Maximum Marks			CAT
			Lecture	Tutorial	Practical		CA	ESE	Total	
<b>SEMESTER VI</b>										
<b>THEORY</b>										
1	25EC601	Digital Signal Processing	3	0	0	3	40	60	100	PC
2	25EC602	Digital Communication	3	0	0	3	40	60	100	PC
3	25EC603	VLSI Design	3	0	0	3	40	60	100	PC
4	25ECP__	Professional Elective I	3	0	0	3	40	60	100	PE
5	25__O__	Open Elective I	3	0	0	3	40	60	100	OE
<b>PRACTICALS</b>										
6	25EC611	Digital Signal Processing Laboratory	0	0	4	2	60	40	100	PC
7	25EC612	VLSI Design Laboratory	0	0	4	2	60	40	100	PC
8	25EC613	Digital Communication Engineering Laboratory	0	0	2	1	60	40	100	PC
9	25ECE04	Mini Project II	0	0	2	1	100	0	100	EEC
10	25EEC05	Enhancing Problem Solving Ability with Code	0	0	2	1	100	0	100	EEC
<b>MANDATORY COURSES</b>										
11	25GEM06	Activity Point Programme V*	-	-	-	Grade	-	-	-	MC
<b>Total 29 periods</b>			<b>15</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>14</b>	<b>22</b>	<b>580</b>	<b>420</b>	<b>1000</b>	

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S. No.	Course Code	Course Title	Hours / Week			Credits	Maximum Marks			CAT
			Lecture	Tutorial	Practical		CA	ESE	Total	
<b>SEMESTER VII</b>										
<b>THEORY</b>										
1	25EC701	RF Passive and Active Circuits	3	0	0	3	40	60	100	PC
2	25ECP__	Professional Elective II	3	0	0	3	40	60	100	PE
3	25ECP__	Professional Elective III	3	0	0	3	40	60	100	PE
4	25ECP__	Professional Elective IV	3	0	0	3	40	60	100	PE
5	25__O__	Open Elective II	3	0	0	3	40	60	100	OE
<b>PRACTICALS</b>										
6	25EC711	RF and Microwave Engineering Laboratory	0	0	2	1	60	40	100	PC
7	25ECE05	Project Work I	0	0	4	2	100	0	100	EEC
8	25ECE06	Internship II	0	0	0	1	100	0	100	EEC
<b>Total 21 periods</b>			<b>15</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>19</b>	<b>460</b>	<b>340</b>	<b>800</b>	

S. No.	Course Code	Course Title	Hours / Week			Credits	Maximum Marks			CAT
			Lecture	Tutorial	Practical		CA	ESE	Total	
<b>SEMESTER VIII</b>										
<b>THEORY</b>										
1	25ECP__	Professional Elective V	3	0	0	3	40	60	100	PE
2	25ECP__	Professional Elective VI	3	0	0	3	40	60	100	PE
<b>PRACTICALS</b>										
3	25ECE07	Project Work II	0	0	8	4	60	40	100	EEC
<b>Total 14 periods</b>			<b>6</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>10</b>	<b>140</b>	<b>160</b>	<b>300</b>	

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#### Summary of Credit Distribution

<b>B.E. ELECTRONICS AND COMMUNICATION ENGINEERING</b>										
S. No.	Course Category	Credit per Semester								Total Credits
		I	II	III	IV	V	VI	VII	VIII	
1	HS	5	3	3	0	0	0	0	0	11
2	BS	12	7	4	4	0	0	0	0	27
3	ES	8	14	0	5	0	0	0	0	27
4	PC	0	0	12	12	23	14	4	0	65
5	PE	0	0	0	0	0	3	9	6	18
6	OE	0	0	0	0	0	3	3	0	6
7	EEC	0	0	1	2	2	2	3	4	14
8	MC	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>Total</b>		<b>25</b>	<b>24</b>	<b>20</b>	<b>23</b>	<b>25</b>	<b>22</b>	<b>19</b>	<b>10</b>	<b>168</b>

CAT - Category; BS - Basic Science; HS - Humanities and Social Sciences; ES - Engineering Sciences; PC - Professional Core; PE – Professional; OE-Open Elective; EEC - Employability Enhancement Course; MC – Mandatory Course

**LIST OF PROFESSIONAL ELECTIVE COURSES: VERTICALS**

S. No.	Vertical I VLSI Design and Testing	Vertical II Signal Processing and Wireless Technologies	Vertical III IoT and Embedded Systems	Vertical IV Emerging Technologies
1	25ECP01 Mixed Signal IC Design	25ECP11 Advanced Digital Signal Processing	25ECP21 Real Time Operating Systems	25ECP31 IC Packing and Electro Magnetic Interference and Compatibility
2	25ECP02 CAD for VLSI	25ECP12 Digital Image Processing	25ECP22 IoT based System Design	25ECP32 Quantum Computing
3	25ECP03 Low Power IC Design	25ECP13 Speech Processing	25ECP23 Artificial IOT	25ECP33 Artificial Intelligence and Machine Learning
4	25ECP04 VLSI Signal Processing	25ECP14 Software Defined Radio	25ECP24 Industrial Internet of Things and Industry 4.0	25ECP34 Cryptography and Network Security
5	25ECP05 CMOS Analog IC Design	25ECP15 Wavelets and its applications	25ECP25 FPGA Based Embedded Systems	25ECP35 Computer and Machine Vision
6	25ECP06 VLSI Testing and Design for Testability	25ECP16 Biomedical Signal Processing	25ECP26 Robotics	25ECP36 Avionics
7	25ECP07 Digital Design Verification	25ECP17 5G and Beyond	25ECP27 Wearable Devices	25ECP37 Natural Language Processing
8	25ECP08 VLSI Architectures for AI Applications	25ECP18 Mobile Communication	25ECP28 IoT Processors	25ECP38 Information Theory and Coding

**LIST OF PROFESSIONAL ELECTIVE COURSES FOR MINOR DEGREE PROGRAMME**

S. No.	Course Code	Course Title
1	25ECM01	Digital System Design
2	25ECM02	Microprocessors and Microcontrollers
3	25ECM03	Embedded Systems Architecture
4	25ECM04	IOT based System Design
5	25ECM05	IOT Processors
6	25ECM06	Industrial IoT and Industry 4.0
7	25ECM07	Robotics
8	25ECM08	Mechatronics

**LIST OF OPEN ELECTIVE COURSES**

S. No.	Course Code	Course Title
1	25ECO01	VLSI Technology
2	25ECO02	Microcontroller Based System Design
3	25ECO03	Mechatronics
4	25ECO04	IoT Architecture and Prototypes
5	25ECO05	Digital Image Processing
6	25ECO06	Nano Technology

## FIRST SEMESTER

## 25MA101 CALCULUS AND ITS APPLICATIONS

(Common to CIVIL, CSE, EEE, ECE, ICE, MECH, AI&amp;DS and EE-VLSI)

3 1 0 4

**DIFFERENTIAL CALCULUS:** Functions of two variables, limits and continuity, partial derivatives, chain rule, extreme values and saddle points, Lagrange multipliers, Taylor's formula for two variables. (9+3)

**INTEGRAL CALCULUS:** Double and iterated integrals over rectangles, double integrals over general regions, Fubini's theorem, area and volume by double integration, reversing the order of integration, double integrals in polar form. (9+3)

**FIRST ORDER ORDINARY DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS:** Basic concepts, separable differential equations, exact differential equations, integrating factors, linear differential equations, modeling - mixing problems, Newton's law of cooling, decay and growth problems. (9+3)

**SECOND ORDER LINEAR DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS:** Homogeneous linear equations of second order, homogeneous linear ODEs with constant coefficients, Euler-Cauchy equations, solution by variation of parameters, free oscillations mass spring systems, electric circuits. (9+3)

**VECTOR CALCULUS:** Gradient and directional derivative of a scalar field, divergence and curl of a vector field. Integration in vector field – line integrals, path independence of line integrals, Green's theorem in the plane, divergence theorem of Gauss and Stokes' theorem. (9+3)

Total L: 45 + T: 15 = 60 periods

## TEXT BOOKS:

1. J Hass, C Heil, and D.W. Maurice, 'Thomas Calculus', Pearson Education, New Delhi, 2018.
2. Erwin Kreyszig, 'Advanced Engineering Mathematics', Wiley India, New Delhi, 2018.

## REFERENCES:

1. H Anton, I. Bivens, and S Davis, 'Calculus', John Wiley and Sons, USA, 2016.
2. C R Wylie and L C Barrett, 'Advanced Engineering Mathematics', Tata McGraw-Hill, New Delhi, 2019.
3. D G Michael, 'Foundations of Applied Mathematics', Dover Publications, New York, 2013.
4. Gilbert Strang, 'Calculus', Wellesley Cambridge Press, USA, 2017.

## COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course, students will be able to:		Bloom's Level
CO1	Explain the concepts related to Calculus, Differential Equations and Vector Calculus.	K2
CO2	Apply the techniques of Calculus, Differential Equations and Vector Calculus to solve engineering problems.	K3
CO3	Analyze the solutions of engineering problems employing Calculus, Differential Equations and Vector Calculus.	K4
CO4	Use modern tools to solve engineering problems with the help of Calculus, Differential Equations and Vector Calculus.	-

## COs-POs &amp; PSOs MAPPING:

CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PSO1	PSO2
CO1													
CO2	3												
CO3		2											
CO4					2								
@	3	2			2								

1-Low, 2-Medium, 3-High, @-Overall Contribution to the Course

**25PH103 PHYSICS FOR ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING**  
(Common to EEE, ECE and EE-VLSI)

3 0 0 3

**ELECTROMAGNETISM:** Review of definitions of fundamental terms. Permeability. Forces due to currents - Uniform and non-uniform magnetic fields - Static and time-varying magnetic fields. Electromagnetic induction - Expression for induced emf. Electric fields definition of fundamental terms. Dielectric constant, Permittivity. Dielectric displacement. Gauss theorem. Electromagnetic waves. Propagation of electromagnetic waves through isotropic media. Maxwell's equations and interpretation of Maxwell's equations. (9)

**QUANTUM MECHANICS:** Wave particle duality, de Broglie waves- Heisenberg's uncertainty principle. Wave function- normalization. The wave equation - Schrodinger's equation of motion: Time dependent form, steady-state form. Particle in a box - Quantum Tunneling and applications: Zener diode and Tunnel diode. (9)

**ELECTRICAL PROPERTIES:** Conducting materials-quantum free electron theory -Fermi Dirac Statistics-Band theory of solids-the density of states. Dielectrics-types of polarization-measurement of dielectric permittivity-Loss Factor-Dielectric loss mechanisms. (9)

**PHYSICS OF SEMICONDUCTORS:** P type and N type semiconductors-the effective mass. Electrical conductivity in P type and N type semiconductors - P-N junction, rectifier equation. Hall effect and its applications. Hetero junction-Quantum well, wire, dots- Optical properties of Semiconductors: LD, LED, Photo diode. Introduction to MEMS. (9)

**MAGNETIC PROPERTIES:** Types of magnetic materials-domain theory-hysteresis- hard and soft magnetic materials-Applications-eddy current brakes, regenerative braking. Magnetic lenses, Magnetostriction. Superconductivity –Meissner's effect- Josephson junction, SQUID magnetometer, applications. (9)

**Total L: 45 periods**

**TEXTBOOKS:**

1. William D Callister Jr, '*Materials Science and Engineering-An Introduction*', John Wiley and Sons Inc.,10<sup>th</sup> Edition, New York, 2018.
2. Arthur Beiser, '*Concepts of Modern Physics*', Tata McGraw Hill, India, 2017.
3. Richard Wolfson, '*Essential University Physics*', Vols 1 and 2, Pearson Education, Singapore, 2021.

**REFERENCES:**

1. Rolf E. Hummel, '*Electronic Properties of Materials*', Springer, 2013.
2. Van Vlack, '*Elements of Material Science and Engineering*', Pearson Education India, 2008.
3. S.M. Sze, '*Physics of Semiconductor Devices*', John Wiley and Sons, USA, 4<sup>th</sup> Edition, 2021.
4. D. Halliday, R. Resnick and Walker, '*Fundamentals of Physics*', John Wiley and sons, 12<sup>th</sup> Edition, 2021.

**COURSE OUTCOMES:**

At the end of the course, students will be able to:		Bloom's Level
CO1	Explain the fundamental concepts of electromagnetism, quantum mechanics, electrical properties, semiconductors, and magnetic materials, focusing on their principles and applications in engineering.	K2
CO2	Apply mathematical models to calculate electromagnetic field parameters, quantum states, carrier concentration in semiconductors, dielectric behaviour, and magnetic flux in engineering systems.	K3
CO3	Analyze the performance of materials and devices based on their electrical, magnetic, and quantum properties, using appropriate equations and measurement techniques.	K4
CO4	Prepare a report or presentation on the applications of quantum mechanics, semiconductor devices, dielectric behaviour, and magnetic materials in modern electronic systems, emphasizing their operational principles and practical uses.	

**COs-POs & PSOs MAPPING:**

CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PSO1	PSO2
CO1													
CO2	3												
CO3		1											
CO4						1			1		1		
@	3	1				1			1		1		

1-Low, 2-Medium, 3-High, @-Overall Contribution to the Course

**25CY102 CHEMISTRY FOR ELECTRONICS ENGINEERING**  
(Common to ECE and EE-VLSI)

3 0 0 3

**ELECTRONIC MATERIALS:** Inorganic semiconductors – Elemental – Si and Ge - band theory, doping, compound semiconductors – band gap engineering – applications. Organic semiconductors – conjugated polymers – mechanism of charge transport, doping, states of aggregation, material properties – thermal, mechanical, electrical, chemical, electrochemical. Applications – OLED, OPV – working principle. Liquid crystalline materials – display application. (9)

**PROCESSES IN ELECTRONICS MANUFACTURE:** Microchip fabrication – overview, photoresists – chemistry, types. Fabrication facilities – clean rooms - maintenance, ultrapure water– specification, production processes – ion exchange, reverse osmosis, continuous electro-deionisation. PCB fabrication – electroless and electroplating of copper – principle, bath chemistries and process parameters, formation of copper track on plastic board. (9)

**ELECTRONICS PACKAGING AND PROTECTION:** Packaging materials-encapsulants and underfills - adhesives – chemical types, application methods, factors influencing adhesion, soldering alloys – phase diagrams, lead free alloys, phase change materials for cooling. Conducting inks for printed electronics - metal and carbon based – graphene, CNT– synthesis, structure, electrical properties. Corrosion in electronics – types, protection – vapour phase inhibitors. (9)

**ELECTROCHEMICAL POWER SOURCES:** Electrochemical cells – emf, electrode potential, dependence of emf on electrolyte concentration – Nernst equation. Batteries–performance characteristics. Materials, construction, reactions, characteristics of Leclanche cell, primary lithium batteries, lead - acid battery and lithium-ion batteries. Supercapacitors – EDLC – fundamentals, electrode materials, electrolytes, pseudo capacitors– materials. (9)

**CHEMICAL SENSORS:** Sensors – basic components. Electrochemical sensors- potentiometric transducers – principle, ion-selective electrodes – configurations, response functions and selectivity, applications –potentiometric titrations, water quality monitoring - pH, Hardness, fluoride ion sensors Amperometric transducers – principle, application - glucose biosensors, conductivity sensors – principle – application in conductometric titrations. Colorimetric sensors - Beer-Lambert’s law, components, application - determination of ferric ion in water sample. Chemi-resistive sensors - principle, application – environmental monitoring – CO2 sensor. Microelectrodes for sensors – fabrication. (9)

Total L: 45 periods

**TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Shashi Chawla, ‘A Textbook of Engineering Chemistry’, New Delhi, Dhanpat Rai and Co., 6<sup>th</sup> Edition, 2022.
2. J.M.G. Cowie and Valeria Arrighi, ‘Polymers: Chemistry and Physics of Modern Materials’, CRC Press, London, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, 2016.

**REFERENCES:**

1. Bansi D. Malhotra, ‘Handbook of Polymers in Electronics’, Rapra Technology Ltd., UK, 1<sup>st</sup> Edition, 2002.
2. Peter Van Zant, ‘Microchip Fabrication: A Practical Guide to Semiconductor Processing’, McGraw Hill, 6<sup>th</sup> Edition, 2014.
3. Derek Pletcher and Frank C. Walsh, ‘Industrial Electrochemistry’, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, Chapman and Hall, 1993.
4. Florinel-Gabriel Banica, ‘Chemical Sensors and Biosensors – Fundamentals and Applications’, 1<sup>st</sup> Edition, John Wiley and Sons Ltd, 2012.

**COURSE OUTCOMES:**

At the end of the course, students will be able to:		Bloom’s Level
CO1	Learn the chemistry of engineering materials and analytical devices	K2
CO2	Utilize the suitable materials for electronics engineering applications	K3
CO3	Analyze the properties of electronics materials for the fabrication of electronic devices	K4

**COs-POs & PSOs MAPPING:**

CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PSO1	PSO2
CO1													
CO2	3												
CO3		1						1	1				
@	3	1						1	1				

1-Low, 2-Medium, 3-High, @-Overall Contribution to the Course

**25EC101 PROBLEM SOLVING AND C PROGRAMMING**  
(Common to ECE and EE-VLSI)

3 2 0 5

**INTRODUCTION TO PROBLEM SOLVING:** Analyzing and Defining the Problem - Algorithm - Flow Chart – Program development steps -Types of programming language. **C:** The C character set - Identifiers and keywords - Data types – Constants - Variables - Declarations -input and output functions-preprocessor directives. (6+3)

**OPERATORS AND EXPRESSIONS:** Arithmetic operators - Unary operators - Relational operators - logical operators - Assignment operators - Conditional operators- bitwise operators - comma operator - sizeof operator - precedence and associativity- Library functions **CONTROL STATEMENTS:** simple if, if.else, nested if .. else, elseifladder, switch case - while - do while - for - nested loops - break – continue – goto statements. (12+9)

**ARRAYS:** Defining an array - Processing an array - Multi dimensional arrays–strings-string operations (10+6)

**FUNCTIONS:** Function prototype - Defining a function – function call - Passing arguments to a function –nested function – recursive function- Storage classes - auto - static - extern and register variables. (7+4)

**STRUCTURES:** Definitions - Processing a structure – Array and structures – Nested structures - Structures and functions. Pointers: Definition - Pointer Arithmetic – types of pointer - const pointer, pointer to a constant, void pointer, null pointer. (10+8)

**Total L: 45 + T: 30 = 75 periods**

**TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Paul Deitel and Harvey Deitel, '*C How to Program: With an Introduction to C++*', 8<sup>th</sup> Edition, Pearson Education, 2018.
2. Ajay Mittal, '*Programming in C - A Practical approach, Pearson*', New Delhi, 2010

**REFERENCES:**

1. B. Gottfried, '*Programming with C, McGraw Hill Education*'. New Delhi, 2018.
2. Herbert Schildt, '*C: The Complete Reference*'. McGraw Hill, New Delhi, 2017.
3. B.W. Kernighan and D.M. Ritchie, '*C Programming Language (ANSI C)*'. Prentice Hall of India, New Delhi, 2013.

**COURSE OUTCOMES:**

At the end of the course, students will be able to:		Bloom's Level
CO1	Understand and use basic C programming concepts to develop C programs.	K2
CO2	Develop modular programs using Functions, Arrays, Pointers, Strings, Structures, Unions and manage file data efficiently.	K3
CO3	strengthening their analytical thinking by evaluating and improving upon existing code, identifying areas for optimization and potential errors.	K4
CO4	Gain insights into best practices for software development in C, critically evaluating and refining their coding techniques.	K5

**COs-POs & PSOs MAPPING:**

CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PSO1	PSO2
CO1												1	1
CO2	3				3			3	3		3	3	3
CO3		2			2			2	2		2	2	2
CO4			1		1			1	1		1	1	1
@	3	2	1		1			3	3		3	3	3

1-Low, 2-Medium, 3-High, @-Overall Contribution to the Course

**25HS101 ENGLISH LANGUAGE PROFICIENCY**  
(Common to CIVIL, CSE, EEE, ECE, ICE, MECH, AI&DS and EE-VLSI)

3 1 0 4

**VOCABULARY:** Etymology-Prefixes and suffixes–Synonyms–Antonyms–Guessing meanings from context–Word formation- Single-word substitutes- Different forms of a word–Phrasal verbs–Collocations. (9+3)

**LISTENING AND SPEAKING:** Understanding listening – Listening techniques - Introducing oneself and others – Seeking and sharing information– Description-Conversation skills– Extempore speaking– Speech practice in varied formal contexts. (9+3)

**GRAMMAR:** Wh-questions – Yes/no questions– Parts of speech – Articles– Prepositions–Gerunds–Conjunctions- Degrees of comparison– Tenses– Modal verbs – Adverbs - Direct and indirect questions. (9+3)

**READING:** Reading strategies: Skimming and scanning, predicting– Reading comprehension: techniques –Practice reading. (9+3)

**WRITING:** Discourse markers – Dialogue writing - Completing sentences – Jumbled sentences – Paragraph writing –Writing compare & contrast paragraphs – Letter writing. (9+3)

**Total L: 45 + T: 15 = 60 periods**

**TEXTBOOKS:**

1. K.N. Shoba and Lourdes Joavani Rayen, '*Communicative English*', Cambridge University press, Cambridge, 2021.
2. Raymond Murphy, '*Intermediate English Grammar*', Cambridge University Press, New Delhi, 2020.
3. Dr M. Sambaiah, '*Technical English an integrated text book*', Wiley India Pvt. Ltd., 2025.

**REFERENCES:**

1. Raymond Murphy, '*English Grammar in Use*', Cambridge University Press, New Delhi,2020.
2. N.P. Sudharshana and C. Savitha, '*English for Engineers*', Cambridge University Press, New York, 2018.
3. Helen Naylor with Raymond Murphy, '*Essential English Grammar*', Cambridge University Press, New Delhi, 2019.

**COURSE OUTCOMES:**

At the end of the course, students will be able to:		Bloom's Level
<b>CO1</b>	Demonstrate the ability to recognize and use a wide range of vocabulary and key grammatical structures accurately, while developing inferential reading skills to comprehend, interpret, and analyze written texts across diverse contexts.	<b>K2</b>
<b>CO2</b>	Organize their ideas logically in essay writing, develop paragraphs with clear topic sentences and adapt their letter-writing skills to various real-world scenarios.	<b>K3</b>
<b>CO3</b>	Develop and demonstrate clear and confident speaking skills in formal and informal contexts.	

**COs-POs & PSOs MAPPING:**

CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PSO1	PSO2
<b>CO1</b>									3				
<b>CO2</b>									3				
<b>CO3</b>									3		2		
<b>@</b>									<b>3</b>		<b>2</b>		

**1-Low, 2-Medium, 3-High, @-Overall Contribution to the Course**

**25HS102 தமிழர் மரபு**  
(Common to CIVIL, CSE, EEE, ECE, ICE, MECH, AI&DS and EE-VLSI)

1 0 0 1

**மொழி மற்றும் இலக்கியம்:** இந்திய மொழிக் குடும்பங்கள் – திராவிட மொழிகள் – தமிழ் ஒரு செம்மொழி – தமிழ் செவ்விலக்கியங்கள் – சங்க இலக்கியத்தின் சமயச்சார் பற்ற தன்மை – சங்க இலக்கியத்தில் பகிர்தல் அறம் – திருக்குறளில் மேலாண்மைக் கருத்துக்கள் – தமிழ்க் காப்பியங்கள், தமிழகத்தில் சமண பௌத்த சமயங்களின் தாக்கம் – பக்தி இலக்கியம், ஆழ்வார்கள் மற்றும் நாயன்மார்கள் – சிற்றிலக்கியங்கள் – தமிழில் நவீன இலக்கியத்தின் வளர்ச்சி – தமிழ் இலக்கிய வளர்ச்சியில் பாரதியார் மற்றும் பாரதிதாசன் ஆகியோரின் பங்களிப்பு. (3)

**மரபு – பாறை ஓவியங்கள் முதல் நவீன ஓவியங்கள் வரை – சிற்பக்கலை:** நடுகல் முதல் நவீன சிற்பங்கள் வரை – ஐம்பொன் சிலைகள் – பழங்குடியினர் மற்றும் அவர்கள் தயாரிக்கும் கைவினைப் பொருட்கள், பொம்மைகள் – தேர் செய்யும் கலை – சுடுமண் சிற்பங்கள் – நாட்டுப்புறத் தெய்வங்கள் – குமரி முனையில் திருவள்ளூர் சிலை – இசைக்கருவிகள் – மிருதங்கம், பறை, வீணை, யாழ், நாதஸ்வரம் – தமிழர்களின் சமூக பொருளாதார வாழ்வியல் கோவில்களின் பங்கு. (3)

**நாட்டுப்புறக்கலைகள் மற்றும் வீரவிளையாட்டுகள்:** தெருக்கூத்து, கரகாட்டம், வில்லுப் பாட்டு, கணியான் கூத்து, ஓயிலாட்டம், தோல்பாவைக் கூத்து, சிலம்பாட்டம், வளரி, புலியாட்டம், தமிழர்களின் விளையாட்டுகள். (3)

**தமிழர்களின் திணைக்கோட்பாடுகள்:** தமிழகத்தின் தாவரங்களும், விலங்குகளும் – தொல்காப்பியம் மற்றும் சங்க இலக்கியத்தில் அகம் மற்றும் புறக்கோட்பாடுகள் – தமிழர்கள் போற்றிய அறக்கோட்பாடு – சங்க காலத்தில் தமிழகத்தில் எழுத்தறிவும், கல்வியும் – சங்க கால நகரங்களும் துறைமுகங்களும் – சங்க காலத்தில் ஏற்றுமதி மற்றும் இறக்குமதி – கடல்கடந்தநாடுகளில் சோழர்களின் வெற்றி. (3)

**இந்திய தேசிய இயக்கம் மற்றும் இந்திய பண்பாட்டிற்குத் தமிழர்களின் பங்களிப்பு:** இந்திய விடுதலைப் போரில் தமிழர்களின் பங்கு – இந்தியாவின் பிறப் பகுதிகளில் தமிழ்ப் பண்பாட்டின் தாக்கம் – சுயமரியாதை இயக்கம் – இந்திய மருத்துவத்தில், சித்த மருத்துவத்தின் பங்கு – கல்வெட்டுகள், கையெழுத்துப் படிகள் – தமிழ்ப் புத்தகங்களின் அச்ச வரலாறு. (3)

Total L: 15 periods

**25HS102 HERITAGE OF TAMILS**  
(Common to CIVIL, CSE, EEE, ECE, ICE, MECH, AI&DS and EE-VLSI)

1 0 0 1

**LANGUAGE AND LITERATURE:** Language Families in India - Dravidian Languages – Tamil as a Classical Language - Classical Literature in Tamil – Secular Nature of Sangam Literature – Distributive Justice in Sangam Literature - Management Principles in Thirukural - Tamil Epics and Impact of Buddhism & Jainism in Tamil Land - Bakthi Literature Azhwars and Nayanmars - Forms of minor Poetry - Development of Modern literature in Tamil - Contribution of Bharathiyar and Bharathidhasan. (3)

**HERITAGE - ROCK ART PAINTINGS TO MODERN ART – SCULPTURE:** Hero stone to modern sculpture - Bronze icons - Tribes and their handicrafts - Art of temple car making - Massive Terracotta sculptures, Village deities, Thiruvalluvar Statue at Kanyakumari, Making of musical instruments - Mridhangam, Parai, Veenai, Yash and Nadhaswaram - Role of Temples in Social and Economic Life of Tamils. (3)

**FOLK AND MARTIAL ARTS:** Therukoothu, Karagattam, Villu Pattu, Kaniyan Koothu, Oyillattam, Leather puppetry, Silambattam, Valari, Tiger dance - Sports and Games of Tamils. (3)

**THINAI CONCEPT OF TAMILS:** Flora and Fauna of Tamils & Aham and Puram Concept from Tholkappiyam and Sangam Literature - Aram Concept of Tamils - Education and Literacy during Sangam Age - Ancient Cities and Ports of Sangam Age - Export and Import during Sangam Age - Overseas Conquest of Cholas. (3)

**CONTRIBUTION OF TAMILS TO INDIAN NATIONAL MOVEMENT AND INDIAN CULTURE:**  
 Contribution of Tamils to Indian Freedom Struggle - The Cultural Influence of Tamils over the other parts of India –  
 Self-Respect Movement - Role of Siddha Medicine in Indigenous Systems of Medicine – Inscriptions & Manuscripts  
 – Print History of Tamil Books. (3)

**Total L: 15 periods**

**TEXT BOOK**

1. V Priyadharshini, 'தமிழர் மரபு (Heritage of Tamils)', VK publications, Sivakasi.

**TEXT – CUM – REFERENCE BOOKS**

1. கே.கே.பிள்ளை, தமிழக வரலாறு - மக்களும் பண்பாடும், தமிழ்நாடு பாடநூல் மற்றும் கல்வியியல் பணிகள் கழகம்.
2. முனைவர் இல.சுந்தரம், கணினித்தமிழ், விகடன் பிரசுரம்
3. கீழடி - வைகை நதிக்கரையில் சங்ககால நகர நாகரிகம், தொல்லியல் துறை வெளியீடு.
4. பொருநை - ஆற்றங்கரை நாகரிகம், தொல்லியல் துறை வெளியீடு.
5. Dr. K.K. Pillay, 'Social Life of Tamils'. A joint publication of TNTB, ESC and RMRL.
6. Dr. S. Singaravelu, 'Social Life of the Tamils – The Classical Period', International Institute of Tamil Studies.
7. Dr. S.V. Subaramanian and Dr. K.D. Thirunavukkarasu, 'Historical Heritage of the Tamils', International Institute of Tamil Studies.
8. Dr. M. Valarmathi, 'The Contributions of the Tamils to Indian Culture', International Institute of Tamil Studies.
9. 'Keeladi – Sangam City Civilization on the banks of river Vaigai', Department of Archaeology, Tamilnadu Text Book and Educational Services Corporation, Tamilnadu.
10. Dr. K.K. Pillay, Studies in the History of India with Special Reference to Tamilnadu.
11. 'Porunai Civilization', Department of Archaeology, Tamil Nadu Text Book and Educational Services Corporation, Tamilnadu.
12. R. Balakrishnan, 'Journey of Civilization Indus to Vaigai', RMRL, Tamilnadu.

**COURSE OUTCOMES:**

At the end of the course, students will be able to:		Bloom's Level
<b>CO1</b>	Describe the Dravidian language family, outline the features of Tamil classical literature, and explain the development of Tamil art, sculpture, and temple-related traditions in a historical context.	<b>K2</b>
<b>CO2</b>	Demonstrate the cultural relevance of Tamil folk and martial arts, apply the concepts of Sangam landscape classification to social contexts, and relate Tamil contributions to India's freedom struggle, cultural legacy, and Siddha medicine.	<b>K3</b>

**COs-POs & PSOs MAPPING:**

CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PSO1	PSO2
<b>CO1</b>									3				
<b>CO2</b>									3		2		
<b>@</b>									<b>3</b>		<b>2</b>		

**1-Low, 2-Medium, 3-High, @-Overall Contribution to the Course**

**25GE111 DESIGN THINKING FOR INNOVATION**  
 (Common to CIVIL, CSE, EEE, ECE, ICE, MECH, AI&DS and EE-VLSI)

0021

**Foundations of Design Thinking** History & Origins: Roots in Creative Problem Solving: Traces back to mid-20<sup>th</sup> century practices in architecture, engineering, and psychology. Herbert Simon’s “Sciences of the Artificial” (1969): Introduced design as a way of thinking distinct from scientific inquiry. IDEO and the Rise of Human-Centered Design: Popularized design thinking as a repeatable, user-focused innovation process. Stanford school’s Influence: Helped institutionalize design thinking in education and entrepreneurship.

Variations of Design Thinking Phases: IDEO’s 3-Phase Model: Inspiration, Ideation, Implementation A flexible, non-linear approach emphasizing creativity and action. Stanford school’s 5-Phase Model: Empathize, Define, Ideate, Prototype, Test A structured yet iterative framework centered on user empathy. Double Diamond Model (Design Council UK): Divides the process into Discover, Define, Develop, and Deliver—highlighting divergent and convergent thinking.

Related Concepts & Frameworks: Human-Centered Design (HCD): Focuses on designing solutions that deeply resonate with users’ needs and contexts. Systems Thinking: Encourages understanding the broader ecosystem and interdependencies within a problem space. Agile & Lean UX: Integrates design thinking with iterative development and minimal viable experimentation. Service Design: Applies design thinking to orchestrate holistic user experiences across touchpoints. Participatory Design: Involves stakeholders directly in the design process to ensure relevance and inclusivity.

**EMPATHIZE:** Apply Human-Centric Design Principles: Focus on designing solutions that prioritize user needs, experiences, and values throughout the process. Consult Experts: Engage with subject matter experts to gain foundational knowledge about the problem space. Competitive Analysis: Identify & studying similar products or services to identify gaps and opportunities. Stakeholder Interviews: Engaging with people who influence or are affected by the product or service. Conduct Observations: Observe users in their natural environment to understand behaviors, challenges, and interactions. Engage with Users: Use interviews, conversations, and other methods to connect with users and hear their stories. Immerse Yourself: Step into the users’ context to experience their environment and challenges firsthand. Create Empathy Maps: Visualize what users say, think, feel, and do to synthesize insights. Identify User Needs and Pain Points: Extract meaningful patterns and needs from user interactions and observations. Set Aside Assumptions: Approach the research with an open mind, suspending personal biases and preconceptions. Document Insights: Capture quotes, observations, and emotional cues to inform the next stage (Define). (6)

**DEFINE:** Organize Research Findings: Review and structure the data collected during the Empathize stage. Analyze Observations: Identify patterns, themes, and insights from user interactions and behaviors. Craft a Human-Centered Problem Statement: Frame the problem from the user’s perspective, focusing on their needs—not business goals. Avoid Business-Centric Framing: Refrain from defining problems based on company objectives alone (e.g., market share). Persona Development: Synthesizing research into user personas to guide design decisions. Use Empathy to Guide Definition: Ensure the problem statement reflects real user challenges and motivations. Develop Point-of-View Statements: Create concise summaries that capture who the user is, what they need, and why. Prepare for Ideation: Formulate “How Might We” questions to spark creative thinking in the next phase. (6)

**IDEATE:** Review the Problem Statement: Revisit the user-centric problem defined in the previous stage to guide ideation. Explore Multiple Perspectives: Encourage diverse viewpoints to broaden the range of potential solutions. Use Ideation Techniques: Apply methods like Brainstorming, Brain writing, SCAMPER, and Worst Possible Idea to spark creativity. Encourage Free Thinking: Create a judgment-free space to generate as many ideas as possible without filtering. Expand the Problem Space Push boundaries and explore unconventional or extreme ideas to uncover hidden opportunities. Refine and Select Ideas: Use evaluation techniques to identify promising concepts that address user needs effectively. Prepare for Prototyping: Choose ideas that are feasible and impactful to develop into tangible prototypes in the next stage. (6)

**PROTOTYPE:** Build Low-Cost Prototypes: Create simple, scaled-down versions of the product or its features to explore ideas. Experiment with Solutions: Implement different solutions from the Ideate stage into prototypes for testing. Test Internally and Externally: Share prototypes with team members, other departments, or a small group of users. Observe User Interactions: Watch how users engage with the prototypes to uncover usability issues and insights. Evaluate and Iterate: Accept, refine, or discard prototypes based on user feedback and performance. Identify Limitations: Discover constraints and challenges in the proposed solutions through hands-on testing. Gain Deeper User Understanding: Learn how users think, feel, and behave when interacting with the product. (6)

**TEST:** Conduct Rigorous Testing: Evaluate the complete product using the most promising prototypes. Observe Real User Interactions: Study how users behave, think, and feel while using the product. Gather Feedback and Insights: Collect qualitative and quantitative data to assess usability and effectiveness. Identify Remaining Issues: Detect limitations, pain points, and areas for improvement. Refine and Iterate: Use test results to improve the product and revisit earlier stages if needed. Redefine Problems if Necessary: Reframe or adjust problem statements based on new insights. Enhance Understanding of Users: Deepen empathy and knowledge of user needs through real-world testing. (6)

**Design Thinking & Customer Centricity:** A human-centered approach that blends empathy and innovation to create solutions that truly resonate with customer needs. Practical Examples of Customer Challenges: Real-world scenarios where customers face friction, unmet needs, or emotional disconnects in their product or service journey. Use of Design Thinking to Enhance Customer Experience: Applying iterative problem-solving and user insights to craft experiences that are intuitive, delightful, and deeply relevant. Parameters of Product Experience: Key dimensions like usability, accessibility, emotional impact, and consistency that shape how customers perceive and interact with a product. Alignment of Customer Expectations with Product Design: Ensuring that every design decision reflects what customers value, expect, and aspire to achieve through the product.

**Total L: 30 periods**

### TEXT BOOKS

1. T. Brown, 'Change by Design', Harper Business, 2009.
2. J. Liedtka and T. Ogilvie, 'Designing for Growth', Columbia Business School Publishing, 2011.

### REFERENCES

1. T. Kelley and D. Kelley, 'Creative Confidence' Crown Business, 2013.
2. Stanford d. School resources: <https://dschool.stanford.edu/>
3. <https://apphaus.sap.com/toolkit/methods#design-thinking>

### COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course, students will be able to:		Bloom's Level
CO1	Apply empathy-driven research to understand user needs.	K3
CO2	Frame actionable problem statements and generate creative ideas.	K4
CO3	Develop and test prototypes to refine innovative solutions to the real-world problems.	K5

### COs-POs & PSOs MAPPING:

CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	3					3	3	3	3		3		
CO2		2				2	2	2	2		2		
CO3			1			1	1	1	1		1		
@	3	2	1			3	3	3	3		3		

**1-Low, 2-Medium, 3-High, @-Overall Contribution to the Course**

**25GE112 ENGINEERING GRAPHICS**  
(Common to EEE, ECE, ICE and EE-VLSI)

0 0 4 2

**INTRODUCTION TO ENGINEERING GRAPHICS: (4)**

1. Introduction to Engineering Graphics.
2. Lettering practice as per BIS.
3. Principles of Dimensioning.

**ORTHOGRAPHIC PROJECTIONS: (40)**

1. Introduction to Orthographic Projections.
2. Drawing multiple views from pictorial views of objects.
3. Projection of points.
4. Projection of straight lines (only First angle projections) inclined to both the principal planes.
5. Projection of planes (polygonal and circular surfaces) inclined to both the principal planes by rotating object method.
6. Projection of simple solids when the axis is inclined to one of the principal planes and parallel to the other by rotating object method.

**SECTION OF SOLIDS (8)**

1. Section of simple solids in simple vertical position when the cutting plane is inclined to one of the principal planes and perpendicular to the other and obtaining true shape of section.

**ISOMETRIC PROJECTIONS (8)**

1. Isometric projection of simple solids in simple vertical positions.

**Total P: 60 periods****TEXT BOOKS:**

1. N.D. Bhatt, 'Engineering Drawing', Charotar Publishing House Pvt. Ltd., 55<sup>th</sup> Edition, 2025.
2. K.C. John, 'Engineering Graphics for Degree', Prentice Hall India Publishers, 2009.
3. K.V. Natarajan, 'A Text book of Engineering Graphics', Dhanalakshmi Publications, 34<sup>th</sup> Refined Edition, 2021.

**REFERENCES:**

1. K. Venugopal and V. Prabhu Raja, 'Engineering Graphics', New Age International Publishers, 17<sup>th</sup> Edition, 2024.
2. 'Bureau of Indian Standards', Engineering Drawing Practices for Schools and Colleges SP 46-2003, BIS, New Delhi, 2003.

**COURSE OUTCOMES:**

At the end of the course, students will be able to:		Bloom's Level
CO1	Apply projection techniques to create basic shapes, solids, and sectioned objects.	K3
CO2	Use the standards and specifications for engineering drawing.	

**COs-POs & PSOs MAPPING:**

CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	3												
CO2											2		
@	3										2		

**1-Low, 2-Medium, 3-High, @-Overall Contribution to the Course**

**25BS112 BASIC SCIENCES LABORATORY**  
**(Common to EEE, ECE, Mech and EE-VLSI)**

0042

**Physics (Any eight experiments):**

1. Measurement of hall coefficient of a semiconductor using Hall Effect setup.
2. Determination of Young's modulus of the material - Uniform Bending
3. Determination of electrical resistivity of a given material using four probe setup.
4. Determination of wavelength of laser using diffraction grating - LASER.
5. Determination of Thickness of a thin wire – Air wedge method.
6. Study of I -V characteristics of solar cell and determination of its efficiency
7. Determination of velocity of sound and compressibility of liquid - Ultrasonic Interferometer.
8. Determination of Planck's constant and work function of a metal - Photoelectric Effect
9. Determination of bandgap of a semiconductor – Post office box.
10. Determination of force in members of Truss Bridge.
11. Validation of Faraday's Law of induction.
12. Interpreting the working mechanism of spirometer, CO<sub>2</sub> sensor, Venturi tube and heart rate sensor.

**Demonstration:**

1. Determination of Numerical Aperture and Acceptance angle - Optical Fiber
2. Study the energy loss of a ferrite magnetic material specimen by B-H curve.

**REFERENCES:**

1. Department of Physics, Physics Laboratory Observation, PSG iTech2025.
2. Jerry D Wilson, A Cecilia and Hernandez Hall, '*Physics Laboratory Experiments*', Boston, Cengage Learning, 2016.

**COURSE OUTCOMES:**

At the end of the course, students will be able to:		Bloom's Level
CO1	Relate the scientific principles, compare the experimental results with theoretical calculations, and apply graphical analysis to visualise the importance of precise measurements.	K3
CO2	Analyse the experimental result outcomes using analytical and experimental skills for various engineering materials and applications.	K4

**Chemistry (Any eight experiments):**

1. Determination of total, temporary & permanent hardness of water by EDTA method.
2. Determination of strength of acids in a mixture of acids using conductivity meter.
3. Determination of strength of given hydrochloric acid using pH meter.
4. Estimation of iron content of the given solution using potentiometer.
5. Corrosion experiment-weight loss method.
6. Electroplating of copper and Nickel and determination of coulombic efficiency.
7. Designing a battery and determination of its characteristics.
8. Construction of phase diagram of a simple eutectic system.
9. Determination of kinematic viscosity and acid value of a lubricating oil.
10. Anodizing of aluminium and determination of thickness of anodised film.

**Total P: 60 periods**

**REFERENCE:**

1. J Mendham, 'Vogel's Textbook of Quantitative Chemical Analysis'. Pearson Education, 6<sup>th</sup> Edition, 2009.

**COURSE OUTCOMES:**

At the end of the course, students will be able to:		<b>Bloom's Level</b>
<b>CO1</b>	Demonstrate the measurement of water quality parameters in the given water sample	<b>K3</b>
<b>CO2</b>	Analyze the properties of materials for Engineering applications	<b>K4</b>

**COs-POs & PSOs MAPPING:**

CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PSO1	PSO2
<b>CO1</b>	3												
<b>CO2</b>		2											
<b>@</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>2</b>											

**1-Low, 2-Medium, 3-High, @-Overall Contribution to the Course**

**25GEM01 INDUCTION PROGRAMME**  
(Common to CIVIL, CSE, EEE, ECE, ICE, MECH, AI&DS and EE-VLSI)

All students shall undergo an induction programme at the beginning of the first semester for a duration of three weeks as per the guidelines of All India Council for Technical Education (AICTE). A student completing the induction programme will be awarded a completed grade in the grade sheet, and only the students who complete the induction programme shall be considered as eligible for award of degree subject to satisfying other conditions. A student who does not complete the induction programme in the first semester shall redo the same in the subsequent semester.

## SECOND SEMESTER

**25MA201 COMPLEX VARIABLES AND TRANSFORMS**  
(Common to CIVIL, EEE, ECE, ICE, MECH and EE-VLSI)

3 1 0 4

**COMPLEX DIFFERENTIATION:** Derivative, analytic function, Cauchy-Riemann equations, Laplace's equation, linear fractional transformations. (9+3)

**COMPLEX INTEGRATION:** Cauchy's integral theorem, Cauchy's integral formula, derivatives of analytic functions, Laurent series, singularities and zeros, residue integration method (Residue integration of complex integrals only). (9+3)

**LAPLACE TRANSFORMS:** Laplace transform, linearity, first shifting theorem, transforms of derivatives and integrals, unit step function, second shifting theorem, Dirac's delta function, periodic functions, differentiation and integration of transforms, solving ODEs with constant coefficients and initial value problems. (9+3)

**FOURIER ANALYSIS:** Fourier series – arbitrary period, even and odd functions, half range expansions. Fourier transforms, Fourier cosine and sine transforms. (9+3)

**PARTIAL DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS:** Basic concepts of PDEs, wave equation, heat equation, steady state two-dimensional heat problems, solution by Fourier series. (9+3)

**Total L: 45 + T: 15 = 60 periods**

**TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Erwin Kreyszig, 'Advanced Engineering Mathematics', Wiley India, New Delhi, 2018.
2. G.Z. Dennis, 'Advanced Engineering Mathematics', Jones and Bartlett Pvt Ltd, New Delhi, 2017.

**REFERENCES:**

1. G.Z. Dennis and D.S. Patrick, 'A first course in Complex Analysis with Applications', Jones and Bartlett Pvt Ltd, New Delhi, 2015.
2. C.R. Wylie and L.C. Barret, 'Advanced Engineering Mathematics', Tata McGraw-Hill, New Delhi, 2019.
3. Peter V.O Neil, 'Advanced Engineering Mathematics', Cengage, New Delhi, 2018.
4. G.D. Dean, 'Advanced Engineering Mathematics with MATLAB', CRC Press, USA, 2017.

**COURSE OUTCOMES:**

At the end of the course, students will be able to:		Bloom's Level
<b>CO1</b>	Explain the concepts related to Complex Variables, Laplace Transforms, Fourier Analysis and Partial Differential Equations.	<b>K2</b>
<b>CO2</b>	Apply the techniques of Complex Variables, Laplace Transforms, Fourier Analysis and Partial Differential Equations to solve engineering problems.	<b>K3</b>
<b>CO3</b>	Analyze the solutions of engineering problems employing Complex Variables, Laplace Transforms, Fourier Analysis and Partial Differential Equations.	<b>K4</b>
<b>CO4</b>	Use modern tools to solve engineering problems with the help of Complex Variables, Laplace Transforms, Fourier Analysis and Partial Differential Equations.	-

**COs-POs & PSOs MAPPING:**

CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PSO1	PSO2
<b>CO1</b>													
<b>CO2</b>	3										3		
<b>CO3</b>		2						2	2				
<b>CO4</b>					2								
<b>@</b>	3	2			2			2	2		3		

**1-Low, 2-Medium, 3-High, @-Overall Contribution to the Course**

**25PH204 SENSORS FOR ENGINEERING APPLICATIONS**  
(Common to CSE, ECE and EE-VLSI)

3 0 0 3

**STRAIN AND PRESSURE MEASUREMENT:** Resistance strain gauge, piezoelectric pressure sensor, characteristics. Electronic circuits for strain gauge, load cells. Interferometer, Fibre-optic pressure sensor. capacitance pressure sensor. (9)

**ELECTRONIC SENSORS:** Inductive, capacitive and ultrasonic based proximity sensors Reed switch, Hall-effect switching sensors, capacitive based humidity sensor, liquid level detectors, flow sensors, smoke sensors. (9)

**MOTION SENSORS:** Capacitor plate sensor, Inductive sensors, LVDT Accelerometer systems, rotation sensors, piezoelectric devices for motion sensing, Hall effect-based speed sensor. (9)

**LIGHT Sensors:** Color temperature, light flux, photo sensors, photo resistor and photoconductors, photodiodes, phototransistors, photovoltaic devices, fiber-optic sensors and their applications. LIDAR working principle and automotive applications. (9)

**Thermal Sensors:** Bimetallic strip, semiconductor-based temperature sensor, thermocouples, Resistance thermometers, thermistors, PTC and NTC thermistors and their applications. Infrared sensors: bolometer, Pyroelectric detector, photodiodes and phototransistor. (9)

Total L: 45 periods

**TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Ian R Sinclair, 'Sensors and Transducers', 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, Newnes publishers, 2011.
2. Krzysztof Iniewski, 'Smart Sensors for Industrial Applications', CRC Press Taylor and Francis, 2013.
3. E.O. Doebelin, 'Measurement Systems, Application and Design'. McGraw Hill, 7<sup>th</sup> Edition, 2019.

**REFERENCES:**

1. Jack P Holman, 'Experimental Methods for Engineers'. 8th Edition, McGraw Hill, USA, 2012.
2. Jacob Fraden, 'Handbook of Modern Sensors: Physics, Design, and Applications'. Springer, 5<sup>th</sup> Edition, 2016.

**COURSE OUTCOMES:**

At the end of the course, students will be able to:		Bloom's Level
CO1	Explain the working principles and characteristics of various sensors, including strain, pressure, motion, light, and thermal sensors, and their applications in engineering systems.	K2
CO2	Apply theoretical concepts to calculate the response of various sensors, such as strain gauges, capacitive sensors, and thermistor, in practical engineering applications.	K3
CO3	Analyze sensor data to assess performance in different environments, using appropriate methods to measure strain, motion, temperature, light, and other physical parameters.	K4
CO4	Prepare a report or presentation on the applications of different types of sensors in real-world engineering systems, emphasizing the comparison of their operating principles and advantages.	

**COs-POs & PSOs MAPPING:**

CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PSO1	PSO2
CO1													
CO2	3												
CO3		1											
CO4						1			1		1		
@	3	1				1			1		1		

1-Low, 2-Medium, 3-High, @-Overall Contribution to the Course

**25EC201 ELECTRON DEVICES**  
(Common to ECE and EE-VLSI)

3 1 0 4

**SEMICONDUCTOR PHYSICS:** Energy bands in intrinsic and extrinsic semiconductors, equilibrium carrier concentration, direct and indirect band-gap semiconductors. Carrier transport: diffusion current, drift current, mobility and resistivity, Poisson and continuity equations, generation and recombination of carriers. (6+3)

**SEMICONDUCTOR DIODE:** Theory of PN Junction Diode and Zener diode – Characteristics, Temperature dependence- Break down mechanisms- Diode Resistance- Diode Capacitance- Diode Models- Rectifiers- Clipper-Clamper- Voltage regulator- Tunnel Diode, Varactor Diodes. (10+3)

s

**BIPOLAR JUNCTION TRANSISTOR:** Transistor types - Transistor Action - Current Components – Configurations – Transistor as a Switch and Amplifier - Small Signal Low Frequency Hybrid and  $\pi$  Model - Ebers Moll Model - DC and AC Load Lines - Operating Point - Bias stability, Bias Methods, Bias Compensation. (9+3)

**FIELD EFFECT TRANSISTORS: JFET** – Operation and Characteristics, MOSFET: Physical Operation, Current—Voltage Characteristics, Threshold voltage equations – MOS device equations, MOSFET as an Amplifier and Switch, MOS Capacitor, Small-Signal Operation and Models, MOSFET Configurations and Biasing- Second order effects. (10+4)

**SPECIAL SEMICONDUCTOR DEVICES:** Thyristor Family, UJT- Operation, Characteristics and Applications - Opto Electronic Devices and applications- Laser diode - Photo diodes - Photo Transistors - Light emitters – Organic LED – Liquid Crystal Displays – FINFETs, MESFETs, HEMT. (10+2)

**Total: L: 45 + T: 15 = 60 periods**

**TEXT BOOKS:**

1. J. Millman, C.C. Halkias and J. Satyabrata, '*Electronic Devices and Circuits*', McGraw Hill Education (I) P Ltd, Chennai 2019.
2. T.L. Floyd, '*Electronic Devices and Circuits*', Pearson, Chennai, 2021.

**REFERENCES:**

1. R.L. Boylestad and L. Nashelsky, '*Electronic Devices and Circuit Theory*', Pearson, Chennai, 2021.
2. David A. Bell, '*Electronic Devices and Circuits*', Oxford University Press, New Delhi, 2021.
3. Sedra and Smith, '*Microelectronic Circuits*', Oxford University Press, New Delhi, 7<sup>th</sup> Edition, 2022.
4. Neil.H.E.Weste and Kamran Eshranghian, '*Principles of CMOS VLSI Design - A System Perspective*', Pearson, Noida, 2017.

**COURSE OUTCOMES:**

At the end of the course, students will be able to		Bloom's Level
CO1	Explain the underlying physics and structural design of semiconductor devices, and relate them to practical applications.	K2
CO2	Compute the critical device parameters of the device for different configurations.	K3
CO3	Analyse the operation of the device under varying operating conditions.	K4
CO4	Solve a case study pertaining to BJT and FET circuits in real time as a team and present their inference	--

**COs-POs & PSOs MAPPING:**

CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PSO1	PSO2
CO1													
CO2	3											3	3
CO3		2										2	2
CO4								1	1		1	1	1
@	3	2						1	1		1	3	3

1-Low, 2-Medium, 3-High, @-Overall Contribution to the Course

**25EC202 NETWORK ANALYSIS**  
(Common to ECE and EE-VLSI)

3 1 0 4

**DC CIRCUIT ANALYSIS:** Charge and Current, Voltage, Power and Energy, Network Elements - Current and Voltage sources. Ohm's Law - Resistive circuits - Series and Parallel reduction method and analysis. Voltage and Current division. Source Transformation. Wye-Delta transformation. AC circuit analysis: Average and RMS values - Phasor representation of variables - Power triangle and average power - Resonance, magnetically coupled circuits. (10+3)

**NETWORKS THEOREMS:** Kirchoff's Laws -Source Transformation - Duality - Mesh and Nodal analysis-Superposition, Thevenin's and Norton's, Maximum power transfer, Reciprocity theorem, Tellegen's theorem. (8+3)

**TRANSIENTS:** Source free RL and RC circuits, Transient Response of RL and RC circuits for DC excitation and Sinusoidal excitation. Frequency Domain Analysis: Transient Response of RL, RC, RLC circuits for DC and Sinusoidal excitation using Laplace transform. (9+4)

**ANALYSIS OF TWO PORT NETWORK:** Network functions of single-port network, Driving point and transfer function of Two- port networks, Poles and Zeros of network functions Network parameters-Impedance, admittance, transmission and hybrid, Conversion formulae. Properties – reciprocity and symmetry - Equivalents of T,  $\Pi$ , Ladder, bridged T and Lattice networks. (10+3)

**FILTERS AND ATTENUATORS:** Passive Filters - Low Pass, High Pass, Band Pass and Band Stop filters – Constant K and m- derived filter – Attenuators – T type,  $\Pi$  type, Lattice Attenuator. (8+2)

**Total L+T: 45 + 15: 60 periods**

**TEXT BOOKS:**

1. R. Singh, '*Network Analysis and Synthesis*', McGraw-Hill Education, New Delhi, 2019.
2. C. Alexander and M.N.O. Sadiku, '*Fundamentals of Electric Circuits*', Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi, 2020.

**REFERENCES:**

1. A. Sudhakar and Shyammohan S. Pillai, '*Circuits and Networks Analysis and Synthesis*', McGraw Hill, New Delhi, 2020.
2. Abhijit Chakrabarthy, '*Circuit Theory Analysis and Synthesis*', Dhanpath Rai and Sons, New Delhi, 2019.
3. M. Nahvi and J.A. Edminister., '*Theory and Problems Electric circuits*', Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi, 2017.

**COURSE OUTCOMES:**

At the end of the course, students will be able to:		Bloom's Level
CO1	Explain the basic laws and theorems required for electric and magnetic circuits	K2
CO2	Apply suitable laws and network theorems such as to electric and magnetic circuits to compute various electrical parameters.	K3
CO3	Analyze the time and frequency domain characteristics of first-order and second-order systems, and evaluate the performance of electrical networks using Two-Port Network parameter	K4
CO4	Examine the various electrical parameter obtained in a circuit by applying basic laws and theorems with the values obtained by simulating the circuit in SPICE simulators.	-

**COs-POs & PSOs MAPPING:**

CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PSO1	PSO2
CO1												1	1
CO2	3											3	3
CO3		2										2	2
CO4			1					1	1		1	1	1
@	3	2	1					1	1		1	3	3

1-Low, 2-Medium, 3-High, @-Overall Contribution to the Course

**25EC203 OBJECT ORIENTED PROGRAMMING WITH PYTHON**  
(Common to ECE and EE-VLSI)

2 2 0 4

**BASICS:** Python - Variables – Executing Python from the Command Line - Editing Python Files - Python Reserved Words - Comments – Simple Input and Output—Indenting. Data types: Numeric, Boolean Data Types. Conditional Statements: if Statements – Loops: while Loop – break and continue – for Loop -String data type –methods. (6+6)

**COLLECTIONS:** Lists, Tuples - Sets – frozen sets-Mapping types: Dictionaries-Standard Modules: math- sys-time – dir function. (6+6)

**FUNCTIONS:** Definition – Passing parameters to a Function - recursive functions –Scope – Passing Functions to a Function – Lambda functions- Modules: Creating modules. Introduction to numpy –Matplotlib. (6+6)

**FILE ORGANIZATION:** Access Modes: Writing data to a File – Reading data from a file – seek –tell- Error Handling: Run Time Errors – Exception Model - Exception Hierarchy - Handling Multiple Exceptions – raise exceptions. (6+6)

**OBJECT ORIENTED FEATURES:** Principles of Object Orientation – Creating Classes, objects – Instance Methods –Special Methods – Class Variables – Inheritance – Polymorphism – Type Identification. (6+6)

**Total L: 30 + T: 30 = 60 periods**

**TEXTBOOKS:**

1. Mark Summerfield. '*Programming in Python 3: A Complete introduction to the Python Language*', Addison-Wesley Professional, 2009.
2. Reema Thareja, '*Python Programming: Using Problem Solving Approach*', Oxford university Press, 2017.

**REFERENCES:**

1. Wesley J Chun, '*Core Python Applications Programming*', Prentice Hall, 2012.
2. Allen B Downey, '*Think Python*', O'Reilly, 2012.
3. Martin C. Brown, '*PYTHON: The Complete Reference*', McGraw-Hill, 2018.

**COURSE OUTCOMES:**

At the end of the course, students will be able to:		Bloom's Level
CO1	Understand the fundamental Python programming concepts and Object-oriented principles.	K2
CO2	Apply object-oriented design and problem-solving techniques to develop efficient solutions for real world and complex computational problems.	K3
CO3	Interpret the Python programs for their correctness, efficiency, and appropriateness to given problem contexts.	K4

**COs-POs & PSOs MAPPING:**

CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PSO1	PSO2
CO1													
CO2	3				3			3	3		3		
CO3		2			2			2	2		2		
@	3	2			3			3	3		3		

**1-Low, 2-Medium, 3-High, @-Overall Contribution to the Course**

**25HS201 தமிழரும் தொழில்நுட்பமும்**  
(Common to CIVIL, CSE, EEE, ECE, ICE, MECH, AI&DS and EE-VLSI)

1 0 0 1

**நெசவு மற்றும் பாணைத் தொழில்நுட்பம்:** சங்க காலத்தில் நெசவுத் தொழில் – பாணைத் தொழில்நுட்பம் – கருப்பு சிவப்பு பாண்டங்கள் – பாண்டங்களில் கீறல் குறியீடுகள். (3)

**வடிவமைப்பு மற்றும் கட்டிடத் தொழில்நுட்பம்:** சங்க காலத்தில் வடிவமைப்பு மற்றும் கட்டுமானங்கள், சங்க காலத்தில் வீட்டுப் பொருட்களில் வடிவமைப்பு – சங்க காலத்தில் கட்டுமான பொருட்களும் நடுகல்லும் – சிலப்பதிகாரத்தில் மேடை அமைப்பு பற்றிய விவரங்கள் – மாமல்லபுரச் சிற்பங்களும், கோவில்களும் – சோழர் காலத்துப் பெருங்கோயில்கள் மற்றும் பிற வழிபாட்டுத் தலங்கள் – நாயக்கர் காலக் கோயில்கள் – மாதிரி கட்டமைப்புகள் பற்றி அறிதல், மதுரை மீனாட்சி அம்மன் ஆலயம் மற்றும் திருமலை நாயக்கர் மஹால் – செட்டிநாட்டு வீடுகள் – பிரிட்டிஷ் காலத்தில் சென்னையில் இந்தோ-சாரோசெனிக் கட்டிடக் கலை. (3)

**உற்பத்தித் தொழில் நுட்பம்:** கப்பல் கட்டும் கலை – உலோகவியல் – இரும்புத் தொழிற்சாலை – இரும்பை உருக்குதல், எஃகு – வரலாற்றுச் சான்றுகளாக செம்பு மற்றும் தங்க நாணயங்கள் – நாணயங்கள் அச்சடித்தல்- மணி உருவாக்கும் தொழிற்சாலைகள் – கல்மணிகள், கண்ணாடி மணிகள் – சுடுமண் மணிகள் – சங்கு மணிகள் – எலும்புத் துண்டுகள் – தொல்லியல் சான்றுகள் – சிலப்பதிகாரத்தில் மணிகளின் வகைகள். (3)

**வேளாண்மை மற்றும் நீர்ப்பாசனத் தொழில் நுட்பம்:** அணை, ஏரி, குளங்கள், மதகு – சோழர்காலக் குழுழித் தூம்பின் முக்கியத்துவம் – கால்நடை பராமரிப்பு – கால்நடைகளுக்காக வடிவமைக்கப்பட்ட கிணறுகள் – வேளாண்மை மற்றும் வேளாண்மைச் சார்ந்த செயல்பாடுகள் – கடல்சார் அறிவு – மீன்வளம் – முத்து மற்றும் முத்துக்குளித்தல் – பெருங்கடல் குறித்த பண்டைய அறிவு – அறிவுசார் சமூகம். (3)

**அறிவியல் தமிழ் மற்றும் கணினித்தமிழ்:** அறிவியல் தமிழின் வளர்ச்சி – கணினித்தமிழ் வளர்ச்சி – தமிழ் நூல்களை மின்பதிப்பு செய்தல் – தமிழ் மென்பொருட்கள் உருவாக்கம் – தமிழ் இணையக் கல்விக்கழகம் – தமிழ் மின் நூலகம் – இணையத்தில் தமிழ் அகராதிகள் – சொற்குவைத் திட்டம். (3)

Total L: 15 periods

**25HS201 TAMILS AND TECHNOLOGY**  
(Common to CIVIL, CSE, EEE, ECE, ICE, MECH, AI&DS and EE-VLSI)

1 0 0 1

**WEAVING AND CERAMIC TECHNOLOGY:** Weaving Industry during Sangam Age – Ceramic technology – Black and Red Ware Potteries (BRW) – Graffiti on Potteries. (3)

**DESIGN AND CONSTRUCTION TECHNOLOGY:** Designing and Structural construction House & Designs in household materials during Sangam Age - Building materials and Hero stones of Sangam age – Details of Stage Constructions in Silappathikaram - Sculptures and Temples of Mamallapuram - Great Temples of Cholas and other worship places - Temples of Nayaka Period - Type study (Madurai Meenakshi Temple)- Thirumalai Nayakar Mahal - Chetti Nadu Houses, Indo - Saracenic architecture at Madras during British Period. (3)

**MANUFACTURING TECHNOLOGY:** Art of Ship Building - Metallurgical studies - Iron industry - Iron smelting, steel -Copper and gold- Coins as source of history - Minting of Coins – Beads making-industries Stone beads -Glass beads - Terracotta beads -Shell beads/ bone beats - Archeological evidences - Gem stone types described in Silappathikaram. (3)

**AGRICULTURE AND IRRIGATION TECHNOLOGY:** Dam, Tank, ponds, Sluice, Significance of Kumizhi Thoomp of Chola Period, Animal Husbandry - Wells designed for cattle use - Agriculture and Agro Processing - Knowledge of Sea - Fisheries – Pearl - Conche diving - Ancient Knowledge of Ocean - Knowledge Specific Society. (3)

**SCIENTIFIC TAMIL & TAMIL COMPUTING:** Development of Scientific Tamil - Tamil computing – Digitalization of Tamil Books – Development of Tamil Software – Tamil Virtual Academy – Tamil Digital Library – Online Tamil Dictionaries – Sorkuvai Project. (3)

Total L: 15 periods

**TEXT BOOK:**

1. V Priyadharshini, 'தமிழரும் தொழில்நுட்பமும் (Tamils and Technology)', VK publications, Sivakasi.

**REFERENCE BOOKS:**

1. கே .கே .பிள்ளை, தமிழக வரலாறு - மக்களும் பண்பாடும், தமிழ்நாடு பாடநூல் மற்றும் கல்வியியல் பணிகள் கழகம்.
2. முனைவர் இல.சுந்தரம், கணினித்தமிழ், விகடன் பிரசுரம்
3. கீழடி - வைகை நதிக்கரையில் சங்ககால நகர நாகரிகம், தொல்லியல் துறை வெளியீடு.
4. பொருநை - ஆற்றங்கரை நாகரிகம், தொல்லியல் துறை வெளியீடு.
5. Dr. K.K. Pillay, 'Social Life of Tamils'. A joint publication of TNTB, ESC and RMRL.
6. Dr. S. Singaravelu, 'Social Life of the Tamils – The Classical Period', International Institute of Tamil Studies.
7. Dr. S.V. Subramanian and Dr. K.D. Thirunavukkarasu, 'Historical Heritage of the Tamils', International Institute of Tamil Studies.
8. Dr. M. Valarmathi, 'The Contributions of the Tamils to Indian Culture', International Institute of Tamil Studies.
9. 'Keeladi – Sangam City Civilization on the banks of river Vaigai', Department of Archaeology, Tamilnadu Text Book and Educational Services Corporation, Tamilnadu.
10. Dr. K.K. Pillay, 'Studies in the History of India with Special Reference to Tamilnadu'.
11. 'Porunai Civilization', Department of Archaeology, Tamil Nadu Text Book and Educational Services Corporation, Tamilnadu.
12. R. Balakrishnan, 'Journey of Civilization Indus to Vaigai', RMRL, Tamilnadu.

**COURSE OUTCOMES:**

At the end of the course, students will be able to:		Bloom's Level
CO1	Identify the significance of ancient Tamil technologies in weaving, pottery, metallurgy, and architecture, with emphasis on traditional design and construction methods across historical periods.	K2
CO2	Use insights from traditional Tamil knowledge systems in agriculture, irrigation, and marine sciences, and connect the development of Tamil language to its applications in digital platforms and computing.	K3

**COs-POs & PSOs MAPPING:**

CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PSO1	PSO2
CO1						1			1		1		
CO2						1			1		1		
@						1			1		1		

1-Low, 2-Medium, 3-High, @-Overall Contribution to the Course

## LANGUAGE ELECTIVES

**25HS211 COMMUNICATION SKILLS FOR ENGINEERS**  
(Common to CIVIL, CSE, EEE, ECE, ICE, MECH, AI&DS and EE-VLSI)

0 0 4 2

**COMMUNICATION CONCEPTS:** Process of Communication – Inter and Intrapersonal Communication – Essentials for effectiveness. (9)

**ORAL COMMUNICATION:** Oral presentations with visual aids and Group discussions. (16)

**FOCUS ON SOFT SKILLS:** Etiquette – Work Place etiquette – Telephone etiquette- Body Language – Critical Reasoning and Conflict Management based on Case Studies – Group Communication- Meetings -Interview Techniques. (14)

**TECHNICAL WRITING:** Technical Writing Principles - Style and Mechanics - Technical Definitions – Physical, Functional and Process Descriptions – Technical Report Writing – Preparing Instructions – Interpretation of Technical Data. (14)

**BUSINESS CORRESPONDENCE:** Writing Emails, Preparing Resumes. (7)

**Total P: 60 periods**

**TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Course materials prepared by the Faculty, Department of English.

**REFERENCES:**

1. Jeff Butterfield, '*Soft Skills for Everyone*', Cengage Learning', New Delhi, 2020.
2. Sabina Pillai and Agna Fernandez, '*Soft skills and Employability Skills*', Cambridge University Press, New Delhi, 2019.
3. Prashant Sharma, '*Soft Skills Personality Development for Life Success*', BPB Publications, New Delhi, 2021.
4. K.N. Shoba and D. Praveen Sam, '*Technical English*', Cambridge University Press, New York, 2020.

**COURSE OUTCOMES:**

At the end of the course, students will be able to:		Bloom's Level
<b>CO1</b>	Produce clear and concise technical reports, compose professional and effective emails and develop well-structured and impactful resumes	<b>K2</b>
<b>CO2</b>	Plan, organize, and deliver engaging and informative presentations using appropriate visual aids and participate positively in group discussions	<b>K3</b>
<b>CO3</b>	Resolve disagreements constructively, embody professional conduct and a strong work ethic and apply critical thinking to generate effective solutions	

**COs-POs & PSOs MAPPING:**

CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3		PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PSO1	PSO2
<b>CO1</b>								3		3		3		
<b>CO2</b>								1		1		1		
<b>CO3</b>								3		3		3		
<b>@</b>								3		3		3		

**1-Low, 2-Medium, 3-High, @-Overall Contribution to the Course**

**25HS212 BASIC GERMAN**  
(Common to CIVIL, CSE, EEE, ECE, ICE, MECH, AI&DS and EE-VLSI)

0 0 4 2

**Guten Tag! - Learning:** To greet, learn numbers till 20, practice telephone numbers & e mail address, learn alphabet, speak about countries & languages; **Vocabulary:** related to the topic; **Grammar:** W – Questions, Verbs & Personal pronouns I.

**Freunde, Kollegen und ich - Learning:** To speak about hobbies, jobs, learn numbers from 20; **Vocabulary:** related to the topic; **Grammar:** Articles, Verbs & Personal pronouns II, sein & haben verbs, ja/nein Frage, singular/plural.

**In der Stadt – Learning:** To know places, buildings, question, know transport systems, understand international words; **Vocabulary:** related to the topic; **Grammar:** Definite & indefinite articles, Negotiation, Imperative with Sie.

**Guten Appetit! – Learning:** To speak about food, shop, converse; **Vocabulary:** related to the topic; **Grammar:** Sentence position, Accusative, Accusative with verbs.

**Tag für Tag and Zeit mit Freunden – Learning:** To learn time related expressions, speak about family, ask excuse, fix appointments on phone, birthdays, understand & write invitations, converse in the restaurant; **Vocabulary:** related to the topic; **Grammar:** Preposition – am, im, um, von...bis, Possessive articles, Modal verbs.

Total L: 60 periods

**TEXT BOOK:**

1. Dengler, Stefanie et al., ‘*Netzwerk A1.1*’, Klett-Langenscheidt GmbH, München, 2013.

**REFERENCES:**

1. Dengler, Stefanie et al., ‘*Netzwerk A1*’, Klett-Langenscheidt GmbH, München, 2013.
2. Sandra Evans, Angela Pude, ‘*Franz Specht-Menschen A1–Hueber Verlag*’, 2012.
3. Hermann Funk, Christina Kuhn, Silke Demme, ‘*Studio d A1*’, Goyal Publishers & Distributors Pvt. Ltd , 2009.
4. Rosa-Maria Dallapiazza, Eduard von Jan, Til Schönherr, ‘*Tangram Aktuell 1 (Deutsch als Fremdsprache)*’, Max Hueber Verlag, 2004.

**25HS213 BASIC JAPANESE**  
(Common to CIVIL, CSE, EEE, ECE, ICE, MECH, AI&DS and EE-VLSI)

0 0 4 2

Orientation Session, Geographic & Socio, economic perspective to Japan, Japanese people and culture and Basic greetings and responses.

Basic script, Method of writing hiragana and katakana, and Combination sounds and simple words.

Topic marker “wa”, Desu / dewa arimasen cupolas, Interrogative particle “ka”, Grammar particles “mo”, “no”, “Introducing someone: “Kochira wa ~“ and Self introductions: Hajimemashite”

Demonstratives “Kore”, “Sore”, “Are”, Demonstrative “Kono”, “Sono”, “Ano”, Possessive noun particle “no” and Japanese apartments: Greeting your neighbor.

Place markers “Koko”, “Soko”, “Asoko”, Direction markers “Kochira”, “Sochira”, “Achira” and Japanese department stores: Asking for and buying something.

Asking for and telling the time, Particle “ni (at)” for time, kara (from) ~ made (until), Particle “to (and)”, Time periods: Days of the week, months, time of day, Verbs (Present / future and past tense) and Telephone enquiry: Asking for a phone no. And business hours.

Destination particle “e”, Particles “de (mode of transportation)” and “to (with) and Japanese train station: Asking for Fare and track no. / types of trains.

Direct object particle “o”, Particle “de (place of action)”, Verbs (“~masen ka”, “~mashou”) and “Ohanami” Cherry blossom viewing.

Particle “de (by means of)”, Particle “ni (to)”, Aemasu (give) and Moraimasu (receive) and Visiting a Japanese house.

### Third ACM

Adjectives (“i” and “na” type), Adjectives (Positive and negative usage), Particle “ga (however, but), “Dore which?” and Leaving a room, thanking someone for hospitality.

Likes and dislikes, Potential verbs (wakarimasu and dekimasu), “Kara ( ~ because)”, Adverbs and Asking someone out over the phone.

Verbs denoting presence: “Imasu” and “arimasu”, Particle “ni (in)”, “Dare (who?)”, Adverbs (“Chikaku ni ~ “), Particle “dare mo (negative ~ no one)”, Dare ka (anyone), dare ga (who) , Nani ka (anything) , nani ga (what) - ~ya (and) ~ nado (etc.) and Asking for directions.

Counters and Counting suffixes.

Introduction to Adjectives (na and ii type), Different usages of adjectives, Comparison, Likes and dislikes and Going to a trip.

Need and desire (ga hoshii), Wanting to ... (Tabeti desu), Going for a certain purpose (mi –ni ikimasu) and Choosing from a menu.

Verb groups, I, II and III and Exercises to group verbs.

Please do (te kudasai), Present continuous tenses (te imasu), Shall I? (~ mashou ka) and Describing a natural phenomenon (It is raining).

To grant permission (~te mo ii desu), Asking for permission (~ te mo ii desu ka) and Should not do (~ te waikemasen) Describing a continuing state and Describing a habitual action.

Roleplays in Japanese.

A demonstration on usage of chopsticks and Japanese tea party.

**Total L: 60 periods**

#### **TEXT BOOK:**

1. ‘*Minna no nohongo*’, – Romaji ban (first 10 lessons of this book).

#### **REFERENCE:**

1. ‘*Minna no Nihongo I Honsatsu Roma*’, – ji ban (Main Textbook Romanized Version). International publisher – 3A Corporation, Tokyo, Indian distributor – Goyal Publishers & Distributors, New Delhi.

**25EC211 DEVICES AND CIRCUITS LABORATORY**  
(Common to ECE and EE-VLSI)

0042

**LIST OF EXPERIMENTS:**

1. Verification of Kirchhoff's Voltage and Current laws
2. Verification of Thevenin's theorem and Maximum Power Transfer Theorem
3. PN Junction Diodes and Rectifier circuits
4. Wave shaping circuits: Clippers and clampers
5. Zener Voltage Regulator
6. Evaluation of BJT Hybrid parameters
7. BJT Biasing Techniques
8. MOSFET Characteristics and its application as a switch
9. Verification of theorems – Superposition, Reciprocity
10. BJT and FET Characteristics
11. Characteristics of Thyristor Family Devices

**AUGMENTED EXPERIMENTS\***

1. Application circuits based on BJT.
2. Application circuits based on FET.
3. Application based on optoelectronic devices.
4. Design of Relaxation oscillator using UJT.

**Total P: 60 periods****REFERENCE:**

1. ECE Department Laboratory Manual, 2025

\* Augmented experiments will be evaluated at the end of the semester.

**COURSE OUTCOMES:**

At the end of the course, students will be able to:		Bloom's Level
<b>CO1</b>	Construct various electronic circuits and verify their operation through hands-on experimentation along with fundamental electrical theorems and laws	<b>K3</b>
<b>CO2</b>	Design various electronic circuits for the given specification and analyze various key factors involved in it.	<b>K4</b>
<b>CO3</b>	Simulate various electronic circuits using SPICE	

**COs-POs & PSOs MAPPING:**

CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PSO1	PSO2
<b>CO1</b>	3							3				3	3
<b>CO2</b>		3						3				3	3
<b>CO3</b>					2			2				2	2
<b>@</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>3</b>			<b>2</b>			<b>3</b>				<b>3</b>	<b>3</b>

**1-Low, 2-Medium, 3-High, @-Overall Contribution to the Course**

**25EEEC01 WORKPLACE COMMUNICATION SKILLS**  
(Common to CIVIL, CSE, EEE, ECE, ICE, MECH, AI&DS and EE-VLSI)

0 0 2 0

**BUILDING COMMUNICATION SKILLS:**

- 1.Introduction to Workplace Communication
- 2.Profile Building for Internships
- 3.English in the Workplace (Grammar & Vocabulary)
- 4.Professional Communication (Speaking & Writing)
- 5.Workplace Communication Tools
- 6.Career Exploration
- 7.Resume Update

**Total P: 30 periods****REFERENCES:**

1. P.C. Wren and H. Martin, '*High school English Grammar and Composition*', S Chand Publishing, New Delhi, 2017.
2. Norman Lewis, '*Word Power Made Easy*', Goyal Publisher, New Delhi, 2011.

**COURSE OUTCOMES:**

At the end of the course, students will be able to:		Bloom's Level
<b>CO1</b>	Understand the importance of soft skills for employability and fine tune their writing skills – Resume writing	<b>K3</b>
<b>CO2</b>	Present with clarity and coherence while speaking in formal contexts.	<b>K2</b>

**COs-POs & PSOs MAPPING:**

CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PSO1	PSO2
<b>CO1</b>													
<b>CO2</b>									3		3		
<b>@</b>									3		3		

**1-Low, 2-Medium, 3-High, @-Overall Contribution to the Course**

## THIRD SEMESTER

**25MA304 MATRIX THEORY AND NUMERICAL METHODS**  
(Common to CIVIL, EEE, ECE, ICE, MECH and EE-VLSI)

3 1 0 4

**EIGENVALUES AND EIGENVECTORS:** Eigenvalues and eigenvectors of a real matrix – characteristic equation, properties - diagonalization - quadratic forms, reduction to canonical form by orthogonal reduction - Errors and approximations in numerical methods, power method for dominant eigenvalue. (10+3)

**LINEAR ALGEBRAIC SYSTEM OF EQUATIONS AND NONLINEAR EQUATIONS:** System of linear equations – Gauss elimination method, Crout's method, Gauss Seidal iterative method, Roots of equations - false-position method, Newton-Raphson method, Graeffe's root squaring method. (8 + 3)

**INTERPOLATION, DIFFERENTIATION AND INTEGRATION:** Newton's forward and backward interpolating polynomials, Lagrange and Newton's divided difference interpolating polynomials. Numerical differentiation, numerical integration - Newton-Cotes formulae, Trapezoidal rule, Simpson's 1/3 rule. (12 + 4)

**ORDINARY DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS:** Taylor-series method, Euler method, 4<sup>th</sup> order Runge-Kutta method, multi-step method – Milne's method. (6+2)

**PARTIAL DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS:** Finite difference: elliptic equations – Laplace equation, Poisson equation – Liebmann method, parabolic equations – heat conduction equation – Crank Nicolson's method, hyperbolic equations – vibrating string. (9+3)

**Total L: 45 + T: 15 = 60 periods**

**TEXT BOOKS:**

- David C Lay, Judi J McDonald, Steven R Lay, '*Linear Algebra and its Applications*', Pearson Education, New Delhi, 2021.
- Steven C Chapra and Raymond P Canale, '*Numerical Methods for Engineers*', Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi, 2021.

**REFERENCES:**

- Curtis F Gerald and Patrick O Wheatly, '*Applied Numerical Analysis*', Pearson Education, New Delhi, 2017.
- Rizwan B, '*Introduction to Numerical Analysis Using MATLAB*', Infinity Science Press, Hingham, 2010.
- Richard L. B and Douglas J. F, '*Numerical Analysis*', Thomas Learning, New York, 2017.
- Howard Anton, Chris Rorres and Anton Haul '*Elementary Linear Algebra*', Wiley India, New Delhi, 2019.

**COURSE OUTCOMES:**

At the end of the course, students will be able to:		Bloom's Level
CO1	Explain the concepts related to Matrix Theory and Numerical Methods.	K2
CO2	Apply the techniques of Matrix Theory and Numerical Methods to solve engineering problems.	K3
CO3	Analyze the solutions of engineering problems using Matrix Theory and Numerical Methods.	K4
CO4	Use modern tools to solve engineering problems with the help of Matrix Theory and Numerical Methods.	-

**COs-POs & PSOs MAPPING:**

CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PSO1	PSO2
CO1													
CO2	3												
CO3		2											
CO4					2								
@	3	2			2								

1-Low, 2-Medium, 3-High, @-Overall Contribution to the Course

**25EC301 ANALOG ELECTRONICS**  
(Common to ECE and EE-VLSI)

3 0 0 3

**POWER SUPPLIES:** Half wave and Full wave Rectifiers - Calculation of Ripple factor, Regulation, Rectification efficiency and TUF - Filters - L, C, L-Section and Pi - Voltage Regulators - Series and Shunt - Current limiting and protection circuits. (9)

**SINGLE STAGE AMPLIFIERS AND TUNED AMPLIFIERS:** BJT and MOSFET amplifiers - calculation of input and output impedance, voltage gain – Low and High Frequency Response of BJT and MOSFET Amplifier - Analysis of single tuned amplifiers. (9)

**DIFFERENTIAL AMPLIFIERS:** BJT and MOSFET Current Mirrors- Simple, Widlar, Wilson - Differential amplifier- Differential and common mode gain - CMRR - Circuits for improving CMRR using active load - Cascode and Darlington amplifiers. (9)

**POWER AMPLIFIERS AND FEEDBACK AMPLIFIERS:** Classification of Power Amplifiers-Class A/B/AB/C/D - Single ended and Push-pull configuration - Feedback Concepts - Effect of negative feedback on voltage and current feedback amplifier circuits. (9)

**OSCILLATORS AND MULTIVIBRATORS:** RC and RL integrator and differentiator circuits- Barkhausen criteria – Sinusoidal oscillators - RC, LC and Quartz – Frequency stability of oscillators - Non-sinusoidal oscillators - Multivibrators - Bistable, Monostable and Astable -Schmitt Trigger. (9)

**Total: L: 45 periods**

**TEXT BOOKS:**

- Jacob Millman, Christos C Halkias, SatyabrataJit, '*Electronic Devices and Circuits*', McGraw Hill Education, 4<sup>th</sup> Edition, 2015.
- Sedra and Smith, '*Microelectronic Circuits*', Oxford University Press, NY, USA, 7<sup>th</sup> Edition, 2017.

**REFERENCES:**

- Millman J and Taub H., '*Pulse, Digital and Switching waveforms*', McGraw Hill International, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, 2011.
- Donald L Schilling and Charles Belove, '*Electronic Circuits*', , Tata McGraw-Hill, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, 2002.
- Allen Mottershed, '*Electronic Devices and Circuits*', Prentice Hall of India, 2009.
- David A Bell, '*Electronic Devices and Circuits*', Prentice Hall of India, New Delhi, 2008.

**COURSE OUTCOMES:**

At the end of the course, students will be able to:		Bloom's Level
CO1	Describe the working principle of various Electronic Circuits	K2
CO2	Compute the required parameters for the given Electronic Circuits.	K3
CO3	Analyze analog electronic circuits by evaluating the behavior and interaction of individual components to determine required parameters	K4
CO4	Design analog electronic circuits for a given specification.	K6

**COs-POs & PSOs MAPPING:**

CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PSO1	PSO2
CO1												2	2
CO2	3											3	3
CO3		2										2	2
CO4			1		1							1	1
@	3	2	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	3

1-Low, 2-Medium, 3-High, @-Overall Contribution to the Course

**25EC302 DIGITAL ELECTRONICS**  
(Common to ECE and EE-VLSI)

3 0 0 3

**NUMBER SYSTEMS AND BOOLEAN ALGEBRA:** Number systems - Arithmetic operations-computer codes – Boolean algebra – basic postulates and theorems - canonical forms- Standard representation of logic functions- K-maps and Quine McClusky method- Introduction to Verilog. (9)

**COMBINATIONAL LOGIC DESIGN:** Binary / BCD adders, Subtractors, encoders, decoders, multiplexers and demultiplexers -Carry look ahead adder – Multiplier - magnitude comparator – ALU - Verilog implementation of Combinational logic circuits. (9)

**SYNCHRONOUS SEQUENTIAL CIRCUITS:** Flip-flops- latches - Shift registers- Design and analysis of clocked sequential circuits- synchronous counters- Sequence detector - state reduction techniques- Verilog implementation of Synchronous Sequential circuits. (9)

**ASYNCHRONOUS SEQUENTIAL CIRCUITS:** Fundamental and pulse mode circuits-Binary / BCD Ripple counter – Races -Hazards. Verilog implementation of Asynchronous sequential circuits. (8)

**PROGRAMMABLE LOGIC DEVICES AND LOGIC FAMILIES:** Classification of memories, Read/write operations- Memory decoding and expansion, Static and Dynamic RAM- PLDs- Architecture and implementation - Digital logic families -Characteristics - TTL, ECL and CMOS logic – Applications of PLDs. (10)

**Total L: 45 periods**

**TEXT BOOKS:**

- Morris Mano and M.D. Ciletti, '*Digital Design: with an introduction to Verilog HDL, VHDL and system Verilog*', Pearson, New Delhi, 6<sup>th</sup> Edition, 2018.
- Joseph Cavanagh, '*Digital Design and Verilog HDL Fundamentals*', CRC Press, 2017.

**REFERENCES:**

- Charles Roth and Lizykurian John, '*Digital Systems Design using Verilog*', Cengage India private limited, 1<sup>st</sup> Edition, 2016.
- Floyd T L, '*Digital Fundamentals*', Pearson education, New Delhi, 11<sup>th</sup> Edition, 2017.
- Anandkumar K, '*Fundamentals of Digital Circuits*', Prentice Hall of India, New Delhi, 4<sup>th</sup> Edition, 2016.
- B S Sonde, '*Introduction to System Design using Integrated Circuits*', New Age international Publishers, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, 1992.

**COURSE OUTCOMES:**

At the end of the course, students will be able to:		Bloom's Level
CO1	<b>Explain</b> the core concepts of building blocks of Digital Electronic Circuits and Systems.	<b>K2</b>
CO2	<b>Apply</b> concepts and choose suitable logic blocks to realize digital logic functions.	<b>K3</b>
CO3	<b>Analyze</b> the combinational and sequential circuits to arrive at suitable conclusions	<b>K4</b>
CO4	<b>Design</b> digital circuits for the given application and implement in Verilog.	<b>K6</b>

**COs-POs & PSOs MAPPING:**

CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PSO1	PSO2
CO1												1	1
CO2	3											3	3
CO3		3										3	3
CO4			1		1							1	1
@	3	3	1		1			1				3	3

1-Low, 2-Medium, 3-High, @-Overall Contribution to the Course

## 25EC303 ELECTROMAGNETIC FIELDS AND WAVES

3 1 0 4

**ELECTROSTATIC FIELDS:** Review of vector calculus and Co-ordinate systems - Electrostatic fields - Coulomb's Law and field intensity - Electric flux density - Gauss's law and its application - Electric potential - Relationship between E and V-Flux lines - Dipole- Energy density - Conductors -Boundary conditions in electrostatic fields - Boundary value problems. (12+4)

**MAGNETOSTATIC FIELDS:** Biot-Savart's Law - Ampere's circuital law - Magnetic flux density and Maxwell's equations – Magnetic forces due to magnetic fields - Magnetic -Scalar and Vector potential - Magnetic Boundary conditions – Boundary value problems - Magnetic energy. (12+4)

**TIME VARYING FIELDS:** Faraday's Law – Equation of continuity - Inconsistency of Ampere's law - Maxwell's equations and their interpretation – Time varying Potentials. (6+2)

**ELECTROMAGNETIC WAVES:** Uniform plane waves- Wave equation - Wave propagation in different media - Poynting Vector and Theorem – wave Polarization - Reflection of a plane wave at Normal and Oblique incidence - EMI / EMC Interference. (8+3)

**TRANSMISSION LINES AND WAVEGUIDES:** Transmission line-parameters-VSWR- reflection coefficient - stub matching using Smith chart - Rectangular waveguide – TE and TM modes and propagation characteristics – Impossibility of TEM waves. (7+2)

**Total L: 45 +T: 15 = 60 periods**

**TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Sadiku M H, '*Principles of Electromagnetics*', New Delhi: Oxford University Press Inc, 2015.
2. William H Hayt, '*Engineering Electromagnetics*', New Delhi: McGraw Hill international Edition, 8<sup>th</sup> Edition, 2012.

**REFERENCES:**

1. David K Cheng, '*Fields and Wave Electromagnetics*', Pearson Education, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, 2013.
2. Umran S Inan, Aziz Inan and Ryan Said, '*Engineering Electromagnetics and Waves*', Pearson, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, 2015

**COURSE OUTCOMES:**

At the end of this course students will be able to:		Bloom's Level
CO1	<b>Describe</b> the fundamental laws and principles related to static and time-varying electric and magnetic fields.	<b>K2</b>
CO2	<b>Derive</b> radio propagation models for different classes of wireless channels and evaluate the capacity of these channels.	<b>K3</b>
CO3	<b>Analyze</b> Maxwell's equations and their applications in electromagnetic wave propagation	<b>K4</b>
CO4	<b>Demonstrate</b> an understanding of the societal, and environmental impacts of electromagnetic field applications.	-

**COs-POs & PSOs MAPPING:**

CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PSO1	PSO2
CO1												2	2
CO2	3											3	3
CO3		1										1	1
CO4				1		1		1	1			1	1
@	3	1		1		1		1	1			3	3

1-Low, 2-Medium, 3-High, @-Overall Contribution to the Course

**25HS301 PROJECT AND FINANCE MANAGEMENT**  
(Common to ECE and EE-VLSI)

3 0 0 3

**INTRODUCTION TO PROJECT MANAGEMENT:** Project: Trends in project management, project management versus general management, agile project management, the three goals of a project, life cycle of projects, project selection methods, project portfolio process, case study – friendly assisted living facility. (9)

**ROLE OF PROJECT MANAGER AND ORGANISATION:** Project manager’s roles and responsibilities, selection of a project manager, project management as a profession, fitting projects into the parent organisation, the project team and agile team roles, case study – the company with traditional functional organizational structure setting up teams for the new initiatives (9)

**PROJECT ACTIVITIES:** The planning process, work-breakdown structure and other aids, risk management, methods of budgeting, cost estimation, scheduling the project with PERT and CPM networks, allocating resources, resource loading and leveling, Goldratt’s Critical Chain, application – using ProjectLibre for project management, case study – success of Chandrayan-3 (9)

**INTRODUCTION TO FINANCE MANAGEMENT:** Overview - finance and related disciplines, scope and objectives of financial management, time value of money, and risk and return and calculations with spreadsheet, analysis using cash flow statement and other statements (9)

**PERSONAL FINANCE:** Compounding, debt, equity and financial markets and investments- debt and bonds. Equity, mutual funds, hedge funds, real estate, and commodities, Personal financial plan to enhance wealth and job marketability, components of a financial plan, tools for planning – financial statements, applying time value concept of money and tax planning (9)

Total L: 45 Periods

**TEXTBOOKS:**

1. Jack R. Meredith and Scott M. Shafer, ‘*Project Management in Practice*’, Wiley, 2021.
2. Khan M Y and Jain P K, ‘*Basic Financial Management*’, Tata McGraw Hill, 2012.
3. Michael Fisher, ‘*Saving and Investing*’, Author House, 2005.
4. Jeff Madura, ‘*Personal Finance*’, Pearson, 2020.

**REFERENCES:**

1. National Finance Olympiad, ‘*Personal Finance Handbook*’, Pockvue Solutions, 2024.
2. Glen Arnold, ‘*Investing*’, Financial Times Guides, 2020.
3. Rachel Siegel and Carol Yacht, ‘*Personal Finance*’, Open Textbook Library, Saylor Foundation, 2009.
4. Google, ‘*Google Project Management: Professional Certificate*’, Google Project Management: Professional Certificate, Coursera.

**COURSE OUTCOMES:**

At the end of the course, students will be able to:		Bloom’s Level
CO1	Distinguish project management from general management and interpret the phases of project life cycle.	K2
CO2	Understand the roles and responsibilities of project manager and how projects are integrated into different types of organizational structures.	K2
CO3	Identify various budgeting and cost estimation techniques suited to different project scenarios and the use project scheduling methods.	K2
CO4	Apply theoretical knowledge and practical tools to support sound financial decision-making in real-world scenarios.	K3
CO5	Differentiate between various financial instruments and application of financial planning to enhance personal wealth.	K3

**COs-POs & PSOs MAPPING:**

CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PSO1	PSO2
CO1								2		3			
CO2								3		3			
CO3								2		3			
CO4						2	2			2			
CO5							1			1			
@						2	2	3		3			

1-Low, 2-Medium, 3-High, @-Overall Contribution to the Course

**25EC311 ANALOG ELECTRONICS LABORATORY**  
(Common to ECE and EE-VLSI)

0021

**LIST OF EXPERIMENTS:**

1. Full Wave Rectifiers with and without filters.
2. Series voltage regulators.
3. BJT amplifiers.
4. MOSFET amplifiers.
5. RC phase shift and Colpitts oscillators.
6. Class B and Class AB amplifiers.
7. Astable and Monostable Multivibrators.
8. Schmitt Trigger
9. Current mirrors and Differential amplifiers using SPICE
10. MOS CS amplifier with resistive load and current source load using SPICE
11. Feedback Amplifiers using SPICE
12. RC Integrator and Differentiator Circuits using SPICE

**AUGMENTED EXPERIMENTS\***

1. Design of a regulated power supply.
2. Design of an audio power amplifier.
3. Design of an Automatic gain control circuit using a differential amplifier.
4. Application using multivibrator circuits.

**Total P:30 periods****REFERENCES:**

1. Laboratory Manual Prepared by ECE Department, 2025.
2. David A Bell, Electronic Devices and Circuits, Prentice Hall of India, New Delhi, 2008.

\* Augmented experiments will be evaluated at the end of the semester.

**COURSE OUTCOMES:**

At the end of the course, students will be able to:		Bloom's Level
<b>CO1</b>	Conduct experiments and verify the characteristics of various electronic devices	<b>K2</b>
<b>CO2</b>	Design various electronic circuits for the given specification and verify their characteristics.	<b>K3</b>
<b>CO3</b>	Simulate various electronic circuits using SPICE	<b>K4</b>

**COs-POs & PSOs MAPPING:**

CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PSO1	PSO2
<b>CO1</b>	3							3				3	3
<b>CO2</b>		3						3				3	3
<b>CO3</b>			1		1			1				1	1
<b>@</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>1</b>		<b>1</b>			<b>3</b>				<b>3</b>	<b>3</b>

**1-Low, 2-Medium, 3-High, @-Overall Contribution to the Course**

**25EC312 DIGITAL ELECTRONICS LABORATORY**  
(Common to ECE and EE-VLSI)

0 0 2 1

**LIST OF EXPERIMENTS:**

1. Half adder and Full adder
2. Code Conversion: BCD to Gray and Seven segment conversion
3. Multiplexers/Demultiplexers
4. Encoders/Decoders
5. Flip-flops
6. Shift Registers
7. Ring Counter and Johnson Counter
8. Asynchronous Counters
9. HDL programming and simulation of Adder / Subtractor Circuits and BCD adder
10. HDL programming and simulation of Magnitude Comparator and ALU
11. HDL programming and simulation of Synchronous Counters
12. HDL programming and simulation of Sequence Detector

**AUGMENTED EXPERIMENTS\***

1. Design of Hamming code generator for 8-bit data
2. Design of Digital Clock
3. Develop Verilog code for 4-bit Universal Shift Register

Total P:30 periods

**REFERENCE:**

1. ECE Department "Laboratory Manual", 2025.

\* Augmented experiments will be evaluated at the end of the semester.

**COURSE OUTCOMES:**

At the end of the course, students will be able to:		Bloom's Level
CO1	Conduct suitable experiments to demonstrate functionality of the digital logic circuits.	K2
CO2	Apply digital design principles and choose/use basic building blocks of digital circuits for the given application.	K3
CO3	Design a digital circuit for the given application, implement in Verilog and verify the functionality.	K6

**COs-POs & PSOs MAPPING:**

CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PSO1	PSO2
CO1								3				3	3
CO2	3							3				3	3
CO3			2		2			2				2	2
@	3		2		2			3				3	3

1-Low, 2-Medium, 3-High, @-Overall Contribution to the Course

**25EEC02 FOUNDATIONS OF PROBLEM SOLVING**  
(Common to ECE and EE-VLSI)

0 0 2 1

1. Speed Mathematics (SAW, Oz, Mirror methods)
2. Speed Mathematics (High5, Minion, Butterfly methods)
3. Speed Mathematics (Inception, Goldeneye methods)
4. Thinking with Numbers
5. Problem Solving with Visual information
6. Words Puzzles
7. Resume Writing Essentials

Total P: 30 periods

**REFERENCES:**

1. R.S. Aggarwal, 'Quantitative Aptitude for Competitive Examination', S Chand Publishing, New Delhi, 2017

**FOURTH SEMESTER**  
**25MA404 PROBABILITY AND RANDOM PROCESSES**  
 (Common to ECE, ICE, MECH and EE-VLSI)

3 1 0 4

**RANDOM VARIABLES:** Probability: Review of basic concepts, discrete random variables: probability mass function, cumulative distribution function, binomial, Poisson and geometric random variables, expected values. Continuous random variables: cumulative distribution function, probability density function, uniform, exponential and Gaussian random variables, expected values. (11+3)

**MULTIPLE RANDOM VARIABLES:** Joint cumulative distribution function, joint probability mass function, marginal probability mass function, joint probability density function, marginal probability density function, independent random variables, expected values, covariance, correlation and independence. (10+3)

**SUMS OF RANDOM VARIABLES AND ESTIMATION:** Expectations of sums, moment generating functions, mgf of sums of independent random variables, central limit theorem, laws of large numbers. Estimation of a random variable: linear estimation of X given Y, MAP and ML estimation. (8+3)

**RANDOM PROCESSES:** Definition, classifications of random processes, Poisson process, Brownian motion process, expected value and correlation, stationary processes, strict sense and wide sense stationary processes, cross covariance, cross correlation (8+3)

**POWER SPECTRAL DENSITY AND LINEAR SYSTEMS:** Linear filtering of a continuous-time random process, linear filtering of a random sequence, power spectral density of a continuous-time process, Wiener-Khintchine theorem (statement), power spectral density of a random sequence. (8+3)

**Total L: 45 + T: 15 = 60 periods**

**TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Roy D Yates and David J Goodman, '*Probability and Stochastic Processes*', Wiley India, New Delhi, 2021.
2. Athanasios P and Unnikrishna P S, '*Probability, Random Variables and Stochastic Processes*', Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi, 2017.

**REFERENCES:**

1. Saeed Ghahramani, '*Fundamentals of Probability with Stochastic Processes*', CRC Press, USA, 2018.
2. Douglas C Montgomery and George C Runger, '*Applied Statistics and Probability for Engineers*', Wiley India, New Delhi, 2018.
3. Oliver C Ibe, '*Fundamentals of Applied Probability and Random Processes*', Elsevier Academic Press, USA, 2005.
4. Scott Miller and Donald Childers, '*Probability and Random Processes: With applications to Signal Processing and Communications*', Academic Press, USA, 2012.

**COURSE OUTCOMES:**

At the end of the course, students will be able to:		Bloom's Level
CO1	explain the concepts related to Random variables, Random processes and Power spectral density.	K2
CO2	Apply the techniques of Random variables, Random processes and Power spectral density. to solve engineering problems.	K3
CO3	Analyze the solutions of engineering problems using Random variables, Random processes and Power spectral density.	K4
CO4	Use modern tools to solve engineering problems with the help of Random variables, Random processes and Power spectral density.	

**COs-POs & PSOs MAPPING:**

CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PSO1	PSO2
CO1													
CO2	3												
CO3		2											
CO4					2								
@	3	2			2								

1-Low, 2-Medium, 3-High, @-Overall Contribution to the Course

**25EC401 LINEAR INTEGRATED CIRCUITS**  
(Common to ECE and EE-VLSI)

3 0 0 3

**OPERATIONAL AMPLIFIERS:** Block diagram - Ideal Operational Amplifier Characteristics - DC and AC characteristics - frequency response - Stability. (9)

**APPLICATION OF OPERATIONAL AMPLIFIERS:** Linear applications- DC & AC amplifiers- summing differential amplifier-instrumentation amplifier-Log and antilog amplifiers - V to I and I to V converters-Integrator-Differentiator-Active filters. Nonlinear applications - Op-Amp circuits using diodes-Comparators-Schmitt Trigger-Oscillators-Waveform generators-Sample and hold circuits. (9)

**TIMER AND PHASE LOCKED LOOP:** 555 Timer - modes of operation and applications- Voltage Controlled Oscillator - Phase Locked Loop and applications. (9)

**A-D AND D-A CONVERTERS :** Digital to Analog converters: Binary weighted and R-2R Ladder types - Analog to digital converters: Flash, Counter, Successive approximation and Dual slope - DAC / ADC performance characteristics and comparison. (9)

**VOLTAGE REGULATORS:** Fixed voltage regulators - adjustable voltage regulators - IC Voltage regulators - Buck & Boost regulators - Switching regulators. (9)

**Total L: 45 periods**

**TEXTBOOKS:**

1. D. Roy Choudhury and Shail Bala Jain, '*Linear Integrated Circuits*', New Age International Publishers, New Delhi, 6<sup>th</sup> Edition, 2022.
2. James M Fiore, '*OP- AMPS and Linear Integrated Circuits - Concepts and Applications*', Cengage Learning India, New Delhi, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, 2019.

**REFERENCES:**

1. Ramakant A. Gayakwad, '*Op-Amps and Linear Integrated Circuits*', Pearson Noida, 4<sup>th</sup> Edition, 2016.
2. Michael Jacob J, '*Analog Integrated Circuits and Applications*', Prentice Hall of India, New Delhi, 1<sup>st</sup> Edition, 2019.
3. Robert F Coughlin and Fedrick F Driscoll, '*Operational Amplifiers and Linear Integrated Circuits*', Pearson, Noida, 2016.

**COURSE OUTCOMES:**

At the end of the course, students will be able to:		Bloom's Level
CO1	Explain the characteristics and applications of OPAMP	K2
CO2	Apply the basic concepts of OPAMP to various applications of Linear Integrated Circuits	K3
CO3	Analyse the operation of various Linear Integrated Circuit applications	K4
CO4	Design OPAMP Circuits for real-time applications	K6
CO5	Carry out a mini project as a team to implement the given real-world application	

**COs-POs & PSOs MAPPING:**

CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PSO1	PSO2
CO1												2	2
CO2	3											3	3
CO3		2										2	2
CO4			1									1	1
CO5						2		2			2	2	2
@	3	2	1			2		2			2	3	3

**1-Low, 2-Medium, 3-High, @-Overall Contribution to the Course**

**25EC402 SIGNALS AND SYSTEMS**  
(Common to ECE and EE-VLSI)

3 0 0 3

**INTRODUCTION & LTI SYSTEMS:** Continuous Time (CT) and Discrete Time (DT) signals: Operations – Basic signals – Classification – Properties of CT & DT systems – Analysis of LTI systems – Convolution Sum – Convolution Integral – Properties. (9)

**FOURIER SERIES ANALYSIS FOR CT & DT SIGNALS AND SYSTEMS:** Representation of CT periodic signals by Continuous Time Fourier Series (CTFS) – Convergence – Properties – Representation of DT periodic signals by Discrete Time Fourier Series (DTFS) – Properties. (9)

**FOURIER TRANSFORM ANALYSIS FOR CT & DT SIGNALS AND SYSTEMS:** Representation of CT aperiodic and periodic signals by Continuous Time Fourier Transform (CTFT) – Convergence – Properties – Frequency response of CT systems – Representation of DT aperiodic and periodic signals by Discrete Time Fourier Transform (DTFT) – Convergence – Properties – Frequency response of DT systems. (9)

**SAMPLING: Representation of CT signals by samples** – Impulse train sampling – Effect of under sampling – Reconstruction of CT signal from samples using interpolation – Zero-order hold Sampling. (9)

**Z TRANSFORM ANALYSIS OF DT SIGNALS AND SYSTEMS:** Z- transform – Properties – Inverse z-transform – Partial fraction and Cauchy Residue methods – Analysis of LTI systems using z transform – Solution of difference equations – Stability and causality in z-plane. (9)

**Total L: 45 periods**

**TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Alan V Oppenheim, Alan S Willsky and Hamid Nawab S , ‘*Signals and Systems*’, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, Pearson, 2021.
2. V Krishnaveni, A Rajeswari, ‘*Signals and Systems*’, Wiley India, 1<sup>st</sup> Edition, 2019.

**REFERENCES :**

1. Simon Haykin, Barry Van Veen, ‘*Signals and Systems*’, Wiley India, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, 2018.
2. HP Hsu and R Ranja, ‘*Signals and Systems*’, Schaums’s Outlines, Tata McGraw Hill, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition,, 2010.
3. Samir S Soliman, Mandyam Dhathi Srinath, ‘*Continuous and Discrete Signals and Systems*’, Prentice Hall International, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, 2011.
4. Luis F Chaparro, ‘*Signals and Systems Using MATLAB*’, Academic Press, An Imprint of Elsevier, 1<sup>st</sup> Edition, 2011.

**MIT open courseware:**

<https://ocw.mit.edu/resources/res-6-007-signals-and-systems-spring-2011/>

**COURSE OUTCOMES:**

At the end of the course, students will be able to:		Bloom’s Level
CO1	Explain the fundamentals of signals and systems	K2
CO2	Apply the mathematical concepts and transform techniques to characterize signals and to solve the continuous and discrete LTI systems	K3
CO3	Analyze various methods to categorize the LTI systems and identify solutions for mathematical representations of systems	K4

**COs-POs & PSOs MAPPING:**

CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PSO1	PSO2
CO1												2	2
CO2	3											3	3
CO3		2										2	2
@	3	2										3	3

**1-Low, 2-Medium, 3-High, @-Overall Contribution to the Course**

**INTRODUCTION:** Generations of computer system - Elements of computer - CPU organization - Instruction formats - Addressing modes - Instruction types - CISC and RISC architectures. **(9+6)**

**DATA PATH DESIGN:** Fixed point arithmetic - adder / subtractor - Signed magnitude multiplication algorithm - Robertson multiplication algorithm - Booth's and modified Booth's multiplication algorithm - non-restoring division algorithm - restoring division algorithm - floating point arithmetic - addition, subtraction, multiplication and division - ALU - Verilog implementation of datapath components **(9+6)**

**CONTROL LOGIC DESIGN:** Control organization - Hardwired Control - one flip flop per state - sequence register and decoder - PLA control - Micro programmed control - performance enhancement techniques - parallel processing - arithmetic pipeline, instruction pipeline - Amdhal's law - Measuring CPU performance – Verilog implementation of control logic components. **(9+6)**

**MEMORY ORGANIZATION:** Basic Concepts - Memory Hierarchy - Main Memory - Auxiliary Memory – Associative Memory - Cache and Virtual Memory - SDRAM, DDRAM, QDRAM - Flash memories. **(9+6)**

**INPUT / OUTPUT AND SYSTEM ORGANIZATION:** Input / Output Interface - Modes of data transfer - I/O Processor - Interrupts -Communication methods - Buses -Bus control - Bus interfacing - Bus arbitration -Multicore architectures - Introduction to RISC V. **(9+6)**

**Total L: 45 + T: 30 = 75 periods**

**TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Morris Mano M, 'Digital Logic and Computer Design', Pearson Education, New Delhi, 2016.
2. Hayes J P, 'Computer architecture and Organization', McGraw Hill, New Delhi, 2012.

**REFERENCES:**

1. Stallings W, 'Computer Organization and Architecture: Designing for Performance', Pearson Education, New Delhi, 10<sup>th</sup> Edition, 2016.
2. Patterson D and Hennessy J, 'Computer Organization and Design RISC-V Edition: The Hardware and Software Interface', Morgan Kaufmann Publishers, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, 2021.
3. Joseph Cavanagh, 'Computer Arithmetic and Verilog HDL Fundamentals', CRC Press, 2020.

**COURSE OUTCOMES:**

At the end of the course, students will be able to:		Bloom's Level
CO1	Explain the basic structure and functions of the building blocks of a digital computer.	K2
CO2	Apply the principles of data path and control unit design to perform arithmetic and logic operations and develop Verilog code.	K3
CO3	Analyse the impact of various factors on CPU performance and the different memory mapping techniques	K4

**COs-POs & PSOs MAPPING:**

CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PSO1	PSO2
CO1												3	3
CO2	3											3	3
CO3		2										2	2
@	3	2										3	3

1-Low, 2-Medium, 3-High, @-Overall Contribution to the Course

**25EC404 DATA STRUCTURES AND ALGORITHMS**  
(Common to ECE and EE-VLSI)

3 2 0 5

**INTRODUCTION:** Data types – Abstract data types – Types of Data structures- Algorithms- properties – Design and development of algorithm-Recursive Algorithms- Analysis of Algorithms-Best case, Average case, Worst case – Asymptotic Notations. (9+6)

**LINEAR DATA STRUCTURES:** Arrays-operations – Memory Representation- Row Major and Column Major – Multi Dimensional Arrays – Sparse Matrix, Dense Matrix. Stack: Array implementation – operations-Applications – Checking of well-formedness Parenthesis Infix to Postfix –Conversions. (9+6)

**QUEUES:** Queue Operations-Circular Queue - Priority Queues - Array Implementation of Queue, Linked List. Types-Singly Linked List – Circularly Linked List – Doubly Linked List–List operations-linked stack-linked queue. (9+6)

**NONLINEAR DATA STRUCTURES:** Trees-Terminologies - Binary trees – Representations – Operations – Traversals- Inorder, Preorder and Postorder- Binary Search Trees – Insertion and deletion. Graph: Terminologies - Breadth First Search algorithm- Depth First Search Algorithm. (9+6)

**SORTING AND SEARCHING:** Bubble Sort – Insertion Sort – Radix Sort- Quick sort- Algorithms and Time Complexity. Linear Search – Binary Search – Hashing: Hash functions – Separate Chaining – Open Addressing – Linear Probing. (9+6)

**Total L: 45 + T: 30 = 75 periods**

**TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Thomas H Cormen, Charles E Leiserson, Ronald L Rivest and Clifford Stein, '*Introduction to Algorithms*', The MIT Press, 2022.
2. Mark Allen Weiss, '*Data Structures and Algorithm Analysis in C++*', Pearson Education, 2012.

**REFERENCES:**

1. Ellis Horowitz, SartajSahni and Sanguthevar Rajasekaran, '*Fundamentals of Computer Algorithms*', Universities Press, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, 2011.
2. Sahni Sartaj, '*Data Structures, Algorithms and Applications in C++*', Silicon Press, 2009.
3. Aaron M Tanenbaum, Moshe J Augenstein and Yedidyah Langsam. '*Data structures using C and C++*', PHI Learning ,2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, 2009.
4. G A V Vijayalakshmi Pai, '*Data Structures and Algorithms Concepts, Techniques and Allocations*', McGraw Hill Education (India) Private Limited, New Delhi, 2015.

**COURSE OUTCOMES:**

At the end of the course, students will be able to:		Bloom's Level
CO1	Explain the fundamental concepts of Data structures and its applications	K2
CO2	Apply the concepts of Data structures for any real world/technical application	K3
CO3	Analyse linear/non-linear data structure algorithms for problem solving	K4
CO4	Develop and demonstrate real time applications in data structures as a team	K6

**COs-POs & PSOs MAPPING:**

CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PSO1	PSO2
CO1													
CO2	3				3								
CO3		2			2								
CO4			1		1	1			1	1	1		
@	3	2	1		3	1			1	1	1		

1-Low, 2-Medium, 3-High, @-Overall Contribution to the Course

**25EC411 LINEAR INTEGRATED CIRCUITS LABORATORY**  
(Common to ECE and EE-VLSI)

0 0 2 1

**List of Experiments:**

1. Characteristics of OPAMP (CMRR, Input Offset voltage, Slew Rate)
2. Applications of OPAMP (Summer, Differential Amplifier, Zero Cross Detector, Differentiator, Integrator)
3. Instrumentation Amplifier
4. Study of Active Filters
5. Precision Half wave and Full wave Rectifier
6. Schmitt Trigger
7. Astable and Monostable operation of 555 Timer
8. Design of Voltage regulators using IC723
9. DAC using R-2R Ladder Network

**Augmented Experiments:**

1. SPICE simulation of Wein Bridge and RC Phase Shift Oscillator
2. SPICE Simulation of Higher order filters
3. Study of Voltage Controlled Oscillator

**Total P: 30 periods****REFERENCES:**

1. ECE Department Laboratory Manual, 2025.
2. D. Roy Choudhury and Shail Bala Jain, '*Linear Integrated Circuits*', New Age International Publishers, 6<sup>th</sup> Edition, New Delhi, 2022.
3. Ramakant A Gayakwad, '*Op-Amps and Linear Integrated Circuits*', Pearson Noida, 4<sup>th</sup> Edition, 2016.

**COURSE OUTCOMES:**

At the end of the course, students will be able to:		Bloom's Level
<b>CO1</b>	Conduct various experiments to verify the characteristics of Op-amp	<b>K3</b>
<b>CO2</b>	Design Op-amp/ transistor circuits for various applications of Linear ICs.	<b>K6</b>
<b>CO3</b>	Analyse the performance of oscillators and amplifiers using PSPICE.	<b>K4</b>

**COs-POs & PSOs MAPPING:**

CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PSO1	PSO2
<b>CO1</b>	3							3				3	3
<b>CO2</b>			2					2				2	2
<b>CO3</b>		2			2			2				2	2
<b>@</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>2</b>		<b>2</b>			<b>3</b>				<b>3</b>	<b>3</b>

**1-Low, 2-Medium, 3-High, @-Overall Contribution to the Course**

**LIST OF EXPERIMENTS:**

1. Generation of Continuous -Time (CT) and Discrete-Time (DT) signals
2. Signal operations on CT and DT signals
3. Verification of CT and DT System properties
4. Computation of Linear Convolution
5. Analyze and Synthesize the continuous time periodic signals using Fourier Series and study of Gibbs phenomenon
6. Analyze and Synthesize the continuous time aperiodic signals using Fourier Transform
7. Analyze and Synthesize the discrete time periodic signals using Fourier Series
8. Analyze and Synthesize the discrete time aperiodic signals using Fourier Transform
9. Sampling and Reconstruction
10. Analysis of DT systems using z-transform

**AUGMENTED EXPERIMENTS\***

1. Pole-zero plot on z-plane and determination of magnitude response
2. Implementation of interpolation and decimation for the given signal

\* Augmented experiments will be evaluated at the end of the semester.

**Total P: 30 periods**

**REFERENCES:**

1. Signals and Systems Lab Manual, Department of ECE, 2025.
2. Krishnaveni V and Rajeswari A, '*Signals and Systems*', Wiley India Pvt. Ltd, 1<sup>st</sup> Edition, 2019.
3. Luis F Chaparro, '*Signals and Systems Using MATLAB*', Academic Press, An Imprint of Elsevier, 1<sup>st</sup> Edition, 2018.

**COURSE OUTCOMES:**

At the end of the course, students will be able to:		Bloom's Level
<b>CO1</b>	Simulate and Conduct experiments involving various operations on signals and response of systems using appropriate tools	<b>K3</b>
<b>CO2</b>	Analyze the behavior of LTI systems using appropriate tools	<b>K4</b>

**COs-POs & PSOs MAPPING:**

CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PSO1	PSO2
<b>CO1</b>	2				2			2				2	2
<b>CO2</b>		3			3			3				3	3
<b>@</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>3</b>			<b>3</b>			<b>3</b>				<b>3</b>	<b>3</b>

**1-Low, 2-Medium, 3-High, @-Overall Contribution to the Course**

## 25ECE01 MINI PROJECT - I

0 0 2 1

**OBJECTIVES:**

- Identification of a real time problem in thrust areas.
- Developing a mathematical model for solving the above problem.
- Finalization of system requirements and specifications.
- Simulation / Implementation of different solutions for the problem based on literature survey Future trends in providing alternate solutions.
- Consolidated report preparation of the above.

**COURSE OUTCOMES:**

At the end of the course, students will be able to:		<b>Bloom's Level</b>
<b>CO1</b>	Apply engineering knowledge to identify, analyze, design, and implement a real-time problem using appropriate tools and techniques, while considering societal, environmental, ethical aspects, working effectively in teams, communicating results clearly, and engaging in lifelong learning.	<b>K6</b>

**COs-POs & PSOs MAPPING:**

CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PSO1	PSO2
<b>CO1</b>	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
<b>@</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>3</b>

1-Low, 2-Medium, 3-High, @-Overall Contribution to the Course

**25EEEC03 PROBLEM SOLVING**  
(Common to ECE and EE-VLSI)

0 0 2 1

1. Algorithmic Thinking, Branching & Repetition Problems
2. Logical Reasoning - Data Arrangements & Relations
3. Solving problems based on Coding & decoding, Series, Analogy, Odd man out and Visual reasoning
4. Problems based on Ages, Logical Connectives, Syllogisms, Data Interpretation & Data Sufficiency
5. Solving problems on Clocks Calendars, Direction Sense & Cubes
6. Problems based on Number system, Percentages, Simple & Compound Interest
7. Resume Update

**Total P: 30 periods****REFERENCE:**

1. R.S. Aggarwal, '*Quantitative Aptitude for Competitive Examination*', S Chand Publishing, New Delhi, 2017.

## FIFTH SEMESTER

## 25EC501 ANALOG COMMUNICATION

3 0 0 3

**AMPLITUDE MODULATION SYSTEMS:** Communication system model – Amplitude Modulation – DSBFC, DSBSC, SSB - Generation and detection of DSB-FC, DSB-SC, SSB waves, Vestigial Sideband Modulation, Independent Sideband Modulation - Comparison of AM systems – FDM. (9)

**ANGLE MODULATION SYSTEMS:** FM and PM - Narrow band FM and Wideband FM - Bandwidth requirements- Carson’s Rule - Pre emphasis, De-emphasis - Generation and demodulation of FM waves – FM Stereo Multiplexing. (9)

**TRANSMITTERS AND RECEIVERS:** Transmitter characteristics & Classification - Low Level and High Level transmitters – AM broadcasting transmitters - Pilot carrier technique- FM transmitters. Receiver -characteristics and Classification- Tuned radio frequency receiver - Super heterodyne receiver – AM and FM receivers – Introduction to Software Defined Radio. (9)

**NOISE IN COMMUNICATION SYSTEMS:** Types of Noise – Noise Calculations – Equivalent Noise Bandwidth – Noise Figure – Effective Noise Temperature – Narrowband Noise representation- Noise in CW Modulation systems, Noise in Linear Receiver using coherent detection, Noise in AM receivers using envelope Detection – Noise in FM receivers. (9)

**PULSE MODULATION SCHEMES:** Sampling Theorem - Pulse Amplitude Modulation – TDM - Pulse Width Modulation – Pulse Position Modulation – Pulse Frequency Modulation –Quantization - PCM – Noise Performance of PPM and PCM - Delta Modulation – Adaptive Delta Modulation – Delta Sigma Modulation – DPCM. (9)

Total L: 45 periods

**TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Simon Haykin, ‘Communication Systems’, Wiley, 2014.
2. Kennedy G, ‘Electronic Communication Systems’, Tata McGraw Hill, 2017.

**REFERENCES:**

1. Herbut Taub, Donald L. Schilling and Goutam Saha , ‘Principles of Communication Systems’, McGraw Hill, 2017.
2. Carlson A B, ‘Communication Systems: An Introduction to Signals and Noise in Electrical Communication’, McGraw Hill, 2010.
3. Dennis Roddy and John Coolen, ‘Electronic Communications’, Prentice Hall of India, 2013.
4. Lathi B P, ‘Modern Digital and Analog Communication Systems’, Oxford University Press, 2017.

**COURSE OUTCOMES:**

At the end of the course, students will be able to:		Bloom’s Level
CO1	Explain the concepts of communication systems	K2
CO2	Apply performance metrics to compare various modulation and demodulation techniques	K3
CO3	Analyze the performance of different modulation techniques	K4
CO4	Conduct a case study on societal and regulatory implications of communication systems, including spectrum usage, data privacy, and safety in public communication	

**COs-POs & PSOs MAPPING:**

CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PSO1	PSO2
CO1												2	2
CO2	3											3	3
CO3		2										2	2
CO4						1		1	1		1		
@	3	2				1		1	1		1	3	3

1-Low, 2-Medium, 3-High, @-Overall Contribution to the Course

**MICROCONTROLLER ARCHITECTURE AND PROGRAMMING:** Introduction - Product Design Life Cycle of Embedded Systems-Functional block diagram of 8051- Program and Data memory Organization-Addressing Modes and Instruction Set – Assembly language Programming. (9)

**ON-CHIP PERIPHERALS INITIALIZATION AND PROGRAMMING TECHNIQUES:** Parallel Ports, Timer/Counter, Capture/Compare, WDT, RTC, PWM, QEI, Interrupts, EEPROM, ADC and DAC. (9)

**OFF-CHIP PERIPHERALS INTERFACING AND PROGRAMMING TECHNIQUES:** LED, 7-segment, LCD, Push-to-On switch, Matrix keyboard, DC Motor, Servo Motor & Stepper Motor. (9)

**WIRED & WIRELESS PROTOCOLS:** UART, I2C, CAN, USB, SPI and Ethernet - LoRa, Bluetooth and WiFi. (9)

**RTOS:** Device Drivers - Tasks and Task States, Context Switching - Intertask Communication: Shared Data, Semaphores, Message Queues, Mailbox, Pipe - Timer Functions - Events - Memory Management Functions - Interrupt handling in RTOS. (9)

**Total L: 45 periods**

**TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Kenneth J Ayala, 'The 8051 Microcontroller: Architecture, Programming & Applications', West Publishing Company, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, 2007.
2. David E Simon, 'An Embedded Software Primer', Pearson Education, 2015.

**REFERENCES:**

1. Muhammad Ali Mazidi, Janice Gillispie and Rolin D McKinlay, 'The 8051 Microcontroller and Embedded Systems', Pearson Education Limited, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, 2014.
2. Arnold S Berger, 'Embedded Systems Design: An Introduction to Processes, Tools, and Techniques', CMP Books, 2002.
3. Bai Y, 'Practical Micro Controller Engineering with ARM Technology', John Wiley and Sons, 2015.

**COURSE OUTCOMES:**

At the end of the course, students will be able to:		Bloom's Level
CO1	Explain the core concepts of 8051 Microcontrollers and RTOS.	K2
CO2	Apply various operations of 8051 Microcontrollers for Embedded application	K3
CO3	Analyze and test the System process through programming.	K4
CO4	Design and Develop a prototype based on real time applications.	K6
CO5	Evaluate safety, legal, and societal issues associated with embedded systems used in real-world applications.	

**COs-POs & PSOs MAPPING:**

CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PSO1	PSO2
CO1												1	1
CO2	3											3	3
CO3		2										2	2
CO4			1		1			1				1	1
CO5						1		1	1		1		
@	3	2	1		1	1		1	1		1	3	3

1-Low, 2-Medium, 3-High, @-Overall Contribution to the Course

**25EC503 CONTROL SYSTEMS**  
(Common to ECE and EE-VLSI)

3 1 0 4

**INTRODUCTION:** Modeling of Electrical and Mechanical systems - Translational and Rotational systems – Block diagram –Signal flow graph - Mason's gain formula. (9+2)

**TIME AND FREQUENCY DOMAIN ANALYSIS:** Standard Test signals – Time response of second order systems - Performance specifications on system time response - Types of systems - Steady state error - Generalized error series - Introduction to PID Controllers – Performance specifications on system Frequency response – Correlation between time and frequency response. (10+3)

**STABILITY ANALYSIS:** Concepts of Stability - Routh Stability Criterion - Root locus technique. (6+2)

**FREQUENCY RESPONSE PLOTS AND SYSTEM STABILITY:** Polar plot - Nyquist stability Criterion - Bode plot - Compensator design using Bode Plot. (10+4)

**STATE VARIABLE ANALYSIS:** Introduction –State space representation of continuous time systems using Physical and Phase Variables – Solution of state equations–Concepts of Controllability and Observability. (10 +4)

**Total L: 45 + T: 15 = 60 periods**

**TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Nagrath I J and Gopal M, 'Control Systems Engineering', New Age International P Ltd, New Delhi, 7<sup>th</sup> Edition, 2022.
2. Norman S Nise, 'Control Systems Engineering', Wiley New Delhi. 7<sup>th</sup> Edition, 2022.

**REFERENCES:**

1. Katsuhiko Ogata, 'Modern Control Engineering', Pearson, New Delhi, 5<sup>th</sup> Edition, 2021.
2. Kuo B C, 'Automatic Control Systems', McGraw Hill Education (I) P Ltd, Chennai, 10<sup>th</sup> Edition, 2018.
3. Katsuhiko Ogata, 'Discrete Time Control Systems', Pearson Education Asia, New Delhi, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, 2016.
4. Smarajit Ghosh, 'Control Systems: Theory and Applications', Pearson Education Asia, Chennai, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, 2022.

**COURSE OUTCOMES:**

At the end of the course, students will be able to:		Bloom's Level
<b>CO1</b>	Explain the basic concepts related to Control Systems	<b>K2</b>
<b>CO2</b>	Apply the knowledge of control system fundamentals to form mathematical model and obtain transfer function/state space representation of a systems	<b>K3</b>
<b>CO3</b>	Analyze the stability of LTI systems in time and frequency domain using different stability analysis concepts	<b>K4</b>
<b>CO4</b>	Demonstrate the concepts of linear control systems using modern tools as an individual/team.	

**COs-POs & PSOs MAPPING:**

CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PSO1	PSO2
<b>CO1</b>												1	1
<b>CO2</b>	3											3	3
<b>CO3</b>		2										2	2
<b>CO4</b>					1			1				1	1
<b>@</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>2</b>			<b>1</b>			<b>1</b>				<b>3</b>	<b>3</b>

**1-Low, 2-Medium, 3-High, @-Overall Contribution to the Course**

**INTRODUCTION AND QUEUING PRINCIPLES:** Network Criteria - Network Types - Transmission modes - Network Models: OSI Model, TCP/IP model - Digital to Digital Conversion – Digital Data Transmission - Transmission Media – Multiplexing – Switching - Connecting devices - Queuing Models: M/M/n and M/G/1-Queues with blocking and priority queues. (12+6)

**DATA LINK LAYER:** Error Detection and Correction - Data Link Control - Media Access Control- Wired LANs: Ethernet, Token bus, Token ring, FDDI - Virtual LAN. (9+6)

**NETWORK LAYER:** IPv4 addressing- Classful and Classless addressing, Subnetting–NAT–DHCP–ICMP–IGMP–Routing Algorithms: Distance Vector and Link State -Progression to IPv6- Network Layer Performance. (9+6)

**TRANSPORT LAYER:** Process to process delivery–UDP–TCP–SCTP–Congestion control–Quality of Service. (8+6)

**APPLICATION LAYER:** Client Server Programming–WWW–HTTP - FTP–Email–Telnet–DNS–SNMP –VoIP (7+6)

**Total L: 45 + T: 30 = 75 periods**

**TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Behrouz A Forouza, ‘Data Communication and Networking’, Tata McGraw-Hill, New Delhi, 5<sup>th</sup> Edition, 2017.
2. Kurose James F and Keith W Ross, ‘Computer Networking: A Top-Down Approach’, Pearson Education, New Delhi, 7<sup>th</sup> Edition, 2016.

**REFERENCES:**

1. J F Shortle, J M Thompson, D Gross and C M Harris, ‘Fundamentals of Queueing Theory’, Wiley, 5<sup>th</sup> Edition, 2018.
2. Andrew S Tanenbaum, ‘Computer Networks’, Prentice Hall of India, New Delhi, 2011.
3. William Stallings, ‘Data and Computer Communication’, Prentice Hall of India, New Delhi, 2014.
4. Keizer G E, ‘Local Area Networks’, McGraw Hill, New Delhi, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, 2001.

**COURSE OUTCOMES:**

At the end of the course, students will be able to:		Bloom’s Level
CO1	Explain the fundamentals of networking and TCP/IP protocol stack to deliver packets across multiple networks	K2
CO2	Apply the subnet masks and routing concepts to fulfill networking requirements	K3
CO3	Analyze the issues of routing and congestion mechanism for wired and wireless links.	K4
CO4	Simulate the behavior of networking protocols for the given wired/wireless configurations	

**COs-POs & PSOs MAPPING:**

CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PSO1	PSO2
CO1												3	3
CO2	2											2	2
CO3		1										1	1
CO4					1			1				1	1
@	2	1			1			1				3	3

1-Low, 2-Medium, 3-High, @-Overall Contribution to the Course

## 25EC505 ANTENNAS AND WAVE PROPAGATION

3 1 0 4

**ANTENNA PARAMETERS:** Introduction - Types of antennas-Radiation mechanism-current distribution-Parameters: Radiation Pattern, Beam solid angle, Radiation intensity, Radiation Power density, Directivity, Gain, Effective aperture, Polarization, Bandwidth, Beamwidth, antenna impedance - Poynting vector- Friis Transmission formula - Duality theorem. (9+3)

**SMALL ANTENNAS:** Transmission line as an antenna - Radiation from a dipole antenna - Radiation fields of point source - infinitesimal dipole and half wave dipole-Radiation resistance-Directivity and Design procedure. (9+3)

**ANTENNA ARRAYS:** Introduction, Array of two point sources - Power patterns – Pattern multiplication-Broadside array-End fire array-N-element linear array, Evaluation of null directions and maxima, amplitude distributions, Binomial arrays, Dolph – Chebychev arrays. (9+3)

**SPECIAL ANTENNAS:** Construction, Features and applications of Yagi-Uda Turnstile, Log periodic, Loop, Helical: normal mode and axial mode - Rhombic- Horn-Reflector and their feed systems- Micro strip-Rectangular patch antennas - Phased array. (9+3)

**ANTENNA MEASUREMENTS AND WAVE PROPAGATION:** Antenna ranges-Measurement of radiation pattern, Gain, directivity and impedance measurements-Polarization measurements-scale model measurements. Propagation in free space- Surface wave-structure of the ionosphere-determination of critical frequencies - maximum usable frequency - effect of the earth's magnetic field –ionospheric variations – fading – tropospheric propagation - space wave propagation- super refraction - refractive index of troposphere. (9+3)

**Total L: 45 + T: 15 = 60 periods**

**TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Balanis E S, 'Antenna Theory Analysis and Design', John Wiley and Sons Inc, Singapore, 5<sup>th</sup> Edition, 2016.
2. Prasad K D, 'Antennas and Wave Propagation', Satya Prakash Tech India Publications, New Delhi, 12<sup>th</sup> Edition, 2019.

**REFERENCES:**

1. Harish A R and Sachidananda M, 'Antennas and Wave Propagation', Oxford University Press, Chennai, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, 2018.
2. Edward C Jordan and Keith G Balmain, 'Electromagnetic Waves and Radiating Systems', Prentice Hall of India, New Delhi, 5<sup>th</sup> Edition, 2018.

**COURSE OUTCOMES:**

At the end of this course students will be able to:		Bloom's Level
CO1	<b>Comprehend</b> basic antenna parameters, principles, measurement methods, and wave propagation.	<b>K2</b>
CO2	<b>Derive</b> antenna parameters for different types of antennas and antenna arrays	<b>K3</b>
CO3	<b>Analyze</b> parameters of antenna and antenna arrays	<b>K4</b>
CO4	Identify and design antennas for wireless applications using simulation tools like ADS as a team	

**COs-POs & PSOs MAPPING:**

CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PSO1	PSO2
CO1												3	3
CO2	3											3	3
CO3		2										2	2
CO4								1				1	1
@	3	2						1				3	3

1-Low, 2-Medium, 3-High, @-Overall Contribution to the Course

**LIST OF EXPERIMENTS:**

1. Amplitude Modulation and Demodulation
2. DSB-SC Modulation and Demodulation
3. Pre emphasis and De emphasis circuits
4. Frequency Modulation and Demodulation
5. Single tuned amplifier
6. FM Reception using Universal Software Radio Peripheral
7. Pulse Modulation Schemes
8. TDM and FDM systems
9. Automatic Gain Control circuits
10. Figure of Merit Analysis of AM and FM
11. PCM and DPCM
12. Delta Modulation and Adaptive Delta Modulation

**AUGMENTED EXPERIMENTS\***

1. Audio Amplifier
2. Super-heterodyne Receiver
3. Application of Pulse Modulation Schemes
4. Application of PCM and DPCM

**Total P: 30 periods****REFERENCES:**

1. Lathi B P, '*Modern Digital and Analog communication Systems*', Oxford University Press, 2017.
2. Proakis J G and Salehi M, '*Contemporary Communication Systems using MATLAB*', PWS Publishing Company, 2013.
3. Dennis Silage, '*Digital Communication Systems Using MATLAB and Simulink*', Bookstand Publishing, 2016.

\* Augmented experiments will be evaluated at the end of the semester.

**COURSE OUTCOMES:**

At the end of the course, students will be able to:		Bloom's Level
CO1	Apply various analog and digital modulation and demodulation techniques to implement various communication system blocks	K3
CO2	Analyze the performance of analog and digital communication systems	K4
CO3	Design advanced communication subsystems such as audio amplifiers, superheterodyne receivers, and digital modulation applications using appropriate hardware/software tools to meet specified performance criteria.	K5

**COs-POs & PSOs MAPPING:**

CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	3							3				3	3
CO2		2						2				2	2
CO3			2		2			2				2	2
@	3	2	2		2			3				3	3

**1-Low, 2-Medium, 3-High, @-Overall Contribution to the Course**

**LIST OF EXPERIMENTS (8051):**

1. Display Interface
2. Keyboard Interface
3. Timer/Counter Applications
4. RTC and WDT Interface
5. Hardware & Software Interrupts
6. Serial Communication Protocols
7. ADC Applications
8. Motor Control Applications
9. Arithmetic and Logical Operations
10. Searching & Sorting
11. Code Conversion Techniques
12. Multi-tasking using tiny RTOS

**AUGMENTED EXPERIMENTS\***

1. Temperature monitoring and control
2. Speed measurement and calculation
3. Object recognition using camera interface
4. Attendance monitoring system with display interface

**Total P: 60 periods****TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Muhammad Ali Mazidi, J G Mazidi and R D McKinlay, *The 8051 Microcontroller and Embedded Systems: Using Assembly & C*, Pearson, 2008.

\* Augmented experiments will be evaluated at the end of the semester.

**COURSE OUTCOMES:**

At the end of the course, students will be able to:		Bloom's Level
<b>CO1</b>	Perform various operations of 8051 Microcontrollers using Software and Hardware Tools	<b>K3</b>
<b>CO2</b>	Analyze the performance and test the System process through programming.	<b>K4</b>
<b>CO3</b>	Design and Develop a prototype based on real time applications.	-

**COS-POS & PSOS MAPPING:**

CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PSO1	PSO2
<b>CO1</b>	3				3			3				3	3
<b>CO2</b>		2						2				2	2
<b>CO3</b>			2		2			2			2	2	2
<b>@</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>2</b>		<b>3</b>			<b>3</b>			<b>2</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>3</b>

**1-Low, 2-Medium, 3-High, @-Overall Contribution to the Course**

## 25ECE02 INTENSHP - I

0 0 0 1

**OBJECTIVES:**

- To expose students to industrial practices and work culture
- To apply classroom concepts in real-time scenarios
- To enhance technical, communication, and teamwork skills
- To understand professional ethics and responsibilities
- To work under the guidance of an industry mentor
- To Understand organizational structure and workflow
- To contribute Involvement in assigned tasks/projects
- To Consolidated report preparation of the above

**COURSE OUTCOMES**

At the end of the course, students will be able to:		Bloom's Level
<b>CO1</b>	Apply engineering knowledge in real-time industrial environments to perform assigned tasks under guidance, analyze and solve practical problems using appropriate tools, adapt to organizational work culture, demonstrate technical, teamwork, and communication skills, follow professional ethics, and document and present the work effectively while engaging in continuous learning.	<b>K6</b>

**COS-POS & PSOS MAPPING**

CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PSO1	PSO2
<b>CO1</b>	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
<b>@</b>	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3

1-Low, 2-Medium, 3-High, @-Overall Contribution to the Course

## 25ECE03 COMMUNITY PROJECT

0 0 0 1

**OBJECTIVES:**

- To identify real-time problems and needs within the community
- To develop awareness about social, environmental, and economic issues
- To apply technical and engineering knowledge for community welfare
- To encourage teamwork, leadership, and communication skills
- To conduct field visits, surveys, and interaction with local stakeholders
- To design and implement feasible and sustainable solutions
- To promote ethical values and social responsibility

**COURSE OUTCOMES:**

At the end of the course, students will be able to:		Bloom's Level
<b>CO1</b>	Apply engineering knowledge to identify and solve real-time community problems, develop sustainable solutions, work effectively in teams, communicate with stakeholders, and demonstrate social, environmental, and ethical responsibility while documenting and presenting the work.	<b>K6</b>

**COs-POs & PSOs MAPPING:**

CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PSO1	PSO2
<b>CO1</b>	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
<b>@</b>	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3

1-Low, 2-Medium, 3-High, @-Overall Contribution to the Course

## 25EEEC04 APTITUDE SKILLS

## APTITUDE SKILLS:

0 0 2 1

1. Reading comprehension
2. Sentence correction, Sentence completion and Para-jumbles
3. Vocabulary, Articles, Prepositions and Interrogatives
4. Critical reasoning
5. Ratio and Proportion, Profit and loss, Partnerships and averages
6. Permutation, Combination and Probability
7. Time, Speed and Distance
8. Resume progress check

## REFERENCES:

1. R.S. Aggarwal, '*Quantitative Aptitude for Competitive Examination*', S Chand Publishing, New Delhi, 2017.
2. P C Wren and H Martin, '*High School English Grammar & Composition*', S Chand Publishing, New Delhi, 2017.
3. Norman Lewis, '*Word Power Made Easy*', Goyal Publisher, New Delhi, 2011.

## SIXTH SEMESTER

## 25EC601 DIGITAL SIGNAL PROCESSING

3 0 0 3

**DISCRETE FOURIER TRANSFORM (DFT):** Review of CTFT & DTFT - DFT – Properties - Radix 2 FFT algorithms - Decimation in time - Decimation in frequency - Use of FFT in Linear filtering - Filtering of long data sequences. (8)

**DESIGN AND REALIZATION OF IIR FILTERS:** Review of design techniques for analog low pass filters - Design of IIR filters - Approximation of derivatives - Impulse Invariance - Bilinear transformation - Butterworth and Chebyshev Type 1 filters - Realization of IIR filters. (10)

**DESIGN AND REALIZATION OF FIR FILTERS:** FIR filters - Symmetric and anti-symmetric FIR filters - Design of linear phase FIR filters using windows - Realization of FIR filters. (10)

**ANALYSIS OF FINITE WORD LENGTH EFFECTS:** Representation of Numbers - Quantization of filter coefficients in IIR and FIR filters - Round Off effects in Digital filters - Quantization effects in computation of DFT. (10)

**PROGRAMMABLE DIGITAL SIGNAL PROCESSORS:** Introduction to Digital Signal Processors - Architecture of TMS320C6748 - Device characteristics - Memory mapping – Peripherals. (7)

**Total L: 45 periods**

**TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Lonnie C Ludeman, 'Fundamentals of Digital Signal Processing', Wiley India, New Delhi, 2011.
2. John G Proakis and Dimitris G Manolakis, 'Digital Signal Processing', Prentice Hall India, New Delhi, 2010.

**REFERENCES:**

1. Mitra S K, 'Digital Signal Processing – A Computer Based Approach', Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi, 2012.
2. Vinay K Ingle and John G Proakis, 'Digital Signal Processing using MATLAB', Brooks / Cole, California, United States, 2011.
3. B Venkatramani and M Bhaskar, 'Digital Signal Processor Architecture, Programming and Application', McGraw Hill, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, 2002.
4. TI Team, 'TMS320C6748 Technical Reference Manual', 2016.

**COURSE OUTCOMES:**

At the end of the course, students will be able to:		Bloom's Level
CO1	Explain the concepts of digital signals and systems	K2
CO2	Analyze the performance of the filters for a given specification	K3
CO3	Design and realize the filters to meet the given specifications	K6
CO4	Implement a case study or mini project to develop the real-time DSP applications	

**COs-POs & PSOs MAPPING:**

CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PSO1	PSO2
CO1												2	2
CO2	3											3	3
CO3			2									2	2
CO4					1	1		1	1	1	1	1	1
@	3		2		1	1		1	1	1	1	3	3

1-Low, 2-Medium, 3-High, @-Overall Contribution to the Course

## 25EC602 DIGITAL COMMUNICATION

3 0 0 3

**INFORMATION THEORY:** Review of Probability theory and random process - Self information measure - Entropy function - Conditional Entropies - Mutual information - Redundancy - Efficiency – Source Coding - channel capacity - capacities of channels with symmetric noise structure Shannon’s Hartley Law. (8)

**BASEBAND SIGNALLING:** Power Spectral Density - Concept of base band signaling - Signaling formats – Line coding -Optimum Filtering - Error due to Noise – ISI - Pulse Shaping - Scrambling and unscrambling - channel equalization, tapped delay line and Transversal filters . (9)

**ERROR CONTROL CODING:** Parity check codes - Linear block codes – Decoding of linear Block codes – Polynomial representation of code structures - cyclic codes - convolution codes –The Generating function-Viterbi Decoding algorithms - turbo codes. (9)

**PASSBAND SIGNALLING:** Signal Space Analysis - Detection using matched filters for signals via AWGN channels – Analysis of coherent and non coherent detection Schemes for ASK, FSK, PSK, DPSK - M-ary signaling – MSK – GMSK – QAM - Probability of error for each scheme - Multicarrier modulation – OFDM . (10)

**SPREAD SPECTRUM AND SYNCHRONIZATION:** PN sequences - Direct Sequence Spread spectrum – Frequency Hop Spread Spectrum - Need for Synchronization - Bit, word, frame and Carrier synchronization. (9)

**Total L: 45 periods**

**TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Simon Haykin, ‘*Digital Communications*’, John Wiley & Sons, Inc, Singapore, 2017
2. Lathi B P, ‘*Modern Digital and Analog Communication Systems*’, Oxford University Press, 2020

**REFERENCES:**

1. Proakis J G, Salehi M, ‘*Digital Communications*’, Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi, 2016.
2. Bernard Sklar, ‘*Digital Communications- Fundamentals and Applications*’, Pearson Education, New Delhi, 2019.
3. Reza F M, ‘*An Introduction to Information Theory*’, McGraw Hill, New Delhi, 2010.
4. Sam Shanmugam K, ‘*Digital and Analog Communication Systems*’, John Wiley Inc, Singapore, 2008.

**COURSE OUTCOMES:**

At the end of the course, students will be able to:		Bloom’s Level
CO1	Explain the principles of digital communication system	K2
CO2	Apply channel coding techniques to study the communication channel	K3
CO3	Analyze various signaling schemes considering spectral characteristics, ISI, and noise performance.	K4
CO4	Conduct a case study on societal and regulatory implications of communication systems, including spectrum usage, data privacy, and safety in public communication.	

**COs-POs & PSOs MAPPING:**

CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PSO1	PSO2
CO1												2	2
CO2	3											3	3
CO3		2										2	2
CO4						1		1	1		1		
@	3	2				1		1	1		1	3	3

1-Low, 2-Medium, 3-High, @-Overall Contribution to the Course

## 25EC603 VLSI DESIGN

3 0 0 3

**INVERTERS:** Review of MOS transistor equations -Passive load inverter- CMOS inverter – Transfer Characteristics, Power dissipation- Depletion mode and enhancement mode pull ups – Pseudo nMOS Inverter - Sheet resistance - Area Capacitance - Inverter delay and Logical Effort. (9)

**LOGIC DESIGN:** Combinational logic circuits - Static CMOS logic- Complementary CMOS, Ratioed logic, Pass-Transistor, Transmission gate - Dynamic CMOS logic – Performance, Noise considerations, domino, npCMOS logic - Sequential logic circuits - static and dynamic flip-flops. (10)

**SUBSYSTEM DESIGN:** Design of adders-Static adder, Mirror adder, Carry Look Ahead adder, Binary adder – Multipliers-Array multiplier, Carry Save multiplier, Booths and Modified Booths multiplier - Barrel shifter, Logarithmic shifter. (10)

**MEMORY DESIGN:** 6T SRAM Cell, CAM memory,4x4 -OR ROM, NOR ROM, NAND ROM cell array,6-T SRAM cell,3-T DRAM cell, Memory peripheral circuitry-Address Decoders-Sense amplifiers-Power dissipation in memories. (9)

**VLSI LAYOUT DESIGN AND FABRICATION TECHNIQUES:** Layout styles – Full custom and Semi custom approaches - Layout Design Rules – CMOS nwell process rules - Stick diagram - Layout examples – Fabrication techniques – Wafer processing - Oxidation - Patterning - Diffusion - Ion implantation - Deposition - CMOS processes: nWell, Twin tub, Silicon on Insulator. (7)

Total L: 45 periods

**TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Neil HE Weste and David Money Harris, ‘*CMOS VLSI Design: A Circuits and System Perspective*’, Pearson, 2017.
2. Jan M Rabaey and Anantha Chandrakasan, ‘*Digital Integrated Circuits- A Design Perspective*’, Prentice Hall of India, 2016.

**REFERENCES:**

1. Cover Mead and Lynn Conway, ‘*Introduction to VLSI Systems*’, Addison-Wesley, 2017.
2. Douglas A Pucknell and Kamran Eshraghian, ‘*Basic VLSI Design*’, Prentice Hall of India, 3<sup>rd</sup> edition, 2011.
3. Amar Mukherjee, ‘*Introduction to nMOS and CMOS VLSI System Design*’, Prentice Hall, 1986.
4. Sung-Mo Kang and Yusuf Leblebici, ‘*CMOS Digital Integrated Circuits, Analysis and Design*’, McGraw Hill Education, 4<sup>th</sup> Edition, 2019.

**COURSE OUTCOMES:**

At the end of the course, students will be able to:		Bloom’s Level
CO1	Explain the concepts of Metal Oxide Semiconductor transistors, layout design and Fabrication Techniques in VLSI.	K2
CO2	Apply the knowledge of CMOS technology and Digital System Design in the context of VLSI circuits and subsystems.	K3
CO3	Analyse CMOS circuits and subsystems and obtain the desired performance metrics.	K4
CO4	Design CMOS based combinational and sequential circuits for a given specification	K6

**COs-POs & PSOs MAPPING:**

CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PSO1	PSO2
CO1												2	2
CO2	3											3	3
CO3		1										1	1
CO4			1		1			1	1	1		1	1
@	3	1	1		1			1	1	1		3	3

1-Low, 2-Medium, 3-High, @-Overall Contribution to the Course

**LIST OF EXPERIMENTS**

1. Compute DFT
2. FFT Algorithms
3. Linear filtering using FFT
4. Filtering long data sequences
5. IIR filter design using BLT
6. IIR filter design using IIT
7. FIR filter design using windows
8. Analysis of Finite word length effects
9. Signal generation
10. Linear convolution
11. FIR filter
12. IIR filter

**AUGMENTED EXPERIMENTS\***

1. Design of a Sample Rate Converter for CD-to-DVD Audio Data Formats
2. Generation of Dual Tone Multi Frequency Signals (DTMF) using DFT

\* Augmented experiments will be evaluated at the end of the semester.

**Total P: 30 periods**

**TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Vinay K Ingle and John G Proakis, '*Digital signal processing using MATLAB*', Brooks / Cole, California, United States, 2011

**REFERENCES:**

1. Mitra S K , '*Digital Signal Processing – A Computer based Approach*', Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi, 2010.
2. Vinay K Ingle, John G Proakis, '*Digital signal processing using MATLAB*', United States, Brooks / Cole, California, 2011.
3. B Venkatramani and M Bhaskar, '*Digital Signal Processor Architecture, Programming and Application*', McGraw-Hill, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition 2002.

**COURSE OUTCOMES:**

At the end of the course, students will be able to:		Bloom's Level
CO1	Use modern tools to carry out analysis on Signals using Discrete Fourier Transform, and to simulate filters for chosen applications.	K3
CO2	Implement and analyze signal processing operations and filters using DSP processor	K4

**COs-POs & PSOs MAPPING:**

CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	3				3			3				3	3
CO2		3			3			3				3	3
@	3	3			3			3				3	3

1-Low, 2-Medium, 3-High, @-Overall Contribution to the Course

**LIST OF EXPERIMENTS:**

1. Characteristics of NMOS and PMOS transistors
2. Design and Simulation of nMOS inverter, CMOS inverter, Pseudo nMOS inverter and obtaining its Transfer characteristics, Noise Margin
3. Power analysis of nMOS inverter, CMOS inverter and Pseudo NMOS inverter
4. Design of combinational Static CMOS circuits - Complementary CMOS, Pass transistors, Transmission gates
5. Design of combinational Dynamic CMOS circuits –Domino, npCMOS logic
6. Design and Simulation of simple combinational and sequential circuits using CMOS gates (Encoder, Multiplexer, Code Converters, Counters, Registers)
7. Design and Simulation of static and dynamic flip flops – C2MOS, Pseudo static, NORA CMOS
8. Design and Simulation of subsystem modules-Adders, Multipliers
9. Design and simulation of 6-T SRAM memory cell
10. Design, Simulation, and FPGA Implementation of a Priority Encoder using HDL
11. Design, Simulation, and FPGA Implementation of JK Flipflop using HDL
12. Design, Simulation, and FPGA Implementation of 4-bit Synchronous/Asynchronous up/down using HDL
13. Design, Simulation, and FPGA Implementation of sequence detector using HDL

**AUGMENTED EXPERIMENTS\***

1. FPGA Implementation of UART Protocol using Verilog HDL on ZedBoard
2. Design and Interface a 7-Segment Display Controller using Verilog HDL. Simulate and implement on ZedBoard FPGA.

**Total P: 60 periods****COURSE OUTCOMES:**

At the end of this course students will be able to		Bloom's Level
CO1	Apply the concepts of CMOS technology and digital circuits to create basic building blocks	K3
CO2	Analyze schematics using basic building blocks along with design optimization techniques.	K4
CO3	Develop experiments on Analog and Digital circuits using modern EDA tools	K6

**COs-POs & PSOs MAPPING:**

CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	3				3			3				3	3
CO2		3			3			3				3	3
CO3			2		2			2				2	2
@	3	3	2		3			3				3	3

**1-Low, 2-Medium, 3-High, @-Overall Contribution to the Course**

**LIST OF EXPERIMENTS:**

1. Scrambler and Descrambler
2. Linear Block Coder and decoder
3. Cyclic Coder and decoder
4. Convolutional Coder
5. Line Encoder and Decoder
6. Error performance of ASK, FSK and PSK schemes
7. Signal Transmission and Reception using Software Defined Radios
8. Spread Spectrum Systems - DSSS, FHSS
9. Viterbi decoder for decoding Convolutional codes
10. Simulation of Synchronization & Equalization techniques
11. Modeling wireless fading channels
12. Simulation of OFDM with MIMO

**Total P: 30 Periods****REFERENCES:**

1. Lathi B P, 'Modern Digital and Analog Communication Systems', Oxford University Press, 2017
2. Proakis J G and Salehi M, 'Contemporary Communication Systems using MATLAB', PWS Publishing Company, 2013.
3. Dennis Silage, 'Digital Communication Systems Using MATLAB and Simulink', Bookstand Publishing, 2016.

**COURSE OUTCOMES:**

At the end of the course, students will be able to:		Bloom's Level
<b>CO1</b>	Demonstrate the generation, modulation, and demodulation of analog and digital signals including AM, FM, BFSK, BPSK, QPSK, and QAM schemes.	<b>K3</b>
<b>CO2</b>	Implement and evaluate digital communication techniques including source coding, channel coding, and performance analysis over AWGN channels using Software Defined Radio.	<b>K4</b>

**COs-POs & PSOs MAPPING:**

CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PSO1	PSO2
<b>CO1</b>	3				3			3				3	3
<b>CO2</b>		3			3			3				3	3
<b>@</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>3</b>			<b>3</b>			<b>3</b>				<b>3</b>	<b>3</b>

**1-Low, 2-Medium, 3-High, @-Overall Contribution to the Course**

**OBJECTIVES**

- Identification of a real time problem in thrust areas.
- Developing a mathematical model for solving the above problem.
- Finalization of system requirements and specifications.
- Simulation / Implementation of different solutions for the problem based on literature survey Future trends in providing alternate solutions.
- Consolidated report preparation of the above.

**COURSE OUTCOMES**

At the end of the course, students will be able to:		<b>Bloom's Level</b>
<b>CO1</b>	Apply engineering knowledge to identify, analyze, design, and implement a real-time problem using appropriate tools and techniques, while considering societal, environmental, ethical aspects, working effectively in teams, communicating results clearly, and engaging in lifelong learning.	<b>K6</b>

**COS-POS & PSOS MAPPING**

CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PSO1	PSO2
<b>CO1</b>	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
<b>@</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>3</b>

1-Low, 2-Medium, 3-High, @-Overall Contribution to the Course

**25EEC05 ENHANCING PROBLEM SOLVING ABILITY WITH CODE**  
(Common to ECE and EE-VLSI)

**SOFTWARE EXPERIMENTS:**

1. Compilation, Namespace, Header file, Data types, Variables, Declaration, Scope of variables
2. Input / Output, Type Conversion, Operators
3. For, While, Do-while, break, continue.
4. Decision Making
5. Problem solving Pattern Programming
6. Arrays
7. Call by value & Call by reference, with and without arguments
8. Functions, Recursion & Strings
9. Structures & Union
10. Command Line Argument
11. Structure using Pointers
12. Handling Stress
13. Handling Peer pressure
14. Resume progress check

**Total P: 30 Periods**

**REFERENCES:**

1. Gayle Laakmann McDowell, '*Cracking the Coding Interview: 150 Programming Questions and Solutions*', S Chand Publishing, New Delhi, 5<sup>th</sup> Edition, 2015.
2. John Mongan, Noah Kindler and Eric Giguère, '*Programming Interviews Exposed: Secrets to Landing Your Next Job*', Wrox, New Delhi, 5<sup>th</sup> Edition, 2018.

## SEVENTH SEMESTER

## 25EC701 RF PASSIVE AND ACTIVE CIRCUITS

3 0 0 3

**MICROWAVE SOURCES:** Introduction to Microwave frequencies and systems - RF behaviour of passive components- High frequency limitations of conventional tubes- Two cavity Klystron and Reflex klystron - Magnetron oscillator- Microwave solid state devices: Microwave Transistors - Gunn diode oscillators-Microwave network analysis-Scattering matrix. (9)

**RF PASSIVE CIRCUITS:** Basic properties of ferrite material - Ferrite based isolator-Phase Shifters-Circulator - Series and Parallel Resonant Circuits - Transmission Line Resonators- Microwave Resonators. (9)

**COUPLERS AND FILTERS:** Directional Couplers- Quadrature Hybrid Couplers - T-Junction Power Divider - Microwave Filters: Design by the Insertion Loss Methods- Implementation. (9)

**RF ACTIVE CIRCUITS:** Characteristics of RF Transistors- Gain and Stability - Single- Stage Transistor Amplifier Design - Oscillator Design - Detectors and Mixers. (9)

**APPLICATIONS:** Microwave radio stations –Diversity- system gain- Radio receiver architectures- RF section in cellular phone- Radar systems-Microwave heating-Biological effects and safety. (9)

Total: L: 45 periods

**TEXT BOOKS:**

1. David M Pozar, '*Microwave Engineering*', John Wiley and Sons, 4<sup>th</sup> Edition, 2017.
2. Liao Y S, '*Microwave Devices and Circuits*', New Delhi, 2013.

**REFERENCES:**

1. Reinhold Ludwig and Pavel Bretchko, '*RF Circuit Design: Theory and Applications*', Asia Publication, 2012.
2. Tomasi W, '*Advanced Electronics Communication System*', Prentice Hall Inc, 2014.

**COURSE OUTCOMES:**

At the end of this course students will be able to:		Bloom's Level
CO1	Interpret the functionality of RF active and passive circuits or components.	K2
CO2	Construct RF passive and active circuits for wireless devices	K3
CO3	Analyze the passive and active circuits and chose the components for the design of wireless devices	K4
CO4	Design and simulate RF circuits using simulation tool like ADS as a team	

**COS-POS & PSOS MAPPING**

CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PSO1	PSO2
CO1												3	3
CO2	3											3	3
CO3		2										2	2
CO4					1			1	1			1	1
@	3	2			1			1	1			3	3

1-Low, 2-Medium, 3-High, @-Overall Contribution to the Course

**HARDWARE EXPERIMENTS:**

1. Study of Klystron oscillator characteristics.
2. Study of GUNN diode characteristics
3. Determination of Directional Coupler characteristics
4. Determination of VSWR and reflection coefficient.
5. Determination of radiation pattern of horn antenna
6. Determination of radiation pattern and return loss of planar antenna.
7. Determination of characteristics of Directional Coupler and Filter using MIC Kit
8. Study of measurement of S-parameters of micro strip components using vector network analyzer
9. Design and Simulation of RF lumped element filters.
10. Design and Simulation of Filter using Microstrip line
11. Design and Simulation of Branch line coupler
12. Design and simulation of RF amplifier.

**AUGUMENTED EXPERIMENTS:**

1. Design, Simulation, fabrication and testing of Antenna
2. Design, Simulation, fabrication and testing of LNA

**REFERENCES:**

1. David M Pozar, 'Microwave Engineering', John Wiley and Sons, 2011.

**COURSE OUTCOMES:**

At the end of this course students will be able to:		Bloom's Level
CO1	Understand the characteristics and behaviour of RF and microwave devices	K2
CO2	Simulate RF active and passive circuits	K3

**COS-POS & PSOS MAPPING**

CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PSO1	PSO2
CO1					3			3				3	3
CO2	3				3			3				3	3
@	3				3			3				3	3

1-Low, 2-Medium, 3-High, @-Overall Contribution to the Course

**25ECE05 PROJECT WORK -I**

0042

- Identification of a real time problem in thrust areas.
- Developing a mathematical model for solving the above problem.
- Finalization of system requirements and specifications.
- Simulation / Implementation of different solutions for the problem based on literature survey Future trends in providing alternate solutions.
- Consolidated report preparation of the above.

**COURSE OUTCOMES:**

At the end of the course, students will be able to:		<b>Bloom's Level</b>
<b>CO1</b>	Apply engineering knowledge to identify, analyze, design, and implement a real-time problem using appropriate tools and techniques, while considering societal, environmental, ethical aspects, working effectively in teams, communicating results clearly, and engaging in lifelong learning.	<b>K6</b>

**COs-POs & PSOs MAPPING:**

CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PSO1	PSO2
<b>CO1</b>	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
<b>@</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>3</b>

1-Low, 2-Medium, 3-High, @-Overall Contribution to the Course

**25ECE06 INTENSHP -II**

0001

**OBJECTIVES:**

- To expose students to industrial practices and work culture
- To apply classroom concepts in real-time scenarios
- To enhance technical, communication, and teamwork skills
- To understand professional ethics and responsibilities
- To work under the guidance of an industry mentor
- To Understand organizational structure and workflow
- To contribute Involvement in assigned tasks/projects
- To Consolidated report preparation of the above

**COURSE OUTCOMES:**

At the end of the course, students will be able to:		<b>Bloom's Level</b>
<b>CO1</b>	Apply engineering knowledge in real-time industrial environments to perform assigned tasks under guidance, analyze and solve practical problems using appropriate tools, adapt to organizational work culture, demonstrate technical, teamwork, and communication skills, follow professional ethics, and document and present the work effectively while engaging in continuous learning.	<b>K6</b>

**COs-POs & PSOs MAPPING:**

CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PSO1	PSO2
<b>CO1</b>	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
<b>@</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>3</b>

1-Low, 2-Medium, 3-High, @-Overall Contribution to the Course

## EIGHTH SEMESTER

## 25ECE07 PROJECT WORK -II

0084

- Identification of a real time problem in thrust areas.
- Developing a mathematical model for solving the above problem.
- Finalization of system requirements and specifications.
- Simulation / Implementation of different solutions for the problem based on literature survey Future trends in providing alternate solutions.
- Consolidated report preparation of the above.

**COURSE OUTCOMES:**

At the end of the course, students will be able to:		<b>Bloom's Level</b>
<b>CO1</b>	Apply engineering knowledge to identify, analyze, design, and implement a real-time problem using appropriate tools and techniques, while considering societal, environmental, ethical aspects, working effectively in teams, communicating results clearly, and engaging in lifelong learning.	<b>K6</b>

**COs-POs & PSOs MAPPING:**

CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PSO1	PSO2
<b>CO1</b>	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
<b>@</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>3</b>

1-Low, 2-Medium, 3-High, @-Overall Contribution to the Course

**PROFESSIONAL ELECTIVE COURSES****Vertical I: VLSI Design and Testing****25ECP01 MIXED SIGNAL IC DESIGN****(Common to ECE and EE-VLSI)****3 0 0 3**

**SAMPLING AND ALIASING:** Sampling: Impulse Sampling, Decimation, The Sample and Hold (S/H), The Track and Hold (T/H), Interpolation, Circuits: Implementing the S/H, The S/H with Gain, The Discrete Analog Integrator (DAI). (9)

**INTEGRATOR BASED CMOS FILTERS:** Integrator Building Blocks: Low Pass Filters, Active-RC Integrators, MOSFET-C Integrators,  $g_m$ -C (Transconductance-C) Integrators, Discrete-Time Integrators. Filtering Topologies: The Bilinear Transfer Function, The Biquadratic Transfer Function. (9)

**DIGITAL FILTERS:** SPICE Models for DACs and ADCs: The Ideal DAC and ADC, Number Representation, Sinc-Shaped Digital Filters: The Counter, Lowpass Sinc Filters, Bandpass and High pass Sinc Filters, Interpolation and Decimation using Sinc Filters, Filtering Topologies: The Bilinear Transfer Function, The Biquadratic Transfer Function. (9)

**DATA CONVERTER ARCHITECTURES:** DAC Architectures: Resistor string, R-2R ladder Networks, Current Steering, Charge Scaling DACs, Cyclic DAC, and Pipeline DAC. ADC Architectures: Flash, Two-step flash ADC, Pipeline ADC, Integrating ADC's, Successive Approximation ADC. (9)

**IMPLEMENTING DATA CONVERTERS:** R-2R Topologies for DAC: The Current-Mode R-2R DAC, The Voltage-Mode R-2R DAC, Topologies Without an Op-Amp, Op-Amps in Data Converters: Op-Amp Gain, Op-Amp Unity Gain Frequency, Op-Amp Offset, Implementing ADCs: The Cyclic ADC, The Pipeline ADC. (9)

**Total L: 45 Periods****TEXT BOOKS:**

1. R Jacob Baker, 'CMOS Mixed Signal Circuit Design', Wiley India, IEEE Press, Reprint 2008.
2. R Jacob Baker, 'CMOS Circuit Design, Layout and Simulation', Wiley India, IEEE Press, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, Reprint 2009.

**REFERENCES:**

1. Behzad Razavi, 'Design of Analog CMOS Integrated Circuits', McGraw Hill, 33<sup>rd</sup> Reprint, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, 2001.
2. Behzad Razavi, 'Principles of Data Conversion System Design', IEEE Press, 1995.
3. Rudy Van de Plassche, 'CMOS Integrated Analog-to-Digital and Digital-to-Analog Converters', Kluwer Academic Publishers, Boston, 2003
4. David A Johns and Ken Martin, 'Analog IC Design', Wiley 2008.

**COURSE OUTCOMES:**

At the end of the course, students will be able to:		Bloom's Level
CO1	Understand the fundamental principles and design techniques of mixed-signal circuits used in analog and digital signal processing	K2
CO2	Apply the principles of mixed-signal circuit design to develop and implement circuits for communication and signal processing applications	K3
CO3	Analyze the performance of mixed-signal circuits to evaluate their functionality in communication and signal processing applications	K4
CO4	Present a case study that demonstrates the application and performance evaluation of mixed-signal circuits in real-world signal processing scenario.	

**COs-POs & PSOs MAPPING:**

CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PSO1	PSO2
CO1												1	1
CO2	3											3	3
CO3		1										1	1
CO4					1			1	1			1	1
@	3	1			1			1	1			3	3

**1-Low, 2-Medium, 3-High, @-Overall Contribution to the Course**

**25ECP02 CAD FOR VLSI**  
(Common to ECE and EE-VLSI)

3 0 0 3

**ALGORITHM & SYNTHESIS:** VLSI Design cycle - Role of CAD tools in the VLSI Design process -data structures and algorithms: Complexity of algorithms, General purpose methods for combinatorial optimization, logic synthesis – two level synthesis, Binary decision diagrams, and ROBDD principles. (9)

**PARTITIONING AND PLACEMENT ALGORITHMS:** Partitioning - KL, FM algorithms, Placement – Simulation based algorithms- Simulated Annealing, Force Directed Algorithm, Partitioning based algorithms- Breuer’s Algorithm, Terminal propagation Algorithm, Cluster Growth Algorithm. (9)

**FLOOR PLANNING AUTOMATION:** Floor planning – slicing floor plan, Constraint Based Floor Planning, Integer Program Based Floor planning – Pin Assignment. (9)

**ROUTING ALGORITHMS:** Grid routing – Maze Routing Algorithms, Global routing - Shortest Path Based Algorithms, Steiner tree-based Algorithms, detailed routing – Left Edge algorithm, Dog-Leg Algorithm, Greedy Channel Routing, Switch Box Routing algorithms- over the cell routing, Clock Routing. (9)

**LAYOUT SYNTHESIS AND OPTIMIZATION:** Layout generation and Optimization of standard cell layout, gate matrix layout and PLA, Layout Compaction – one dimensional and two-dimensional compaction. (9)

**Total L: 45 Periods**

**TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Sherwani N A, ‘*Algorithms for VLSI Physical Design Automation*’, Kluwer, 2007.
2. Sait S M and Youssef H, ‘*VLSI Physical Design Automation*’, World Scientific, 2004.

**REFERENCES:**

1. Sarrafzadeh M and Wong C K, ‘*An Introduction to VLSI Physical Design*’, McGraw Hill, 2015.
2. Trimberger S M, ‘*An Introduction to CAD for VLSI*’, Kluwer, 1987.
3. Sait, S M and Youssef ‘Habib, *VLSI Physical Design Automation – Theory and Practice*’, World Scientific, 2004.
4. Andrew B Kahng, Jens Lienig Igor L Markov and Jin Hu ‘*VLSI Physical Design: From Graph Partitioning to Timing Closure*’, Springer, 2011.

**COURSE OUTCOMES:**

At the end of the course, students will be able to:		Bloom’s Level
<b>CO1</b>	Explain the role of CAD tools, and key algorithmic concepts including logic synthesis, optimization methods, and data structures like BDD and ROBDD.	<b>K2</b>
<b>CO2</b>	Apply partitioning, placement, floor planning, and routing algorithms to automate and optimize the VLSI physical design process.	<b>K3</b>
<b>CO3</b>	Analyze various partitioning, placement, floor planning, and routing algorithms to enhance overall efficiency.	<b>K4</b>

**COs-POs & PSOs MAPPING:**

CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PSO1	PSO2
<b>CO1</b>												2	2
<b>CO2</b>	3											3	3
<b>CO3</b>		2										2	2
<b>@</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>2</b>										<b>3</b>	<b>3</b>

**1-Low, 2-Medium, 3-High, @-Overall Contribution to the Course**

**25ECP03 LOW POWER IC DESIGN**  
(Common to ECE and EE-VLSI)

3 0 0 3

**PRINCIPLES OF LOW POWER IC DESIGN:** Need for Low power VLSI chips - Sources of Power Dissipation, Dynamic Power Dissipation- Switching and Short Circuit Power Dissipation, Static power Dissipation, Glitching power Dissipation, Short channel Effects, Low power Adder and Low power Multipliers. (10)

**POWER REDUCTION AT THE CIRCUIT LEVEL:** Adjustable Device Threshold Voltage, Adiabatic Computation, CMOS Floating Node - Transistor and Gate Sizing – Equivalent Pin Ordering – Network Restructuring and Reorganization – Special Latches and Flip Flops – Low Power Digital Cell Library. (10)

**POWER REDUCTION AT THE LOGIC LEVEL:** Gate Reorganization – Signal Gating – Logic Encoding – State Machine Encoding – Precomputation Logic, Switching Activity Reduction- Pass Transistor Logic Synthesis. (7)

**POWER REDUCTION AT THE ARCHITECTURE AND SYSTEM LEVEL: Pipelining and** Parallel Architecture with Voltage Reduction – Flow Graph Transformation – Power Reduction in Clock Networks - Low Power Bus-Software power estimation and optimization techniques- Power and Performance management (9)

**POWER ANALYSIS:** Simulation power Analysis - Gate-Level Analysis - Architecture level Analysis – Data Correlation Analysis – Monte Carlo Simulation - Probabilistic Power Analysis Techniques. (9)

**Total L: 45 Periods**

**TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Gary K Yeap, 'Practical Low Power Digital VLSI Design', Kluwer academic publishers, 2012.
2. Kaushik Roy and Sharat C Prasad, 'Low Power CMOS VLSI circuit Design', John Wiley & Sons, 2009.
3. Sung-Mo Kang and Yusuf Leblebici, 'CMOS Digital Integrated Circuits – Analysis and Design', TMH, 2011.
4. Kiat-Seng Yeo and Kaushik Roy, 'Low-Voltage, Low-Power VLSI Subsystems', TMH Professional Engineering, 2004.

**REFERENCES:**

1. Kuo J B and Lou J H , 'Low Voltage CMOS VLSI Circuits', John Wiley & Sons, 2001.
2. A P Chandrakasan and R W Brodersen, 'Low Power Digital CMOS Design', Kluwer Academic Publishers, 1995
3. Abdelatif Belaouar and Mohamed I Elmasry, 'Low-Power Digital VLSI Design: Circuits and Systems', Kluwer Academic Press, 1995.
4. Sasan Iman and Massoud Pedram, 'Logic Synthesis for Low Power VLSI Designs', Kluwer Academic Publishers, 1998.

**COURSE OUTCOMES:**

At the end of the course, students will be able to:		Bloom's Level
CO1	Explain the concepts of low power design approaches	K2
CO2	Apply the low power techniques to design power efficient arithmetic blocks and memories	K3
CO3	Analyse and compare various design architectures based on design metrics	K4

**COs-POs & PSOs MAPPING:**

CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PSO1	PSO2
CO1												3	3
CO2	3											3	3
CO3		2			2							2	2
@	3	2			2							3	3

1-Low, 2-Medium, 3-High, @-Overall Contribution to the Course

**25ECP04 VLSI SIGNAL PROCESSING**  
(Common to ECE and EE-VLSI)

3 0 0 3

**FUNDAMENTALS OF DSP AND VLSI ARCHITECTURES :** Review of Discrete-Time Signal Processing - DSP system representations: Data flow graph, Signal flow graph - Introduction to VLSI design flow - Effect of hardware implementation of DSP algorithms -Performance metrics. (9)

**PIPELINING AND PARALLEL PROCESSING:** Pipelining and parallel processing techniques - Iteration bound and critical path - Retiming and unfolding - Folding transformation -Scheduling and resource allocation. (9)

**SYSTOLIC ARCHITECTURE DESIGN AND OPTIMIZATION:** Basics of systolic architectures - Case studies: convolution, matrix multiplication - Mapping DSP algorithms to systolic arrays - Design space exploration and trade-offs. (9)

**BIT-LEVEL ARITHMETIC ARCHITECTURES:** Bit-level architectures for arithmetic operations - Design of fast adders, multipliers, MAC units - Redundant number systems - Distributed arithmetic - Implementation using fixed-point arithmetic. (9)

**SIGNAL PROCESSING APPLICATIONS:** Numerical strength reduction techniques - Low-power design techniques for DSP - Use of FPGAs and ASICs for DSP - DFT, FFT, DCT, FIR filter banks - Complete hardware realization of a DSP block. (9)

**Total: 45 Periods**

**TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Keshab K. Parhi, '*LSI Digital Signal Processing – Design and implementation*', Wiley – Interscience, 1999.
2. Steven W Smith, '*Digital Signal processing- A Practical Guide for Engineers and Scientists*', Elsevier, 2003.

**REFERENCES:**

1. Michael John and Sebastian Smith, '*Application-Specific Integrated Circuits*', Wesley Professional, 2002.
2. Lars Wanhammer, '*DSP Integrated Circuits*', Academic Press, 1999.

**COURSE OUTCOMES:**

At the end of the course, students will be able to:		Bloom's Level
<b>CO1</b>	Explain discrete-time signal processing concepts, represent DSP systems using data flow and signal flow graphs, describe various design techniques and performance metrics for DSP hardware implementation.	<b>K2</b>
<b>CO2</b>	Apply design techniques to optimize DSP algorithms.	<b>K3</b>
<b>CO3</b>	Analyze various architectures for signal processing applications.	<b>K4</b>

**COs-POs & PSOs MAPPING:**

CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PSO1	PSO2
<b>CO1</b>												3	3
<b>CO2</b>	3											3	3
<b>CO3</b>		2										2	2
<b>@</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>2</b>										<b>3</b>	<b>3</b>

**1-Low, 2-Medium, 3-High, @-Overall Contribution to the Course**

## 25ECP05 CMOS ANALOG IC DESIGN

3 0 0 3

**SINGLE STAGE AND DIFFERENTIAL AMPLIFIERS:** Single Stage Amplifiers: Common-Source stage, Source Follower, Common-Gate Stage, Cascode Stage, Differential Amplifiers: Single-Ended and Differential Operation, Basic Differential Pair, Common-Mode Response, Differential Pair with MOS Loads. (9)

**HIGH FREQUENCY AND NOISE CHARACTERISTICS OF AMPLIFIERS:** Miller effect, association of poles with nodes, frequency response of CS, CG and Source Follower, Cascode and Differential Amplifier stages, Noise: statistical characteristics of noise, Types of Noise, Representation of Noise in Circuits, Noise in Single Stage and Differential Amplifiers. (9)

**FEEDBACK AND OPERATIONAL AMPLIFIERS:** Feedback: Properties and types of negative feedback circuits, Feedback Topologies, Effect of loading in feedback networks, Op-Amp: Operational amplifier performance parameters, single stage Op Amps, two-stage Op Amps, input range limitations, gain boosting, slew rate, power supply rejection. (9)

**STABILITY AND FREQUENCY COMPENSATION:** Multipole Systems, Phase Margin, Frequency Compensation, Compensation of Two Stage Op Amps, Slewing In Two Stage Op Amps, Other Compensation Techniques. (9)

**SWITCHED CAPACITOR CIRCUITS AND OSCILLATORS:** Switched-Capacitor Circuits: General Considerations, Sampling Switches, Switched-Capacitor Amplifiers, Switched-Capacitor Integrator, Oscillators: General Considerations, Ring Oscillators, LC Oscillators, Voltage-Controlled Oscillators (VCOs), Mathematical model of VCOs. (9)

Total L: 45 Periods

**TEXT BOOK:**

1. Behzad Razavi, 'Design of Analog CMOS Integrated Circuits', Tata McGraw Hill, 2001.

**REFERENCES:**

1. Willey M C Sansen, 'Analog Design Essentials', Springer, 2006.
2. R Jacob Baker, 'CMOS Circuit Design, Layout and Simulation', Wiley India, IEEE Press, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, Reprint 2009.
3. Grebene, 'Bipolar and MOS Analog Integrated Circuit Design', John Wiley & Sons, Inc., 2003.
4. Phillip Allen and Douglas Holmberg, 'CMOS Analog Circuit Design', Oxford University Press, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, 2004.

**COURSE OUTCOMES:**

At the end of the course, students will be able to:		Bloom's Level
CO1	Understand the fundamental concepts and design principles of Analog circuits	K2
CO2	Apply Analog circuit design principles to create and optimize amplifiers, feedback systems, and oscillators in real-world applications	K3
CO3	Analyze Analog circuit designs to evaluate their performance and identify areas for improvement and optimization	K4
CO4	Design Analog circuits by applying core principles to meet specific performance and functional requirements in practical applications	K6

**COs-POs & PSOs MAPPING:**

CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PSO1	PSO2
CO1												1	1
CO2	3											3	3
CO3		1										1	1
CO4			1		1			1				1	1
@	3	1	1		1			1				3	3

1-Low, 2-Medium, 3-High, @-Overall Contribution to the Course

## 25ECP06 VLSI TESTING DESIGN FOR TESTABILITY

3 0 0 3

**INTRODUCTION TO VLSI TESTING:** Importance of testing in VLSI design and manufacturing - Defect and fault modeling: stuck-at, bridging, delay, and crosstalk faults - Test economics and yield analysis - Overview of VLSI design flow and its impact on testability. (9)

**FAULT SIMULATION AND TEST PATTERN GENERATION:** Fault simulation techniques: serial, parallel, deductive, and concurrent - Automatic Test Pattern Generation (ATPG) algorithms: D-algorithm, PODEM, FAN - Test generation for combinational and sequential circuits - Testability measures and fault coverage analysis. (9)

**DESIGN FOR TESTABILITY (DFT) TECHNIQUES:** Scan design methodologies: full scan, partial scan, and scan path design - Built-In Self-Test (BIST) architectures: logic BIST, memory BIST - Boundary scan and IEEE 1149.1 (JTAG) standard - Test compression techniques and test access mechanisms. (9)

**ADVANCED VLSI TESTING:** Delay fault testing and path delay fault models - Analog and mixed-signal testing methodologies - System-on-Chip (SoC) and Network on Chip (NoC) testing challenges and solutions - Fault diagnosis and debugging strategies. (9)

**TESTABLE MEMORY DESIGN:** RAM Fault models -Testing algorithms for RAMs – Pattern sensitive faults – BIST Techniques for RAM chips – Test generation and BIST for Embedded RAMs. (9)

**Total L: 45 Periods****TEXT BOOKS**

1. Miron Abramovici, Melvin A Breuer and Arthur D Friedman, '*Digital Systems Testing and Testable Design*', Wiley-IEEE Press, 1990.
2. P K Lala, '*Digital Circuit Testing and Testability*', Academic Press, 1997.

**REFERENCES:**

1. Michael Lee Bushnell and Vishwani Agrawal, '*Essentials of Electronic Testing for Digital, Memory and Mixed Signal VLSI Circuits*', Kluwer Academics, 2002.
2. Laung-Terng Wang, Cheng-Wen Wu and Xiaoqing Wen, '*VLSI Test Principles and Architectures: Design for Testability*', Elsevier Morgan Kaufmann Publishers, 2006.

**COURSE OUTCOMES:**

At the end of the course, students will be able to:		Bloom's Level
CO1	Explain the need for testing in VLSI design and describe various defect, fault modelling techniques and scan design methodologies.	K2
CO2	Apply fault simulation techniques and generate test patterns using ATPG algorithms.	K3
CO3	Analyze VLSI circuits with testability features, testing algorithms for RAMs, issues including delay faults and mixed-signal circuits.	K4

**COs-POs & PSOs MAPPING:**

CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PSO1	PSO2
CO1												2	2
CO2	3											3	3
CO3		2										2	2
@	3	2										3	3

1-Low, 2-Medium, 3-High, @-Overall Contribution to the Course

**SV FUNDAMENTALS:** Creating a Class and understanding its declaration, Using constructor to dynamically change data members, Writing data to data member using function, Reading data from the function. (9)

**SV TESTBENCH COMPONENTS:** Components of SV Testbench, Understanding Transaction, Randomization in SV, Constraints, Fork Join, Fork Join \_Any, Fork Join, None, Event and Mailbox, Generator, Driver, Interface, Monitor, Scoreboard, Environment, Complete Testbench for a combinational circuit, sequential circuit and FSM. (9)

**UVM FUNDAMENTALS:** Polymorphism, Factory usages, UVM\_Object Class, UVM\_Component, Create and new methods, Object\_utils, Configuration method to change Verbosity level. (9)

**ADVANCED UVM COMPONENTS AND TLM TECHNIQUES:** Creating UVM Sequence Item, Constraints, reusability, UVM Phases, end\_of\_elaboration phase, uvm\_common\_phase, Producer Consume Model, TLM blocking port, Transaction data in TLM Blocking port, global\_stop\_request, Independent Multiple TLM Blocking Port, TLM\_FIFO, TLM Analysis Port. (9)

**UVM TESTBENCH ARCHITECTURE AND COMPONNET INTEGRATION:** Interface, Monitor and Scoreboard, uvm\_config\_db, sequencer, Complete UVM Testbench for 4-bit Adder, Shift Registers, FSM and 8-bit RAM. (9)

**Total L: 45 Periods**

**TEXT BOOKS:’**

1. Chris Spear and Greg Tumbush, ‘*System Verilog for Verification: A Guide to Learning the Testbench Language Features*’, Springer, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, 2012.
2. UVM Class Reference, Accellera Systems Initiative.

**REFERENCES:**

1. Michael D Ciletti, ‘*Advanced Digital Design with the Verilog HDL*’, Pearson, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, 2010
2. Samir Palnitkar, ‘*Verilog HDL: A Guide to Digital Design and Synthesis*’, Prentice Hall, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, 2003
3. Janick Bergeron, ‘*Writing Testbenches using SystemVerilog*’, Springer, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, 2006.

**COURSE OUTCOMES:**

At the end of this course students will be able to:		Bloom’s Level
CO1	Understand SystemVerilog and UVM for developing Verification components and Testbenches for Digital Circuits	K2
CO2	Apply SystemVerilog and UVM methodologies to design and implement verification components, testbenches, and transaction-level models for verifying digital circuits.	K3
CO3	Analyze and evaluate the effectiveness of SystemVerilog and UVM testbenches and components in verifying the functionality and performance of digital circuits.	K4
CO4	Create efficient and reusable SystemVerilog and UVM-based testbenches and verification components for complex digital circuit designs.	K6

**COs-POs & PSOs MAPPING:**

CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PSO1	PSO2
CO1												1	1
CO2	3											3	3
CO3		1										1	1
CO4			1		1			1				1	1
@	3	1	1		1			1				3	3

1-Low, 2-Medium, 3-High, @-Overall Contribution to the Course

**25ECP08 VLSI ARCHITECTURES FOR AI APPLICATIONS**  
(Common to ECE and EE-VLSI)

3 0 0 3

**DIGITAL IMPLEMENTATION OF NEURAL NETWORK:** A VLSI Pipelined Neuroemulator, A Low Latency Digital Neural Network Architecture, MANTRA: A Multi-Model Neural-Network Computer, SPERT: A Neuro-Microprocessor, Design of Neural Self-Organization Chips for Semantic Applications, VLSI Implementation of a Digital Neural Network with Reward-Penalty Learning. (9)

**NEURAL NETWORKS ON MULTIPROCESSOR SYSTEMS AND APPLICATIONS:** VLSI-Implementation of Associative Memory Systems for Neural Information Processing, A Dataflow Approach for Neural Networks, A Custom Associative Chip Used as a Building Block for a Software Reconfigurable Multi-Network Simulator, Parallel Implementation of Neural Associative Memories on RISC Processors, A Cascadable VLSI Design for GENET, Knowledge Processing in Neural Architecture. (9)

**VLSI Machines for Artificial Intelligence:** Hardware Support for Data Parallelism in Production Systems, SPACE: Symbolic Processing in Associative Computing Elements, PALM: A Logic Programming System on a Highly Parallel Architecture, A Distributed Parallel Associative Processor (DPAP) for the Execution of Logic Programs. (9)

**Artificial Intelligence and Hardware Accelerators:** Artificial Intelligence Accelerators, AI Accelerators for Standalone Computer, AI Accelerators for Cloud and Server Applications, Overviewing AI-Dedicated Hardware for On-Device AI in Smartphones, Software Overview for On-Device AI and ML Benchmark in Smartphones, CNN Hardware Accelerator Architecture Design for Energy-Efficient AI. (9)

**Case Studies:** NLP-Based AI-Powered Sanskrit Voice Bot, Obstacle Detection System, FPGA-Based Automatic Speech Emotion Recognition, Hardware Implementation of RNN Using FPGA. (9)

Total L: 45 Periods

**TEXT BOOKS:**

1. José G Delgado-Frias and William R Moore, 'VLSI for Neural Networks and Artificial Intelligence', Springer, 1994.
2. Ashutosh Mishra, Jaekwang Cha, Hyunbin Park and Shiho Kim, 'Artificial Intelligence and Hardware Accelerators', Springer International Publishing, 2023.
3. Sheetal Umesh Bhandari and Anuradha D Thakare, 'Artificial Intelligence Applications and Reconfigurable Architectures', Wiley-Scrivener Publishing, 2023

**REFERENCES:**

1. V Sze, 'Designing Hardware for Machine Learning', in IEEE Solid-State Circuits Magazine, Vol. 9, No. 4, pp. 46-54, Fall 2017.
2. N R Shanbhag, N Verma, Y Kim, A D Patil and L R Varshney, 'Shannon-Inspired Statistical Computing for the Nanoscale Era', in Proceedings of the IEEE xplore, Vol. 107, No. 1, pp. 90-107, Jan. 2019.
3. V Sze, Y Chen, T Yang and J S Emer, 'Efficient Processing of Deep Neural Networks: A Tutorial and Survey', in Proceedings of the IEEE, Vol.105, No. 12, pp. 2295-2329, Dec. 2017.

**COURSE OUTCOMES:**

At the end of the course, students will be able to:		Bloom's Level
CO1	Explain the principles of VLSI architectures for neural networks, AI accelerators, and their role in AI applications.	K2
CO2	Design and implement VLSI-based neural networks and multiprocessor systems for AI tasks using modern tools and methodologies.	K3
CO3	Analyze the performance, energy efficiency, and scalability of AI hardware accelerators and assess real-world challenges in AI hardware implementation using various case studies	K4

**COs-POs & PSOs MAPPING:**

CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PSO1	PSO2
CO1												2	2
CO2	3											3	3
CO3		2										2	2
@	3	2										3	3

1-Low, 2-Medium, 3-High, @-Overall Contribution to the Course

**Vertical II: Signal Processing and Wireless Technologies****25ECP11 ADVANCED DIGITAL SIGNAL PROCESSING  
(Common to ECE and EE-VLSI)****3 0 0 3**

**INTRODUCTION:** DT signals and DT systems - DTFT - Random variables and random process – Autocorrelation function - Power spectral density. **(5)**

**MULTIRATE SIGNAL PROCESSING:** Down sampling - Up sampling - Noble identities - cascading sampling rate convertors - Decimation with transversal filters - interpolation with transversal filters - decimation with polyphase filters – interpolation with polyphase filters - decimation and interpolation with rational sampling factors - multistage implementation of sampling rate convertors. **(10)**

**POWER SPECTRUM ESTIMATION:** Nonparametric methods - Periodogram - Modified Periodogram - Bartlett - Welch & Blackman Tukey methods - Performance comparison - Parametric methods - Auto Regressive spectrum estimation - Relationship between autocorrelation and model parameters - Moving Average and Auto Regressive Moving Average spectrum estimation. **(10)**

**ADAPTIVE FILTERS:** Introduction to Wiener Filter - Adaptive Filter Applications - System identification - Inverse modeling - Prediction - Interference Cancellation - Adaptive linear combiner - Performance function - Gradient and Minimum Mean Square error - Gradient search by steepest descent method - LMS algorithm - Convergence of LMS algorithm – Learning curve - Introduction to RLS algorithm. **(10)**

**WAVELET TRANSFORMS:** Need for Time Frequency Analysis - Short time Fourier transform - short comings of STFT – Need for Wavelets - Continuous time Wavelet Transform - Multi Resolution Analysis - Haar and Daubechies wavelet functions - Introduction to Discrete Wavelet Transform. **(10)**

**Total L: 45 Periods****TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Monson H Hayes, ‘Statistical Digital Signal Processing and Modeling’, John Wiley and Sons, 2015.
2. Feachor E C and Jervis B W, ‘Digital Signal Processing: A Practical Approach’, Prentice Hall, 2015.

**REFERENCES:**

1. K P Soman, K I Ramach and N G Resmi , ‘Insight into Wavelets from Theory to Practice’, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, PHI, 2015.
2. Jaideva C Goswami and Andrew K Cha’, “Fundamentals of Wavelets – Theory, Algorithms and Applications”, John Wiley and Sons, 2015.
3. Vaidyanathan P P, ‘Multirate Systems and Filter Banks’, Prentice Hall, 2008.
4. Bernard Widrow and Samuel D Stearns, ‘Adaptive Signal Processing’, Prentice Hall, 2008.

**COURSE OUTCOMES:**

At the end of this course students will be able to:		Bloom’s Level
CO1	Explain the basic concepts of multirate signal processing and its applications to discrete random signals.	K2
CO2	Apply power spectral density applications to discrete random signals and systems.	K3
CO3	Analyze the types of wavelet transform, adaptive filtering algorithms / problems in signal processing applications.	K4
CO4	Implement / Develop code using suitable tool for Signal Processing applications such as multirate, adaptive filtering, and power spectrum estimation techniques.	K6

**COs-POs & PSOs MAPPING:**

CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PSO1	PSO2
CO1												1	1
CO2	3											3	3
CO3		1										1	1
CO4			1		1							1	1
@	3	1	1		1							3	3

**1-Low, 2-Medium, 3-High, @-Overall Contribution to the Course**

**25ECP12 DIGITAL IMAGE PROCESSING**  
(Common to ECE and EE-VLSI)

3 0 0 3

**DIGITAL IMAGE FUNDAMENTALS:** Two dimensional signals and systems - Mathematical preliminaries, Image sensing and acquisition-CCD, CMOS, X-Ray, CT, MRI, Ultrasound, SAR, IR, Thermal-Imaging, Image processing system- Image formation-Sampling and Quantization - Neighbours of pixel – Distance measures, Color models. (8)

**IMAGE TRANSFORMS:** Discrete Fourier transform - properties – Discrete Cosine Transform - Properties - KL Transform and SVD. (8)

**IMAGE ENHANCEMENT:** Point Operations - Histogram Equalization technique - Spatial Filtering – Low pass filtering, Median filtering, Sharpening Filters - frequency domain – Homomorphic filtering, Color Image enhancement. Case Study: Image enhancement, noise removal operations in an image. (10)

**IMAGE COMPRESSION:** Image Compressions models - Variable length coding - Bit plane coding – Predictive coding – JPEG, MPEG-2 Case Study: JPEG image compression using DCT coding. (9)

**IMAGE SEGMENTATION AND REPRESENTATION:** Discontinuity detection: Point, Line and Edge , Gradient operators , combined detection - Thresholding – Region based segmentation - Representation schemes: chain codes – Boundary descriptors: Simple, Shapes, Texture – Morphology : dilation and erosion, opening and closing. Case Study: Image Analysis: License plate detection, CT image analysis, crack detection, Missing component detection. (10)

Total L: 45 Periods

**TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Rafael C Gonzalez and Richard E Woods, ‘*Digital Image Processing*’, Pearson, India, 4<sup>th</sup> Edition, 2018.
2. Anil K Jain, ‘*Fundamentals of Digital Image Processing*’, Prentice Hall of India Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi, 1995.

**REFERENCES:**

1. Jayaraman S, Esakkirajan S and Veerakumar T, ‘*Digital Image Processing*’, 1<sup>st</sup> Edition, Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi, 2020.
2. Rafael C Gonzalez, Richard E.woods and Steven L Eddins, ‘*Digital Image Processing Using MATLAB*’, Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi, 2010.
3. Al Bovik , ‘*The Essential Guide to Image Processing*’, Academic Press, India, 2009.
4. Kenneth R Castleman, ‘*Digital Image Processing*’, Prentice Hall, New Delhi, 2008.

**COURSE OUTCOMES:**

At the end of the course, students will be able to:		Bloom’s Level
CO1	Explain the fundamentals of digital image processing, including digitization, sampling, quantization, and 2D-transforms.	K2
CO2	Apply image enhancement techniques in spatial and frequency domains for improved image quality.	K3
CO3	Analyze the effectiveness of image processing methods, including feature extraction, compression, and color models.	K4
CO4	Develop and implement MATLAB-based image processing algorithms for restoration, segmentation, compression, and recognition, with performance analysis as an individual/team.	K6

**COs-POs & PSOs MAPPING:**

CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PSO1	PSO2
CO1												3	3
CO2	3											3	3
CO3		2										2	2
CO4			1		1	1	1	1				1	1
@	3	2	1		1	1	1	1				3	3

1-Low, 2-Medium, 3-High, @-Overall Contribution to the Course

**25ECP13 SPEECH PROCESSING**  
(Common to ECE and EE-VLSI)

3 0 0 3

**FUNDAMENTALS OF SPEECH:** The Human speech production mechanism, Speech perception – human auditory system, Phonetics – articulatory phonetics, acoustic phonetics, and auditory phonetics, Source - Filter model - Lossless Tube Models, effect of losses in vocal tract, effect of radiation at lips, Digital Model of speech signals. (9)

**SPEECH SIGNAL ANALYSIS IN TIME DOMAIN:** Speech signal analysis, Time domain parameters of speech signal, Methods for extracting the parameters- Short time Energy, Short -time Average Magnitude, Short Time Zero crossing Rate (ZCR), The short Time Autocorrelation Function, Silence Discrimination using ZCR and energy, Pitch Period Estimation using Autocorrelation Function. (9)

**SPEECH SIGNAL ANALYSIS IN FREQUENCY DOMAIN:** Short Time Fourier analysis, Filter bank analysis, Homomorphic speech analysis - Homomorphic Systems for Convolution, The Complex Spectrum of Speech, The Homomorphic Vocoder, Formant and Pitch Estimation, Linear Predictive analysis of speech -Introduction, Basic Principles of Linear Predictive analysis of speech, Autocorrelation method, Covariance method. (9)

**SPEECH FEATURES:** Significance of speech features in speech-based applications, Speech Features – Cepstral Coefficients, Mel Frequency Cepstral Coefficients (MFCCs), Perceptual Linear Prediction (PLP), Log Frequency Power Coefficients (LFPCs), Filter bank and Zero Crossing Analysis, Analysis-by-Synthesis, Pitch Extraction. (9)

**SPEECH ENHANCEMENT AND APPLICATION:** Speech enhancement techniques: Single Microphone Approach: spectral subtraction, Enhancement by re-synthesis, Comb filter, Wiener filter. Applications of Speech Processing: Text-to-Speech system, Speaker recognition systems, hearing aid design and recognition systems. (9)

Total L: 45 Periods

**TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Lawrence Rabiner and B H Juang, 'Fundamentals of Speech Recognition', Prentice-Hall, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, 1993.
2. Ben Gold, Nelson Morgan and Dan Ellis, 'Speech and Audio Signal Processing: Processing and Perception of Speech and Music', Wiley, 2016.

**REFERENCES:**

1. Owens F J, 'Signal Processing of Speech', Macmillan, 2015.
2. H Anton, I Bivens and S Davis, 'Calculus', John Wiley and Sons, USA, 2016.
3. John R Deller Jr, John H L Hansen and John G Proakis, 'Discrete Time Processing of Speech Signal', IEEE Press, 2015.
4. Rabiner L R and Schaffer R W, "Digital Processing of Speech Signals", Pearson Education - India, 2015.
5. Thomas F Quatieri, 'Discrete-Time Speech Signal Processing – Principles and Practice', Pearson Education, 2001.

**COURSE OUTCOMES:**

At the end of the course, students will be able to:		Bloom's Level
CO1	Explain the mechanism of human speech production and models of speech signals	K2
CO2	Apply time and frequency domain models for speech signals	K3
CO3	Analyze the different features of speech signals	K4
CO4	Design and implement speech processing systems using appropriate tools and technologies	K6

**COs-POs & PSOs MAPPING:**

CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PSO1	PSO2
CO1												2	2
CO2	2											2	2
CO3		1										1	1
CO4			1		1							1	1
@	2	1	1		1							2	2

1-Low, 2-Medium, 3-High, @-Overall Contribution to the Course

**25ECP14 SOFTWARE DEFINED RADIO**  
(Common to ECE and EE-VLSI)

3 0 0 3

**INTRODUCTION TO SOFTWARE-DEFINED RADIO AND COGNITIVE RADIO:** Evolution of Software Defined Radio and Cognitive radio – goals – benefits – definitions – architectures - enabling technologies - radio frequency spectrum and regulations (9)

**SOFTWARE DEFINED RADIO ARCHITECTURE:** Cognition cycle – orient – plan - decide and act phases – organization of CR - SDR as a platform for Cognitive Radio – Hardware and Software Architectures - Overview of IEEE 802.22 standard for broadband wireless access in TV bands. (9)

**SPECTRUM SENSING AND DYNAMIC SPECTRUM ACCESS :** Introduction – Primary user detection techniques – energy detection - feature detection - matched filtering - cooperative detection and other approaches - Fundamental Tradeoffs in spectrum sensing - Spectrum Sharing Models of Dynamic Spectrum Access - Unlicensed and Licensed Spectrum Sharing - Fundamental Limits of Cognitive Radio. (9)

**MAC AND NETWORK LAYER DESIGN FOR SOFTWARE DEFINED RADIO:** MAC for cognitive radios: Polling – ALOHA - slotted ALOHA – CSMA -CSMA / CA - Network layer design: routing in cognitive radios - flow control and error control techniques (9)

**HARDWARE AND SOFTWARE FOR SDR:** DSP Processors, FPGA, ASICs. Trade-offs, GNU Radio-USRP. Case Studies: SPEAK easy, JRTS, SDR-3000 (9)

Total L: 45 Periods

**TEXT BOOKS:**

- Alexander M Wyglinski, Maziar Nekovee and Thomas Hou, ‘Cognitive Radio Communications and Networks – Principles and Practice’, Academic Press, Elsevier, 2010.
- Huseyin Arslan, ‘Cognitive Radio, Software Defined Radio and Adaptive Wireless Systems’, Springer, 2014.

**REFERENCES:**

- Bruce A Fette, ‘Cognitive Radio Technology’, Elsevier Science, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition 2009.
- Kwang Cheng Chen and Ramjee Prasad, ‘Cognitive Radio Networks’, John Wiley and Sons, 2009.
- Ezio Biglieri, Andrea J. Goldsmith, Dr. Larry J. Greenstein, Narayan B. Mandayam, and H. Vincent Poor, ‘Principles of Cognitive Radio’, Cambridge University Press, 2013.
- Ahmed Khattab, Dmitri Perkins, and Magdy Bayoumi, ‘Cognitive Radio Networks – From Theory to Practice’, Springer Series: Analog Circuits and Signal Processing, 2014.
- Geetam Singh Tomar, Ashish Bagwari, and Jyotshana Kanti, ‘Introduction to Cognitive Radio Networks and Applications’ CRC Press, Taylor & Francis Group, 2016.

**COURSE OUTCOMES:**

At the end of the course, students will be able to:		Bloom’s Level
CO1	Explain the principles and evolution of Software-Defined Radio and Cognitive Radio systems	K2
CO2	Apply spectrum sensing techniques and dynamic spectrum access mechanisms to compare the performance	K3
CO3	Analyze the OSI layer protocols suitable for SDR environments	K4
CO4	Evaluate the concepts through case studies	

**COs-POs & PSOs MAPPING:**

CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PSO1	PSO2
CO1												2	2
CO2	3											3	3
CO3		2										2	2
CO4				2							2	2	2
@	3	2		2							2	3	3

1-Low, 2-Medium, 3-High, @-Overall Contribution to the Course

**25ECP15 WAVELETS AND ITS APPLICATIONS**  
(Common to ECE and EE-VLSI)

3 0 0 3

**FOURIER ANALYSIS:** Fourier basis & Fourier Transform – failure of Fourier Transform – Need for Time-Frequency Analysis – Heisenberg ‘s Uncertainty principle – Short time Fourier transform (STFT)- shortcomings of STFT- Need for Wavelets. (9)

**CWT AND MRA:** Wavelet basis – Continuous time Wavelet Transform (CWT) – need for scaling function – Multi-Resolution Analysis (MRA) – important wavelets: Haar, Mexican hat, Meyer, Shannon, Daubachies. (9)

**INTRODUCTION TO MULTIRATE SYSTEMS:** Decimation and Interpolation in Time domain - Decimation and Interpolation in Frequency domain – Multi rate systems for a rational factor. (9)

**FILTER BANKS AND DWT:** Two channel filter bank – Perfect Reconstruction (PR) condition – relationship between filter banks and wavelet basis – DWT – Filter banks for Daubachies wavelet function. (9)

**ADVANCED TOPICS AND APPLICATIONS:** Introduction to Multiwavelets, Multidimensional wavelets – wavelet packet transform, wavelet frame transform- Feature extraction using wavelet coefficients, Image compression, Wavelet based denoising. (9)

Total L: 45 Periods

**TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Jaideva C Goswami and Andrew K Chan, ‘*Fundamentals of Wavelets – Theory, Algorithms and Applications*’, John Wiley & Sons, Singapore, 2011.
2. Soman K P and Ramachandran K I , ‘*Insight into wavelets from Theory to Practice*’, Prentice Hall, New Delhi, 2010.

**REFERENCES:**

1. Sidney Burrus C, ‘*Introduction to Wavelets and Wavelets Transforms*’, Prentice Hall, New Delhi, 2002.
2. Stephane G Mallat, ‘*A Wavelet Tour of Signal Processing*’, Academic Press, India, 2009.
3. Raghuvver M Rao and Ajit S Bopardikar, ‘*Wavelet Transforms: Introduction to Theory & Applications*’, Pearson Education, Asia, 2005.
4. Mani Mehra, ‘*Wavelets Theory and Its Applications: A First Course*’, Springer, 1<sup>st</sup> Edition, 2018.

**COURSE OUTCOMES:**

At the end of this course students will be able to:		Bloom’s Level
CO1	Explain the basic concepts of fourier analysis, multirate systems and multi resolution analysis.	K2
CO2	Apply the types of continuous and discrete wavelet transform to discrete time signals.	K3
CO3	Analyze filter banks and wavelet functions in signal processing applications.	K4
CO4	Implement / Develop code using suitable tool for wavelet transform applications in advanced topics.	K6

**COs-POs & PSOs MAPPING:**

CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PSO1	PSO2
CO1												1	1
CO2	3											3	3
CO3		1										1	1
CO4			1		1						1	1	1
@	3	1	1		1						1	3	3

1-Low, 2-Medium, 3-High, @-Overall Contribution to the Course

**25ECP16 BIOMEDICAL SIGNAL PROCESSING**  
(Common to ECE and EE-VLSI)

3 0 0 3

**INTRODUCTION TO BIOMEDICAL SIGNALS:** Nature and types of Biomedical Signals- action potential, electrocardiogram (ECG), electroencephalogram (EEG), electromyogram (EMG), electrogastrogram (EGG), electrooculogram (EOG), electroretinogram (ERG); Objectives of Biomedical Signal Analysis. (9)

**FILTERING TECHNIQUES FOR BIOMEDICAL SIGNALS:** Types of digital filters, The z-plane and pole-zero plots, The rubber membrane concept; FIR filters- Smoothing filters, derivative filters, Notch filters, Window design; IIR filters, Integer filters, Adaptive filters, Signal averaging. (9)

**THE CARDIOVASCULAR SYSTEM AND ECG SIGNAL PROCESSING:** Electrical activity of heart, ECG leads and recording system, Heart rhythms, Heartbeat morphologies, Noise and artifacts in ECG; ECG Signal Processing- baseline wander removal, powerline interference removal, QRS detection- differentiation and template matching techniques, Pan-Tompkins algorithm; P and T wave detection. (9)

**THE NERVOUS SYSTEM AND EEG SIGNAL PROCESSING:** The nervous system, EEG rhythms and waveforms, EEG recording techniques, EEG applications- epilepsy, sleep disorders, brain-computer interface (BCI); EEG Signal Processing- artifacts in EEG, artifact cancellation using reference signals, The auto-regressive (AR) and autoregressive moving average (ARMA) models. (9)

**ADVANCED BIOMEDICAL SIGNAL PROCESSING TECHNIQUES:** Multi-resolution analysis (MRA) and Wavelets, Pattern classification- Supervised and Unsupervised classification, Neural networks, Support vector machines. (9)

Total L: 45 Periods

**TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Lesli Cromwell, F J Weibell and Erich Pfeiffer, '*Biomedical Instrumentation and Measurements*', PHI, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, 1990.
2. Willis J Tompkins, '*Biomedical Digital Signal Processing*', PHI, 1998.
3. Reddy D C, '*Biomedical Signal Processing: Principles and Techniques*', McGraw-Hill, 2005.

**REFERENCES:**

1. Rangraj M Rangayyan, '*Biomedical Signal Analysis*', John Wiley & Sons, 2015.
2. Leif Sornmo and Pablo Laguna, '*Bioelectrical Signal Processing in Cardiac and Neurological Applications*', Leif Elsevier, Academic Press, 2005.

**COURSE OUTCOMES:**

At the end of the course, students will be able to:		Bloom's Level
CO1	Understand human physiological system and generation and acquisition of various biomedical signals.	K2
CO2	Apply basic and advanced digital filtering and signal processing techniques for biomedical signals	K3
CO3	Analyze the efficient signal processing techniques for cardiovascular and nervous system	K4
CO4	Implement advanced signal processing and pattern classification techniques for biomedical signals	K6

**COS-POS & PSOS MAPPING**

CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PSO1	PSO2
CO1												3	3
CO2	2											2	2
CO3		2										2	2
CO4			1		1			1				1	1
@	2	2	1		1			1				3	3

1-Low, 2-Medium, 3-High, @-Overall Contribution to the Course

**25ECP17 5G AND BEYOND**  
(Common to ECE and EE-VLSI)

3 0 0 3

**Introduction to 5G Communication:** 5G potential and applications, Usage scenarios, enhanced mobile broadband (eMBB), ultra reliable low latency communications (URLLC), massive machine type communications (MMTC), D2D communications, V2X communications, Spectrum for 5G, spectrum access/sharing, millimeter Wave communication, channels and signals/waveforms in 5G, carrier aggregation, small cells, dual connectivity, 5G STANDARDS (9)

**5G Network:** New Radio (NR), Standalone and non-standalone mode, non-orthogonal multiple access(NOMA), massive MIMO, beam formation, PHY API Specification, flexible frame structure, Service Data Adaptation Protocol (SDAP), centralized RAN, open RAN, multi-access edge computing (MEC); Introduction to software defined networking (SDN), network function virtualization (NFV), network slicing; restful API for service-based interface, private networks. (9)

**Mobility And Handoff Management In 5G:** Network deployment types, Interference management in 5G, Mobility management in 5G, Dynamic network reconfiguration in 5G. (9)

**mmWave MIMO Wireless Systems:** Introduction and motivation, millimeter wave propagation and channel models, Analog, Digital and Hybrid Processing, Sparse channel estimation. (9)

**6G Networks:** Introduction and motivation, Self interference cancellation, active/passive cancellation, FD massive MIMO system Multi-hop massive MIMO communication: Introduction and motivation, Transmission model for amplify-and-forward and decode-and-forward protocols, Multi-pair multi-hop communication, Capacity and asymptotic analysis. (9)

Total L: 45 Periods

**TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Erik Dahlman, Stefan Parkvall and Johan Sköld, '5G NRThe Next Generation Wireless Access Technology', Academic Press, Elsevier, 2018.
2. Sassan Ahmadi, '5G NR: Architecture, Technology, Implementation, and Operation of 3GPP New Radio Standards', Academic Press, 2019.

**REFERENCES:**

1. Özlem Tugfe Demir, Emil Björnson and Luca Sanguinetti, 'Foundations of User-Centric Cell-Free Massive MIMO', Foundations and Trends® in Signal Processing, Now Publishers, 2021.
2. Sassan Ahmadi, '5G NRArchitecture, Technology, Implementation, and Operation of 3GPP New Radio Standards', Academic Press, 2019.
3. Xingqin Lin and Namyoon Lee , 'G and Beyond: Fundamentals and Standards', Springer, 2021.

**COURSE OUTCOMES**

At the end of this course students will be able to:		Bloom's Level
CO1	Demonstrate knowledge of standards and architectures of 5G and beyond networks	K2
CO2	Apply the principles of 5G and beyond technologies to design and optimize wireless communication systems for enhanced performance and efficiency	K3
CO3	Analyze the capacity of different channels and identify methods to improve the capacity of wireless systems	K4
CO4	Identify and present applications of 5G and B5G network as a team	-

**COs-POs & PSOs MAPPING:**

CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PSO1	PSO2
CO1												3	3
CO2	3											3	3
CO3		1										1	1
CO4									1		1	1	1
@	3	1							1		1	3	3

1-Low, 2-Medium, 3-High, @-Overall Contribution to the Course

**25ECP18 MOBILE COMMUNICATION**  
(Common to ECE and EE-VLSI)

3 0 0 3

**WIRELESS FUNDAMENTALS:** Overview of cellular evolution to 4G and beyond - Cellular basics - Cellular terminology, link budget - Frequency reuse- Co-channel interference, handoff, Erlang capacity- Computer Simulation of Digital communications link. (9)

**RADIO PROPAGATION:** Small scale effects- Multipath, different types of fading, delay spread - BER performance in fading - Radio Propagation - large scale effects - Propagation and Path loss models-shadowing, diffraction loss- Diversity -Types of diversity. (9)

**CAPACITY OF WIRELESS CHANNELS:** Introduction to Channel Capacity - AWGN Channel Capacity - Fading Channels, CSIR, CSIT, water-filling, introduction to MIMO systems - Capacity of MIMO channels. (9)

**MULTIPLE ACCESS METHODS:** Types- CDMA Systems Principles of CDMA cellular systems-Principles of OFDM based broadband wireless systems -4G LTE basics - OFDM, and OFDMA - Generalised framework for Filtered OFDM and FBMC. (9)

**INTRODUCTION OF 5G:** Limitations of 4G LTE - The need for 5G- 5G Architecture- 5G Radio Technologies- Spectrum for 5G- Challenges and Limitations- Future of 5G & Beyond. (9)

**Total L: 45 Periods**

**TEXT BOOKS:**

1. A. Goldsmith, 'Wireless Communications', Wiley, 2005
2. T S Rappaport, 'Wireless Communications - Principles and Practice', Pearson, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, 2010.
3. Ali Behrouzfar, Jose F Monserrat and Patrick Marsch, 'Mobile and Wireless Communications Technology', Cambridge University Press, 2016.

**REFERENCES:**

1. D Tse and P Viswanath, 'Fundamentals of Wireless Communications', Cambridge University Press, 2005.
2. Andreas F Molisch, 'Modern Wireless Communications', Pearson, Indian Edition, 2011.
3. J G Proakis, 'Digital Communications', McGraw Hill, New York, 1989.

**COURSE OUTCOMES:**

At the end of this course students will be able to:		Bloom's Level
CO1	Demonstrate knowledge of cellular evolution, cellular basics, frequency reuse, co-channel interference, handoff, Erlang capacity and modern wireless systems.	K2
CO2	Apply radio propagation concepts to assess the effects on mobile communication systems	K3
CO3	Analyze capacity of different channels and identify methods to improve the capacity of wireless systems.	K4
CO4	Demonstrate an understanding of the societal, technological and economic impacts of Mobile and Wireless communication systems.	-

**COs-POs & PSOs MAPPING:**

CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PSO1	PSO2
CO1												3	3
CO2	3											3	3
CO3		1										1	1
CO4						1	1		1			1	3
@	3	1				1	1		1			3	3

**1-Low, 2-Medium, 3-High, @-Overall Contribution to the Course**

## Vertical III: IoT and Embedded Systems

25ECP21 REAL TIME OPERATING SYSTEMS  
(Common to ECE and EE-VLSI)

3 0 0 3

**BASIC OF OPERATING SYSTEMS:** Computer System Overview - Basic Elements, Instruction Execution, Interrupts, Multiprocessor and Multicore Organization. Operating system overview-objectives and functions, Evolution of Operating System. Operating System Structure and Operations- System Calls, System Programs, OS Generation and System Boot. Parallel, Distributed & Real – Time Operating Systems. (9)

**PROCESS SCHEDULING:** Process Concept, Process Scheduling, Scheduling algorithms: FCFS, SJF, Priority, Round Robin. Periodic Tasks Scheduling: Cyclic Schedulers, EDF, RMA, and DMA - Aperiodic Task Scheduling: Jackson's Algorithm, Horn's Algorithm (9)

**INTER - PROCESS COMMUNICATION:** Process Synchronization — The critical-section problem, Synchronization hardware, Mutex locks, Semaphores, Classic problems of synchronization, Critical regions, Monitors; Deadlock — System model, Deadlock characterization, Methods for handling deadlocks, Deadlock prevention, Deadlock avoidance, Deadlock detection, Recovery from deadlock, Priority Inversion. (9)

**STORAGE MANAGEMENT:** Main Memory — Background, Swapping, Contiguous Memory Allocation, Paging, Segmentation, Segmentation with paging, 32 and 64 bit architecture Examples; Virtual Memory — Background, Demand Paging, Page Replacement, Allocation, Thrashing; Allocating Kernel Memory, OS Examples. (9)

**FILE SYSTEMS AND I/O SYSTEMS:** Mass Storage system — Overview of Mass Storage Structure, Disk Structure, Disk Scheduling and Management, swap space management; File-System Interface — File concept, Access methods, Directory Structure, Directory organization, File system mounting, File Sharing and Protection; File System Implementation- File System Structure, Directory implementation, Allocation Methods, Free Space Management, Efficiency and Performance, Recovery; I/O Systems — I/O Hardware, Application I/O interface, Kernel I/O subsystem, Streams, Performance. (9)

Total L: 45 Periods

**TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Abraham Silberschatz, Peter Baer Galvin and Greg Gagne, '*Operating System Concepts*', John Wiley and Sons Inc., 9<sup>th</sup> Edition, 2018.
2. Andrew S Tanenbaum, '*Modern Operating Systems*', Pearson, New Delhi, 4<sup>th</sup> Edition, 2016.

**REFERENCES:**

1. Ramaz Elmasri, A Gil Carrick and David Levine, '*Operating Systems – A Spiral Approach*', Tata McGraw Hill 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, 2010.
2. William Stallings, '*Operating Systems: Internals and Design Principles*', Prentice Hall, 7<sup>th</sup> Edition, 2018.
3. Achyut S Godbole and Atul Kahate, '*Operating Systems*', McGraw Hill Education, 2016.

**COURSE OUTCOMES:**

At the end of the course, students will be able to:		Bloom's Level
CO1	Explain the basic structure, functions, and evolution of operating systems	K2
CO2	Apply process scheduling, synchronization, memory and I/O management techniques using appropriate algorithms for handling periodic, aperiodic tasks, inter-process communication and memory.	K3
CO3	Analyze process and memory management strategies to evaluate system performance and optimize resource allocation	K4

**COs-POs & PSOs MAPPING:**

CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PSO1	PSO2
CO1												2	2
CO2	3											3	3
CO3		2										2	2
@	3	2										3	3

1-Low, 2-Medium, 3-High, @-Overall Contribution to the Course

**25ECP22 IOT BASED SYSTEM DESIGN**  
(Common to ECE and EE-VLSI)

3 0 0 3

**IMPLEMENTING IOT WITH ARDUINO:** Introduction to Arduino Platforms, Arduino Uno architecture, IDE setup, importing Arduino boards in Arduino IDE tool, Installation of Arduino libraries, Basics of Embedded C Programming, Interfacing of Sensors and Actuators with Arduino Uno. (9)

**IMPLEMENTING IOT WITH RASPBERRY Pi (RPI):** Basic functionality of RPi board, RPi GPIO pins, Reading the datasheet of RPi setting up the board by installing OS, first boot and basic configuration of Rpi, Basic Linux Commands, Accessing RPi remotely using networking tools, Interfacing of Sensors and Actuators with RPi. (9)

**NODE-RED TOOL ON Rpi:** Prerequisite for Node-RED, Installing and upgrading Node-RED, Running Node-RED app locally and as a service on network, auto-start on boot, opening the editor, installation of various libraries for Node-RED, Creation and deployment of flows, Case studies on debug window, HTTP server, chart, gauge, slider, dashboard form etc. (9)

**SECURITY & SECURITY ARCHITECTURE:** Introduction, Security Requirements in IoT Architecture, Security in Enabling Technologies, Security Concerns in IoT Applications, Security Requirements in IoT, Insufficient Authentication/Authorization, Insecure Access Control, Threats to Access Control, Privacy, and Availability, Attacks Specific to IoT. (9)

**CASE STUDY ON IOT SYSTEM:** Case study for weather monitoring system – modules & package of python, python packages of interest for IoT- JSON, XML, HTTP & URLLib, SMTPLib. Exemplary device – Raspberry pi, Linux on Raspberry pi. (9)

**Total L: 45 Periods**

**TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Simon Monk, '*Programming the Raspberry Pi: Getting Started with Python*', 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, Tata McGraw Hill Publication, 2021.
2. Pethuru Raj and Anupama C Raman, '*The Internet of Things: Enabling Technologies, Platforms, and Use Cases*', CRC Press, 2017.
3. Shancang Li and Li Da Xu, '*Securing the Internet of Things*', Elsevier, Syngress, 2017.

**REFERENCES:**

1. Derex Molly, '*Exploring Raspberry Pi: Interfacing to the Real World with Embedded Linux*', Wiley Publication, 1<sup>st</sup> Edition, 2016.
2. Richard Blum, '*Arduino Programming in 24 hours*', Sams Teach Yourself Publishing, 1<sup>st</sup> Edition, 2014.
3. Aditya Gupta, '*The IoT Hacker's Handbook: A Practical Guide to Hacking the Internet of Things*', Apress Publisher, 2019.

**COURSE OUTCOMES:**

At the end of the course, students will be able to:		Bloom's Level
CO1	Explain the key requirements for implementing IoT with Arduino Uno and Raspberry Pi development boards.	K2
CO2	Apply Node-RED tool and python code for designing the IoT applications in Raspberry Pi.	K3
CO3	Analyze the IoT security issues and concerns to create awareness.	K4
CO4	Develop IoT systems with using Arduino Uno and Raspberry Pi for real-time applications.	K6

**COs-POs & PSOs MAPPING:**

CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PSO1	PSO2
CO1												2	2
CO2	3											3	3
CO3		2										2	2
CO4			1		1	1		1				1	1
@	3	2	1		1	1		1				3	3

**1-Low, 2-Medium, 3-High, @-Overall Contribution to the Course**

**25ECP23 ARTIFICIAL IOT**  
(Common to ECE and EE-VLSI)

3 0 0 3

**INTRODUCTION TO IOT:** Introduction to IoT - IoT applications- sensor systems - IoT sensing techniques - IoT networking - IoT Data analytics - IoT platforms and systems - Raspberry Pi - Arduino Programming. (9)

**INTRODUCTION TO AI:** AI problems, foundation of AI and history of AI intelligent agents: Agents and Environments, the concept of rationality, the nature of environments, structure of agents, problem solving agents, problem formulation. (9)

**INTRODUCTION TO AIOT:** Introduction to AIoT - AIoT concepts and issues-Technologies behind AIoT, AIoT application segments - Distributed intelligence at the edge of IoT systems (edge computing; blockchain, etc.) - Robotics for AIoT. (9)

**AIOT COMPONENTS:** Technical architecture of AIoT - Smart sensors and devices – Wearables - Smart object and human sensing - Challenges of AI in networks for IoT - AI for IoT data analytics and automation. (9)

**APPLICATIONS:** Intelligent manufacturing - Smart health - Smart infrastructure and construction - Smart Appliances in home and Industry – Smart Vehicle - Intelligent Agriculture. (9)

**Total: 45 Periods**

**TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Eugene Chang, '*The Future of Artificial Intelligence, the Internet of Things, and Blockchain: From AI to AIoT to AIoTB*', Amazon, 2019.
2. Amita Kapoor, '*Hands-On Artificial Intelligence for IoT: Expert Machine Learning and Deep Learning Techniques for Developing Smarter IoT Systems*', Packt Publishing Ltd. 2018.

**REFERENCES:**

1. Francis DaCosta, '*Rethinking the Internet of Things: A Scalable Approach to Connecting Everything*', Apress Publisher, 2013.
2. Vlasios Tsiatsis, Stamatis Karnouskos, Jan Holler, David Boyle and Catherine Mulligan' '*Internet of Things*', Elsevier, 2<sup>nd</sup> edition. 2018.
3. Kai Hwang and Min Chen, '*Big-Data Analytics for Cloud, IoT and Cognitive Computing*', Wiley, 2017.
4. Fadi AI-Turjman, '*AIoT Innovation*', Springer, 2020.

**COURSE OUTCOMES:**

At the end of the course, students will be able to:		Bloom's Level
CO1	Explain the fundamental concepts, technical challenges, and the state of- the-art technology development and applications of AI, IoT, AIoT.	K2
CO2	Deploy the AI models, algorithms and techniques for IoT operation efficiency, cost reduction, event detection, and predictive maintenance in practice.	K3
CO3	Analyze the protocols and platforms for sensing, networking and data analytics in IoT systems.	K4
CO4	Discover potential AI-oriented usage scenarios in IoT and apply AIoT methods and techniques to solve various challenging IoT problems.	K6

**COs-POs & PSOs MAPPING:**

CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PSO1	PSO2
CO1												2	2
CO2	3											3	3
CO3		2										2	2
CO4			1		1	1		1				1	1
@	3	2	1		1	1		1				3	3

**1-Low, 2-Medium, 3-High, @-Overall Contribution to the Course**

**25ECP24-INDUSTRIAL INTERNET OF THINGS AND INDUSTRY 4.0**  
(Common to ECE and EE-VLSI)

3 0 0 3

**OVERVIEW OF INDUSTRY 4.0 & IIOT:** Industrial Revolution: Phases of Development-Evolution of Industry 4.0-Environmental impacts of Industrial Revolution-Industrial Internet-Applications of Industrial Internet and Industry 4.0. IIoT: Prerequisites of IIoT- Basics of Cyber Physical Systems (CPS)-CPS and IIoT-Applications (9)

**TECHNOLOGICAL ASPECTS OF INDUSTRY 4.0 AND IIOT:** Cloud Computing and IIoT-Industrial Cloud Platform Providers-Requirements of Industry 4.0 and its solution. Fog Computing for IIoT- Applications of fog and their solutions. Big Data and advanced analytics-Smart factories: Characteristics fo Smart Factory-Technologies used in Smart Factories. (9)

**INDUSTRIAL DATA TRANSMISSION:** Field Bus – Profibus – HART – Interbus – Butbus –CCLink – Modbus – Batibus – Digital STROM – CAN – DeviceNet – LonWorks - Wireless HART - LoRa and LoRa WAN - NB-IoT - IEEE 802.11AH. (9)

**IIOT ANALYTICS, PLANT SAFETY & SECURITY:** Necessity-Categorization of Analytics-Usefulness of IIoT Analytics-Challenges of Analytics in Industries-Mapping of Analytics with the IIRA Architecture-Deployment of Analytics-Application of analytics across value chain. IIoT applications for undertaking safety measures in Plant-Plant.Software Security – Network Security - Mobile Device Security. (9)

**CASE STUDY:** Operational Management Tool for Factory IoT- Configuration and Dashboard Visualization-Monitoring the operational status of the whole factory: Equipment Monitoring-Group Alarm and Signal Monitoring-Operational Results-Group Results and Production Results. Connecting Legacy equipments: OPC UA Configuration, data back-up – SRAM Data Utility- Machine Data Archive Management-Web API. (9)

Total L: 45 Periods

**TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Sudip Misra, Chandana Roy and Anandarup Mukherjee, 'Introduction to Industrial Internet of Things and Industry 4.0', CRC Press, Taylor & Francis Group, 2021.
2. Arshdeep Bahga and Vijay Madiseti, 'Internet of Things A Hands-on Approach', Universities Press (India), 2015.

**REFERENCES:**

1. Adrian McEwen and Hakim Cassimally, 'Designing the Internet of Things', John Wiley & Sons, 2014
2. Francis Dacosta, 'Rethinking the Internet of Things', A press Open, 2013.
3. Gater A, Ryu S H, 'Process Analytics Concepts and Techniques for Querying and Analyzing Process Data' Springer International Publishing, Switzerland, 2016.
4. 'MT Link-I', Reference Manual from FANUC.

**COURSE OUTCOMES:**

At the end of the course, students will be able to:		Bloom's Level
CO1	Explain the basics of Industrial IOT, evolution of Industry 4.0, and Cyber-Physical Systems.	K2
CO2	Apply core concepts and enabling /computing technologies for Industry 4.0 in the context of smart factories and IIoT-based solutions	K3
CO3	Analyze various industrial data transmission protocols/IIoT communication protocols and determine their suitability for specific IIoT applications	K4
CO4	Design an operational monitoring and management system and Implement dashboard visualization to monitor factory operations that provides support for product optimization	K6

**COs-POs & PSOs MAPPING:**

CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PSO1	PSO2
CO1												3	3
CO2	3											3	3
CO3		1										1	1
CO4			2		2	2	2	2	2		2	2	2
@	3	1	2		2	2	2	2	2		2	3	3

1-Low, 2-Medium, 3-High, @-Overall Contribution to the Course

**25ECP25 FPGA BASED EMBEDDED SYSTEMS**  
(Common to ECE and EE-VLSI)

3 0 0 3

**FPGA DESIGN FLOW AND ARCHITECTURES:** Digital IC design flow -The role of FPGAs in digital design– Goals and techniques–Hierarchical design – CAD Tools. FPGA architectures – Configurable logic blocks – configurable / Oblocks–Programmable interconnect – clock circuitry – Xilinx FPGA architecture–Programming Technologies: Antifuse, SRAM, EPROM, EEPROM. (9)

**VERILOG HDL:** HDL overview – Modules and ports – compiler directives – data types - operands and operators– gate level modeling – data flow modeling – behavioral modeling – structural modeling – primitives –Tasks and functions –Writing test bench. (9)

**ARCHITECTING SPEED AND TIMING ISSUES:** High Throughput - Low Latency - Timing - Add Register Layers, Parallel Structures, Flatten Logic Structures, Register Balancing, reorder Paths. **CLOCKING AND METASTABILITY:** Setup time hold time–setup time hold time violations – critical path – calculation of maximum clock frequency – Meta stability - synchronizers–design examples. (9)

**ARCHITECTING AREA AND POWER:** Architecting Area - Rolling Up the Pipeline - Control-Based Logic Reuse – Resource Sharing - Impact of Reset on Area - Resources Without Reset, Resources Without Set, Resources Without Asynchronous Reset, Resetting RAM, Utilizing Set/Reset Flip-Flop Pins. Architecting Power -Clock Control, Clock Skew, Managing Skew, Input Control, Reducing the Voltage Supply, Dual-Edge Triggered Flip-Flops, Modifying Terminations. (9)

**EMBEDDED SYSTEM DESIGN WITH FPGA:** Processors-Interfaces- Zynq System-on-chip Development-IP based Design Hardware-Software Co-design for Zynq – Software Development Tools - Real-time Applications. (9)

**Total L: 45 Periods****TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Michael D Ciletti, 'Advanced Digital Design with the Verilog HDL', Pearson, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, 2011.
2. Steve Kilts, 'Advanced FPGA Design Architecture, Implementation, and Optimization', John Wiley & Sons, Inc., Hoboken, New Jersey, 1<sup>st</sup> Edition, 2007

**REFERENCES:**

1. Crockett H Louise, Ross A Elliot and Martin A Enderwitz, 'The Zynq Book Embedded Processing with the ARM Cortex-A9 on the Xilinx Zynq-7000 Programmable SoC', Strathclyde Academic Media, 1<sup>st</sup> Edition, 2014.
2. Charlet H Roth, Lizy K. John and Byeong Lee, 'Digital Systems Design using Verilog', Cengage Learning, 2016.
3. Zainalabedin Navabi, 'Verilog Digital System Design', McGraw-Hill Education, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, 2005.
4. Ming-BoLin, 'Digital System Designs and Practices: Using Verilog HDL and FPGAs', Wiley, 1<sup>st</sup> Edition, 2008.
5. Raj A and Arockia Bazil, 'FPGA-Based Embedded System Developer's Guide', Taylor & Francis, 2018
6. Clive Maxfield, 'FPGAs World Class Designs', Newnes, 2009.
7. Ron Sass and Andrerw G Schmidt, 'Embedded system design with Platform FPGAs', Morgan Kaufmann, 2010.

**COURSE OUTCOMES:**

At the end of the course, students will be able to:		Bloom's Level
CO1	Explain FPGA design flow, Verilog constructs and modeling styles, and embedded system design principles.	K2
CO2	Design and implement functional digital subsystems and embedded applications using Verilog HDL and FPGA tools like Vivado and Zynq Soc.	K3
CO3	Analyse FPGA-based designs for design tradeoffs, performance, area, power, and timing, considering clocking, and hardware/software integration.	K4
CO4	Design and demonstrate a mini-project that applies FPGA-based system design concepts to solve an embedded application problem.	-

**COs-POs & PSOs MAPPING:**

CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PSO1	PSO2
CO1												3	3
CO2	3											3	3
CO3		2										2	2
CO4			1		1			1			1	1	1
@	3	2	1		1			1			1	3	3

1-Low, 2-Medium, 3-High, @-Overall Contribution to the Course

**25ECP26 ROBOTICS**  
(Common to ECE and EE-VLSI)

3 0 0 3

**Introduction To Robotics:** Introduction to Robotics and Automation, laws of robot, brief history of robotics, basic components of robot, robot specifications, classification of robots, human system and robotics, safety measures in robotics, social impact, Robotics market and the future prospects, advantages and disadvantages of robots. (9)

**Robot Anatomy And Motion Analysis:** Anatomy of a Robot, Robot configurations: polar, cylindrical, Cartesian, and jointed arm configurations, Robot links and joints, Degrees of freedom: types of movements, vertical, radial and rotational traverse, roll, pitch and yaw, Wok volume/envelope, Robot kinematics: Introduction to direct and inverse kinematics, transformations and rotation matrix. (9)

**Robot Drives And End Effectors:** Robot drive systems: Hydraulic, Pneumatic and Electric drive systems, classification of end effectors, mechanical grippers, vacuum grippers, magnetic grippers, adhesive gripper, gripper force analysis and gripper design, 1 DoF, 2 DoF, multiple degrees of freedom robot hand, tools as end effectors, Robot control types: limited sequence control, point-to-point control, playback with continuous path control, and intelligent control. (9)

**Path Planning:** Definition-Joint space technique, Use of P-degree polynomial-Cubic, polynomial- Cartesian space technique, parametric descriptions, straight line and circular paths, position and orientation planning. (9)

**Robotics Applications:** Material Handling: pick and place, palletizing and depalletizing, machining loading and unloading, welding & assembly, Medical, agricultural and space applications, unmanned vehicles: ground, Ariel and underwater applications, robotic for computer integrated manufacturing. Types of robots: Manipulator, Legged robot, wheeled robot, aerial robots, Industrial robots, Humanoids, Robots, Autonomous robots, and Swarm robots. (9)

**Total L:45 Periods**

**TEXTBOOKS:**

1. S.R. Deb, '*Robotics Technology and Flexible Automation*', Tata McGraw-Hill Education, 2009.
2. Mikell P. Groover, '*Industrial Robots - Technology, Programming and Applications*', McGraw Hill, Special Edition, 2012.
3. Ganesh S Hegde, '*A textbook on Industrial Robotics*', University science press, 3<sup>rd</sup> edition, 2017.

**REFERENCES:**

1. Richard D Klafter, Thomas A Chmielewski, and Michael Negin, '*Robotics Engineering – An Integrated Approach*', Prentice Hall of India Pvt. Ltd. Eastern Economy Edition, 2006.
2. Fu K S, Gonzalez R C and Lee C S.G, '*Robotics:Control, Sensing, Vision and Intelligence*', McGraw Hill, 1987.

**COURSE OUTCOMES:**

At the end of the course, students will be able to:		Bloom's Level
CO1	Explain the significance, social impact and prospects of robotics and automation in various engineering applications	K2
CO2	Apply robotics concept to automate the monotonous and hazardous tasks and categorize various types of robots based on the design and applications in real world scenarios	K3
CO3	Examine the relationship between robot drive mechanisms, grippers, and control strategies in achieving precise automation.	K4

**COs-POs & PSOs MAPPING:**

CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PSO1	PSO2
CO1												2	2
CO2	3											3	3
CO3		2										2	2
@	3	2										3	3

1-Low, 2-Medium, 3-High, @-Overall Contribution to the Course

**25ECP27 WEARABLE DEVICES**  
(Common to ECE and EE-VLSI)

3 0 0 3

**INTRODUCTION TO WEARABLE SYSTEMS AND SENSORS:** Wearable Systems- Introduction, Need for Wearable Systems, Drawbacks of Conventional Systems for Wearable Monitoring, Applications of Wearable Systems, Types of Wearable Systems, Components of wearable Systems. Sensors for wearable systems-Inertia movement sensors, Respiration activity sensor, Inductive plethysmography, Impedance plethysmography, pneumography, Wearable ground reaction force sensor. (9)

**SIGNAL PROCESSING AND ENERGY HARVESTING FOR WEARABLE DEVICES:** Wearability issues - physical shape and placement of sensor, Technical challenges - sensor design, signal acquisition, sampling frequency for reduced energy consumption, Rejection of irrelevant information. Power Requirements- Solar cell, Vibration based, Thermal based, Human body as a heat source for power generation, Hybrid thermoelectric photovoltaic energy harvests, Thermopiles. (9)

**WIRELESS HEALTH SYSTEMS :** Need for wireless monitoring, Definition of Body area network, BAN and Healthcare, Technical Challenges- System security and reliability, BAN Architecture – Introduction, Wireless communication Techniques. (9)

**SMART TEXTILE:** Introduction to smart textile- Passive smart textile, active smart textile. Fabrication Techniques Conductive Fibres, Treated Conductive Fibres, Conductive Fabrics, Conductive Inks. Case study-smart fabric for monitoring biological parameters - ECG, respiration. (9)

**APPLICATIONS OF WEARABLE SYSTEMS :** Medical Diagnostics, Medical Monitoring-Patients with chronic disease, Hospital patients, Elderly patients, neural recording, Gait analysis, Sports Medicine (9)

**Total: L: 45 Periods****TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Annalisa Bonfiglio and Danilo De Rossi, ‘Wearable Monitoring Systems’, Springer, 2011.
2. Zhang and Yuan-Ting, ‘Wearable Medical Sensors and Systems’, Springer, 2013.
3. Edward Sazonov and Micheal R Neuman, ‘Wearable Sensors: Fundamentals, Implementation and Applications’, Elsevier, 2014.
4. Mehmet R Yuce and Jamil Y Khan, ‘Wireless Body Area Networks Technology, Implementation Applications’, Pan Stanford Publishing Pvt. Ltd, Singapore, 2012.

**REFERENCES:**

1. Sandeep K.S, Gupta, Tridib Mukherjee and Krishna Kumar Venkatasubramanian, ‘Body Area Networks Safety, Security, and Sustainability’, Cambridge University Press, 2013.
2. Guang-Zhong Yang, ‘Body Sensor Networks’, Springer, 2006.

**COURSE OUTCOMES:**

At the end of the course, students will be able to:		Bloom’s Level
<b>CO1</b>	Explain the fundamental concepts of wearable systems and sensors	<b>K2</b>
<b>CO2</b>	Apply their understanding of signal processing techniques to address wearability issues and optimize energy consumption in wearable devices.	<b>K3</b>
<b>CO3</b>	Analyze the applications of wearable systems in various fields, such as medical diagnostics and sports medicine, identifying their potential benefits and challenges.	<b>K4</b>
<b>CO4</b>	Demonstrate proficiency in researching, analyzing, and synthesizing information from scholarly sources to develop a comprehensive understanding of wearable technology as a team	<b>K6</b>

**COs-POs & PSOs MAPPING:**

CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PSO1	PSO2
<b>CO1</b>												2	2
<b>CO2</b>	3											3	3
<b>CO3</b>		2										2	2
<b>CO4</b>						1		1				1	1
<b>@</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>2</b>				<b>1</b>		<b>1</b>				<b>3</b>	<b>3</b>

1-Low, 2-Medium, 3-High, @-Overall Contribution to the Course

**25ECP28 IOT PROCESSORS**  
(Common to ECE and EE-VLSI)

3 0 0 3

**INTRODUCTION TO IOT AND PROCESSOR FUNDAMENTALS:** Overview - Introduction to IoT: Definition, applications, challenges, and IoT ecosystems - Overview of IoT devices: Types of IoT devices - IoT Architecture: Edge vs. Cloud computing, and the role of processing units in IoT. (9)

**MICROCONTROLLER ARCHITECTURES FOR IOT:** ARM Cortex, PIC architectures and Usage - Power Management in IoT Processors - Real-time Operating Systems (RTOS) and Embedded Software for Microcontrol (9)

**SPECIALIZED PROCESSORS FOR IOT:** FPGA-Based IoT Solutions: Architecture and Design - Application-Specific Integrated Circuits (ASICs) for IoT - Low Power IoT Processors: Energy Efficiency Strategies - Comparing General-purpose vs. Specialized Processors in IoT Systems. (9)

**IOT PROCESSOR INTEGRATION AND COMMUNICATION:** Interfacing Processors with Sensors and Actuators - Communication Technologies: Wi-Fi, Bluetooth, Zigbee, and 5G - IoT Data Handling and Real-time Processing - Processor Scalability and Multi-Core Systems in IoT - Security Considerations for IoT Processors and Systems. (9)

**IOT PROCESSORS AND FUTURE TRENDS:** Edge Computing and Its Impact on IoT Processor Design - Artificial Intelligence (AI) Integration with IoT Processors - IoT Processor Development Tools and IDEs - The Role of IoT Processors in Smart Cities and Industry 4.0 - Future Trends in IoT Processors: Quantum Computing, Neuromorphic Chips. (9)

**Total L: 45 Periods**

**TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Arshdeep Bahga and Vijay Madisetti, '*Internet of Things: A Hands-On-Approach*', Universities Press, 2014.
2. Jonathan W Valvano, '*Embedded Systems: Introduction to the MSP432 Microcontroller*', CreateSpace, 2015.

**REFERENCES:**

1. Joseph Yiu, '*The Definitive Guide to ARM® Cortex®-M3 and Cortex®-M4 Processors*', Newnes (Elsevier), 2010.
2. Steven Smith, '*Digital Signal Processing: A Practical Guide for Engineers and Scientists*', Newnes, 2013.
3. Qing Li and Caroline Yao, '*Real-Time Concepts for Embedded Systems*', CMP Books, 2003.

**COURSE OUTCOMES:**

At the end of the course, students will be able to:		Bloom's Level
CO1	Explain the various architectures for IoT and specialized IoT Processors with IoT devices	K2
CO2	Apply knowledge of processor technologies to current and future IoT trends	K3

**COs-POs & PSOs MAPPING:**

CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PSO1	PSO2
CO1												3	3
CO2	3											3	3
@	3											3	3

1-Low, 2-Medium, 3-High, @-Overall Contribution to the Course

## Vertical IV: Emerging Technologies

## 25ECP31 ELECTROMAGNETIC INTERFERENCE AND COMPATIBILITY

3 0 0 3

**EMI/EMC CONCEPTS:** Definition of EMI and EMC with examples, Classification of EMI/EMC - CE, RE, CS, RS, Units of Parameters, Sources of EMI, EMI coupling modes - CM and DM, ESD Phenomena and effects, Transient phenomena and suppression. (9)

**EMI MEASUREMENTS:** Basic principles of RE, CE, RS and CS measurements, EMI measuring instruments- Antennas, LISN, Feed through capacitor, current probe, EMC analyzer and detection technique open area site, shielded anechoic chamber, TEM cell. (9)

**EMC STANDARDS AND REGULATIONS:** National and International standardizing organizations- FCC, CISPR, ANSI, DOD, IEC, CENECEC, FCC CE and RE standards, CISPR, CE and RE Standards, IEC/EN, CS standards, Frequency assignment - spectrum conversation. (9)

**EMI CONTROL METHODS AND FIXES:** Shielding, Grounding, Bonding, Filtering, EMI gasket, Isolation transformer, opto- isolator. (9)

**EMC Design and Interconnection Techniques:** Cable routing and connection, Component selection and mounting, PCB design- Trace routing, Impedance control, decoupling, Zoning and grounding. (9)

Total: L: 45 Periods

**TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Prasad Kodali V, 'Engineering Electromagnetic Compatibility' S.Chand & Co, New Delhi, 2000
2. Clayton R.Paul, 'Introduction to Electromagnetic compatibility', Wiley & Sons, 1992

**REFERENCES:**

1. Bernhard Keiser, 'Principles of Electromagnetic Compatibility', Artech House Publishers, Eastern Economy Edition, 1979.
2. 'Electromagnetic Interference and Compatibility', IMPACT series, IIT – Delhi, Modules 1 – 9.
3. Henry W Ott, 'Noise Reduction Techniques in Electronic Systems', A Wiley Inter Science Publications, John Wiley and Sons, Newyork, 1988.
4. Bernhard Keiser, 'Principles of Electromagnetic Compatibility', Artech house, Norwood, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, 1986.

**COURSE OUTCOMES:**

At the end of this course students will be able to:		Bloom's Level
CO1	Explain the fundamental concepts and standards of EMI and EMC, principles of EMI measurement techniques and the operation of EMI measuring instruments.	K2
CO2	Apply EMC design principles to design and implement effective EMI mitigation techniques in electronic systems.	K3
CO3	Analyze and select appropriate EMI control methods and fixes for specific scenarios.	K4
CO4	Identity and present EMI and EMC methods for real time applications as a team	

**COs-POs & PSOs MAPPING:**

CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PSO1	PSO2
CO1												3	3
CO2	3											3	3
CO3		1										1	1
CO4					1				1			1	1
@	3	1			1				1			3	3

1-Low, 2-Medium, 3-High, @-Overall Contribution to the Course

**25ECP32 QUANTUM COMPUTING**  
(Common to ECE and EE-VLSI)

3 0 0 3

**QUANTUM COMPUTING BASIC CONCEPTS:** Complex Numbers - Linear Algebra - Matrices and Operators – Global Perspectives Postulates of Quantum Mechanics – Quantum Bits -Representations of Qubits – Super positions. (9)

**QUANTUM GATES AND CIRCUITS:** Universal logic gates - Basic single qubit gates - Multiple qubit gates – Circuit development - Quantum error correction. (9)

**QUANTUM ALGORITHMS:** Quantum parallelism - Deutsch’s algorithm - The Deutsch–Jozsa algorithm - Quantum Fourier transform and its applications - Quantum Search Algorithms: Grover’s Algorithm. (9)

**QUANTUM INFORMATION THEORY:** Data compression - Shannon’s noiseless channel coding theorem - Schumacher’s quantum noiseless channel coding theorem – Classical information over noisy quantum channels. (9)

**QUANTUM CRYPTOGRAPHY:** Classical cryptography basic concepts - Private key cryptography - Shor’s Factoring Algorithm - Quantum Key Distribution - BB84 - Ekert 91. (9)

**Total L: 45 Periods**

**TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Parag K Lala, ‘Quantum Computing, A Beginners Introduction’, McGraw Hill Education, 1<sup>st</sup> Edition, 2020.
2. Michael A Nielsen, Issac L Chuang, ‘Quantum Computation and Quantum Information’, Cambridge University Press, 10<sup>th</sup> Edition, 2010.
3. Chris Bernhardt, ‘Quantum Computing for Everyone’, MOIT Press, 2020.

**REFERENCES:**

1. Scott Aaronson, “Quantum Computing Since Democritus”, Cambridge University Press, 2013.
2. N David Mermin, ‘Quantum Computer Science: An Introduction’, Cambridge University Press, 2007.

**COURSE OUTCOMES:**

At the end of the course, students will be able to:		Bloom’s Level
CO1	Explain the basics of quantum computing	<b>K2</b>
CO2	Apply the quantum algorithm to solve the real-life problems	<b>K3</b>
CO3	Analyze the computation models	<b>K4</b>
CO4	Model the circuits using quantum computation environments and frameworks	<b>K6</b>

**COs-POs & PSOs MAPPING:**

CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PSO1	PSO2
CO1												2	2
CO2	3											3	3
CO3		2										2	2
CO4			1		1	1		1				1	1
@	3	2	1		1	1		1				3	3

**1-Low, 2-Medium, 3-High, @-Overall Contribution to the Course**

**25ECP33 ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE AND MACHINE LEARNING**  
(Common to ECE and EE-VLSI)

3 0 0 3

**PROBLEM SOLVING:** Introduction to AI - AI Applications - Problem solving agents – search algorithms – uninformed search strategies – Heuristic search strategies – Local search and optimization problems, Probabilistic reasoning – Bayesian networks, Knowledge Representation, Relationship between AI, ML, and DL. (9)

**SUPERVISED LEARNING:** Introduction to Machine learning, Types of Machine Learning, Linear Regression Models: Least squares, single & multiple variables, Logistic regression, Probabilistic generative model – Naive Bayes, Maximum margin classifier – Support vector machine, Decision Tree, Random forests, Regularization, Early Stopping, Cross Validation, Measures, ROC curve (9)

**ENSEMBLE TECHNIQUES AND UNSUPERVISED LEARNING:** Combining multiple learners: Model combination schemes, Voting, Ensemble Learning - bagging, boosting, stacking, Unsupervised learning: K-means, Instance Based Learning: KNN, Gaussian mixture models and Expectation maximization, Reinforcement (9)

**NEURAL NETWORKS:** Perceptron - Multilayer perceptron, activation functions, network training – gradient descent optimization – stochastic gradient descent, error backpropagation, from shallow networks to deep networks – vanishing gradient problem) – ReLU, hyperparameter tuning, batch normalization, dropout. (9)

**MACHINE LEARNING APPLICATIONS:** Programming with Python – Case Studies: Signal Processing, Speech Recognition and Natural Language Processing, Image and Video Processing, Fault Detection and Diagnosis (9)

Total L: 45 Periods

**TEXT BOOKS**

1. Stuart Russell and Peter Norvig, '*Artificial Intelligence – A Modern Approach*', Pearson Education, 4<sup>th</sup> Edition, 2021.
2. Ethem Alpaydin, '*Introduction to Machine Learning*', MIT Press, 4<sup>th</sup> Edition, 2020.

**REFERENCES:**

1. Bishop Christopher, '*Neural Networks for Pattern Recognition*', Oxford University Press, New York, 1995.
2. Mitchell Tom, '*Machine learning*', McGraw-Hill, 1997.
3. Raschka S, '*Python Machine Learning*', Packt Publishing Ltd, 2015.
4. Charu C Aggarwal, '*Data Classification Algorithms and Applications*', CRC Press, 2014
5. Mehryar Mohri, Afshin Rostamizade and Ameet Talwalkar, '*Foundations of Machine Learning*', MIT Press, 2012.

**COURSE OUTCOMES:**

At the end of the course, students will be able to:		Bloom's Level
CO1	Understand the fundamentals of artificial intelligence and machine learning	K2
CO2	Apply the learning algorithms for the different applications	K3
CO3	Analyze the performance of various machine learning algorithms	K4
CO4	Implement the machine learning models in Python for the real-world datasets	K6

**COs-POs & PSOs MAPPING:**

CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PSO1	PSO2
CO1												2	2
CO2	3											3	3
CO3		2										2	2
CO4			2		2							2	2
@	3	2	2		2							3	3

1-Low, 2-Medium, 3-High, @-Overall Contribution to the Course

**25ECP34 NATURAL LANGUAGE PROCESSING****3 0 0 3**

**INTRODUCTION:** Origins of NLP, Language and Knowledge, The Challenges of NLP, Language and Grammar, Processing Indian Languages, NLP Applications. Language Modeling: Statistical Language Model - N-gram model (unigram, bigram), Paninon Framework, Karaka theory. (9)

**SYNTACTIC ANALYSIS:** Word Level Analysis: Regular Expressions, Finite-State Automata, Morphological Parsing, Spelling, Error Detection and orrection, Words and Word Classes, Part-of Speech Tagging. Syntactic Analysis: Context-Free Grammar, Constituency, Top-down and Bottom-up Parsing, CYK Parsing. (9)

**SENTIMENT ANALYSIS:** Naive Bayes Classifiers, Training the Naïve Bayes Classifier, Worked Example, Optimizing for Sentiment Analysis, Naive Bayes for Other Text Classification Tasks, Naive Bayes as a Language Model. (9)

**INFORMATION RETRIEVAL:** Design Features of Information Retrieval Systems, Information Retrieval Models - Classical, Non-classical, Alternative Models of Information Retrieval - Custer model, Fuzzy model, LSTM model, Major Issues in Information Retrieval. Lexical Resources: WordNet, FrameNet, Stemmers, Parts-of-Speech Tagger, Research Corpora. (9)

**MACHINE TRANSLATION:** Language Divergences and Typology, Machine Translation using Encoder- Decoder, Details of the Encoder-Decoder Model, Translating in Low-Resource Situations, MT Evaluation, Bias and Ethical Issues. (9)

**Total L: 45 Periods****TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Tanveer Siddiqui and U Tiwary, '*Natural Language Processing and Information Retrieval*', Oxford University Press, 2008.
2. Daniel Jurafsky, James H. Martin, '*Speech and Language Processing, An Introduction to Natural Language Processing, Computational Linguistics, and Speech Recognition*', Pearson Education, 2023.

**REFERENCES:**

1. Akshay Kulkarni, Adarsha Shivananda, '*Natural Language Processing Recipes – Unlocking Text Data with Machine Learning and Deep Learning using Python*', Apress, 2019.
2. T V Geetha, '*Understanding Natural Language Processing – Machine Learning and Deep Learning Perspectives*', Pearson, 2024.
3. Gerald J Kowalski and Mark T Maybury, '*Information Storage and Retrieval Systems*', Kluwer Academic Publishers, 2002.

**COURSE OUTCOMES:**

At the end of the course, students will be able to:		Bloom's Level
<b>CO1</b>	Explain the fundamental concepts of natural language processing including grammar-based and statistical language models for processing text.	<b>K2</b>
<b>CO2</b>	Apply syntactic structures on context-free grammar and sentiment analysis models for text classification.	<b>K3</b>
<b>CO3</b>	Analyze the concepts of information retrieval and lexical semantics for natural language understanding and machine translation systems using encoder-decoder models	<b>K4</b>

**COs-POs & PSOs MAPPING:**

CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PSO1	PSO2
<b>CO1</b>												3	3
<b>CO2</b>	3											3	3
<b>CO3</b>		2										2	2
<b>@</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>2</b>										<b>3</b>	<b>3</b>

**1-Low, 2-Medium, 3-High, @-Overall Contribution to the Course**

## 25ECP35 COMPUTER AND MACHINE VISION

3 0 0 3

**IMAGE ACQUISITION:** Introduction – Illumination – Lenses – Cameras – Camera-Computer interfaces – 3D Image Acquisition Devices. (7)

**MACHINE VISION ALGORITHMS:** Fundamentals Data Structures – Image Enhancement – Geometric Transformations – image Segmentation – Feature Extraction – Morphology Edge Extraction – Segmentation and Fitting of Geometric primitives – Camera calibration – Stereo Reconstruction – Template matching – Optical Character Recognition. (12)

**MACHINE VISION APPLICATIONS:** Reading of Serial numbers – Inspection of Ball Grid Arrays – Pose verification of resistors – 3D Pick and Place. (10)

**COMPUTER VISION IMPLEMENTATION:** Setting up OpenCV – Handling files, Cameras and GUIs – Processing Images with OpenCV – Depth Estimation and Segmentation. (7)

**HARDWARE IMPLEMENTATION:** Working with images using OpenCV – Drawing geometric shapes with OpenCv and Numpy – Working with a USB webcam - Capturing images and videos using Rpi camera – Arithmetic operations on images – Creating a negative of an image. (9)

Total L: 45 periods

**TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Steger, Carsten, Markus Ulrich and Christian Wiedemann, '*Machine Vision Algorithms and Applications*' John Wiley & Sons, 2018.
2. Bradski, Gary, and Adrian Kaehler. '*Learning OpenCV: Computer Vision with the OpenCV Library*', O'Reilly Media, Inc., 2008.

**REFERENCES:**

1. Howse, Joseph, and Joe Minichino, '*Learning OpenCV 4 Computer Vision with Python 3: Get to Grips with Tools, Techniques, and Algorithms for Computer Vision and Machine Learning*', Packt Publishing Ltd., 2020.
2. Solem Jan Erik, '*Programming Computer Vision with Python: Tools and Algorithms for Analyzing Images*', O'Reilly Media, Inc., 2018.
3. Pajankar Ashwin, '*Raspberry Pi Computer Vision Programming: Design and Implement Computer Vision Applications with Raspberry Pi, OpenCV, and Python 3*', Packt Publishing Ltd., 2020.
4. Davies E R, '*Machine Vision: Theory, Algorithms and Practicalities*', Elsevier, 2006.

**COURSE OUTCOMES:**

At the end of the course, students will be able to:		Bloom's Level
CO1	Understand the principles of image acquisition and the use of cameras, lenses, and 3D imaging devices	K2
CO2	Apply machine vision algorithms for image processing tasks such as enhancement, segmentation, and feature extraction.	K3
CO3	Analyze the effectiveness of machine vision techniques for real-world applications like object inspection and 3D pick-and-place.	K4
CO4	Demonstrate computer vision applications by integrating software tools like OpenCV with hardware for practical tasks.	K6

**COs-POs & PSOs MAPPING:**

CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PSO1	PSO2
CO1												3	3
CO2	2											2	2
CO3		1										1	1
CO4			1		1			1				1	1
@	2	1	1		1			1				3	3

1-Low, 2-Medium, 3-High, @-Overall Contribution to the Course

**INTRODUCTION:** Introduction to aircraft – Axes system – Parts, importance and role of Avionics –systems which interface directly with pilot – Aircraft state sensor systems – Navigation systems – External world sensor systems – task automation systems. Avionics architecture evolution. Avionics Data buses - MIL STD 1553, ARINC 429, ARINC 629. (9)

**RADIO NAVIGATION:** Types of Radio Navigation – ADF, DME, VOR, LORAN, DECCA, OMEGA. ILS, MLS. (9)

**INERTIAL AND SATELLITE NAVIGATION SYSTEMS:** Inertial sensors – Gyroscopes, Accelerometers, Inertial navigation systems – Block diagram, Platform and strap down INS. Satellite Navigation – GPS (9)

**AIR DATA SYSTEMS AND AUTOPILOT:** Air data quantities – Altitude, Airspeed, Mach no., Vertical speed, Total Air temperature, Stall warning, Altitude warning. Autopilot – basic principles– longitudinal and lateral autopilot. (9)

**AIRCRAFT DISPLAYS:** Display technologies – LED, LCD, CRT, Flat Panel Display. Primary flight parameter displays include a head-up display, helmet-mounted display, night vision goggles, head-down display, MFD, MFK, and virtual cockpit. (9)

**Total L: 45 periods**

**TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Albert Helfrick. D, '*Principles of Avionics*', Avionics communications Inc., 2004
2. Collinson R P G, '*Introduction to Avionics*', Chapman and Hall, 1996.

**REFERENCES:**

1. Middleto D H, '*Avionics Systems*', Longman Scientific and Technical, Longman Group UK Ltd, England, 1989.
2. Spitzer C R '*Digital Avionics Systems*', Prentice Hall, 1993.
3. Spitzer C R, '*The Avionics Handbook*', CRC Press, 2000.
4. Pallet E J, '*Aircraft Instruments and Integrated Systems*', Longman Scientific, 2017.

**COURSE OUTCOMES:**

At the end of the course, students will be able to:		Bloom's Level
CO1	Explain the fundamental principles of avionics.	K2
CO2	Apply avionics principles to design and develop systems.	K3
CO3	Evaluate the performance of avionics systems.	K4
CO4	Design innovative solutions to meet avionics challenges.	K6

**COs-POs & PSOs MAPPING:**

CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PSO1	PSO2
CO1												3	3
CO2	2											2	2
CO3		1										1	1
CO4			1		1			1				1	1
@	2	1	1		1			1				3	3

1-Low, 2-Medium, 3-High, @-Overall Contribution to the Course

**25ECP37 CRYPTOGRAPHY AND NETWORK SECURITY**  
(Common to ECE and EE-VLSI)

3 0 0 3

**CRYPTOGRAPHY - CONCEPTS AND TECHNIQUES:** Security Concepts: Introduction, The need for security, Security approaches, Principles of security, Types of Security attacks, Security services, Security Mechanisms, A model for Network Security. Cryptography Concepts and Techniques: Introduction, plain text and cipher text, substitution techniques, transposition techniques, encryption and decryption, symmetric and asymmetric key cryptography, stenography, key range and key size, possible types of attacks. (9)

**SYMMETRIC AND ASYMMETRIC KEY CIPHERS:** Block Cipher principles, DES, AES, Blowfish, RC5, IDEA, Block cipher operation, Stream ciphers, RC4. Principles of public key cryptosystems, RSA algorithm, ElGamal Cryptography, Diffie-Hellman Key Exchange, and Knapsack Algorithm. (9)

**CRYPTOGRAPHIC HASH AND KEY MANAGEMENT:** Message Authentication, Secure hash algorithm (SHA-512) Message Authentication Codes: Authentication requirements, HMAC, CMAC, ElGamal Digital signatures. Symmetric Key Distribution Using Symmetric & Asymmetric Encryption, Distribution of Public Keys, Kerberos, X.509 Authentication Service, Public – Key Infrastructure. (9)

**ACCESS CONTROL AND SECURITY:** Network Access Control, Extensible Authentication Protocol, IEEE 802.1X Port-Based Network Access Control – IP Security – Internet Key Exchange (IKE). Web Security Considerations, Secure Sockets Layer, Transport Layer Security, HTTPS standard, Secure Shell (SSH) application, Mobile Device Security, Wireless Security. E-Mail Security: Pretty Good Privacy, S/MIME. (9)

**SECURITY PRACTICES:** Intrusion Detection, Password Management, Firewall Characteristics, Types of Firewalls, Firewall Basing, Firewall Location and Configurations. Blockchains, Cloud Security and IoT security. (9)

Total L: 45 Periods

**TEXT BOOKS:**

1. William Stallings, '*Cryptography and Network Security: Principles and Practice*', Pearson, 6<sup>th</sup> Edition, 2014
2. Atul Kahate, '*Cryptography and Network Security*', McGraw Hill, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, 2008.

**REFERENCES:**

1. M Speciner, R Perlman, and C Kaufman, '*Network Security: Private Communications in a Public World*', Prentice Hall, 2002.
2. C K Shyamala, N Harini and T R Padmanabhan '*Cryptography and Network Security*', Wiley India, 1<sup>st</sup> Edition, 2011.
3. Forouzan Mukhopadhyay, '*Cryptography and Network Security*', Mc Graw Hill, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, 2007.
4. Mark Stamp, '*Information Security, Principles, and Practice*', Wiley India, 2023.

**COURSE OUTCOMES:**

At the end of the course, students will be able to:		Bloom's Level
<b>CO1</b>	Explain the fundamental concepts of cryptography and network security, including encryption methods, security services, authentication protocols, and modern security technologies.	<b>K2</b>
<b>CO2</b>	Apply cryptographic techniques and key management schemes for secure communication using symmetric, asymmetric encryption, and hashing.	<b>K3</b>
<b>CO3</b>	Analyze network and web security mechanisms to identify appropriate authentication methods, access control strategies, and solutions for emerging technologies like IoT, cloud, and blockchain.	<b>K4</b>

**COs-POs & PSOs MAPPING:**

CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PSO1	PSO2
<b>CO1</b>												2	2
<b>CO2</b>	3											3	3
<b>CO3</b>		2										2	2
<b>@</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>2</b>										<b>3</b>	<b>3</b>

1-Low, 2-Medium, 3-High, @-Overall Contribution to the Course

## 25ECP38 INFORMATION THEORY AND CODING

3 0 0 3

**INFORMATION THEORY AND SCHEMES FOR SOURCE CODING:** Uncertainty Information and Entropy – Basic Properties of entropy – Information rate – Conditional entropy – Joint Entropy – Mutual Information – Channel capacity of a Gaussian channel **SOURCE CODING:** Prefix codes – Necessary conditions for source coding – Kraft Mcmillan Inequality Huffman Coding- Shannon Fano Coding Efficiency calculations. (9)

**MEMORYLESS FINITE SCHEMES FOR CHANNEL CODING:** Discrete Memoryless Channel – Channel models – BSC and BEC channels – Cascaded channels – Channel capacity of discrete and analog channels – Channel capacity of a Gaussian channel- Bandwidth S/N trade-off coding theorem – Information capacity theorem – Code rate and redundancy- Parity check codes – Rate Distortion Theory. (9)

**LINEAR BLOCK CODES AND CYCLIC CODES:** Rationale for coding – Types of codes – Matrix description of linear block codes – Syndrome decoding – Minimum distance considerations -Repetition codes – Dual codes- Cyclic codes: Generator polynomial – Parity check polynomial – Encoder of cyclic codes – Calculation of syndrome – Cyclic codes for error correction. (9)

**CONVOLUTIONAL CODES:** Convolutional codes: Tree codes- Trellis codes- Viterbi decoding of convolutional codes – Catastrophic Error Propagation in Convolutional Codes -Performance Bounds for Convolutional Codes – Coding Gain – Convolutional Code Trade off – Soft Decision Viterbi Decoding -Feedback Decoding – Sequential Decoding. (9)

**CODING TECHNIQUES IN DATA COMPRESSION:** Static and Dynamic Huffman coding – Arithmetic coding – Run length encoding- Lempel-Ziv coding – Image compression techniques -JPEG standard for Lossy and Lossless compression- Video compression standards. (9)

**Total L: 45 Periods****TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Roberto Togneri and Christopher J S DeSilva, 'Fundamentals of Information Theory and Coding Design', CRC Press, 2003.
2. Ranjan Bose, 'Information Theory, Coding and Cryptography', Tata McGraw Hill, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, 2016.

**REFERENCES:**

1. Richard B. Wells, 'Applied Coding and Information Theory for Engineers', Pearson Education, 1<sup>st</sup> Edition Indian Reprint, 2009.
2. Khalid Sayood and Bernard Sklar, 'Digital Communications: Fundamentals and Applications', Pearson Education, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, 2009.
3. Thomas M Cover and Joy A Thomas, 'Elements of Information Theory', John Wiley & Sons, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, 2006.
4. Reza F M, 'An Introduction to Information Theory' McGraw Hill, 2000.
5. Todd K Moon, 'Error Correction Coding – Mathematical Methods and Algorithms', John Wiley & Sons, 1<sup>st</sup> Edition, 2021.

**COURSE OUTCOMES:**

At the end of the course, students will be able to:		Bloom's Level
CO1	Explain the fundamental concepts of Information theory and Coding	K2
CO2	Apply various coding techniques in digital communication systems.	K3
CO3	Analyze the performance of various coding techniques by interpreting compression efficiency, error correction capability, and communication system capacity.	K4
CO4	Evaluate the suitability and effectiveness of different coding and compression techniques	

**COs-POs & PSOs MAPPING:**

CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PSO1	PSO2
CO1												2	2
CO2	3											3	3
CO3		2										2	2
CO4			1									1	1
@	3	2	1									3	3

**1-Low, 2-Medium, 3-High, @-Overall Contribution to the Course**

## PROFESSIONAL ELECTIVE COURSES FOR MINOR DEGREE PROGRAMME

## 25ECM01 DIGITAL SYSTEM DESIGN

3 0 0 3

**NUMBER SYSTEM:** Number Systems and Number-Base Conversion - Complements of Numbers (Diminished Radix Complement, Radix Complement) - Signed Binary Numbers - Arithmetic Operation with the Binary Numbers - fixed and floating point representation, Binary Codes (BCD, 2421Code, Gray Code, ASCII). (9)

**BOOLEAN ALGEBRA:** Boolean Algebra - Basic Theorems and Properties of Boolean Algebra - Simplification of Boolean Functions - Canonical and Standard Forms - Other Logic Operation. (9)

**DESIGN OF COMBINATIONAL CIRCUITS:** Introductory Digital Concepts - Digital Logic Gates - Karnaugh Map Method - Don't Care Conditions - The Tabulation Method - NAND and NOR Implementation - Design Procedure - Adder - Subtractor - Magnitude Comparator - Decoders - Encoders - Priority Encoder - Multiplexers - Demultiplexers - Three State Gates - Design Example. (9)

**DESIGN OF SEQUENTIAL CIRCUITS:** Introduction - Storage Elements: - Latch(S-R Latch, D-Latch) - Flip-Flops(S-R Flip Flop,D-Flip Flop, J-K Flip Flop, T-Flip Flop) - Master Slave Configuration of J-K Flip Flop - Shift Registers - Design of Asynchronous and Synchronous Counter. Mealy and Moore Models of Finite State Machines(FSM) - Synchronous Sequential Logic : State Reduction and Assignment - Design Procedure Algorithmic. (9)

**MEMORY AND PROGRAMMABLE LOGIC:** Introduction - Random Access Memory - Memory Decoding - Read Only Memory - Programmable Logic Array (PLA) - Programmable Array Logic (PAL) - Sequential Programmable Devices (9)

TOTAL L: 45 Periods

## TEXT BOOKS:

1. M Morris Mano and Michael D Ciletti, 'Digital Design: With an Introduction to the Verilog HDL, VHDL and System Verilog', Pearson Education, 6<sup>th</sup> Edition, 2018.
2. M Morris Mano, 'Digital Logic and Computer Design India', Pearson Education, 2017.
3. Thomas L Floyd, 'Digital Fundamentals', Pearson Education, 2015.

## REFERENCES:

1. Charles H Roth Jr, Larry L Kinney, 'Fundamentals of Logic Design', Cengage Learning, 2014.
2. John F Wakerly, 'Digital Design: Principles and Practices', Pearson Education, 2018.
3. Roger L Tokheim, 'Digital Electronics: Principles and Applications', McGraw-Hill Education, 2013.
4. Ronald Tocci, Neal Widmer and Greg Moss, 'Digital Systems', Pearson Education, 2016.
5. Donald D Givone, 'Digital Principles and Design', McGraw-Hill Education, 2003.

## COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course, students will be able to:		Bloom's Level
CO1	Explain the core concepts of building blocks of Digital Electronic Circuits and Systems.	K2
CO2	Apply concepts and choose suitable logic blocks to realize digital logic functions.	K3
CO3	Analyze the combinational and sequential circuits to arrive at suitable conclusions	K4
CO4	Design digital circuits for the given application and constraints	K6

## COs-POs &amp; PSOs MAPPING:

CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PSO1	PSO2
CO1													
CO2	3												
CO3		1											
CO4			1		1			1					
@	3	1	1		1			1					

1-Low, 2-Medium, 3-High, @-Overall Contribution to the Course

**25ECM02 MICROPROCESSORS AND MICROCONTROLLERS****3 0 0 3**

**BASICS OF EMBEDDED C:** Introduction to Embedded Systems - Embedded Software Programming Languages – Embedded C: Data Types – Storage Classes – Scope of Variables – Bitwise Operations – Cross-Platform Development - Integrated Development Environments - Super-loop based Design Approach Real time embedded system – Introduction to Real-Time Operating System – Definition – Characteristics Structure. (7)

**ARCHITECTURE OF 8051 MICROCONTROLLER:** Functional Block Diagram and Programmer’s Model of 8051– Power Supply, Clock and Reset Circuit –Program and Data memory, Memory Organization – Pipelining. I/O Ports and Special Function Registers -Addressing modes – Instruction set - Assembly Language Programming. (9)

**ON-CHIP PERIPHERALS OF 8051 MICROCONTROLLER:** General Purpose Input / Output Ports – Timers / Counters – Serial Communication– External and Internal Interrupts – Power Saving Modes - Interfacing 8255 PPI with 8051. (9)

**ARCHITECTURE OF ARM:** RISC vs CISC - ARM7 Processor Fundamentals- Registers – Pipelining - ARM Instruction set and Thumb Instruction set– Exception and Interrupt handling –Memory System – On-chip Peripherals of LPC2148: GPIO, Timers, RTC, ADC, PWM, Serial Ports – Introduction to ARM Cortex Mx – Processors core overview- Programmers Model. (10)

**OFF-CHIP PERIPHERAL INTERFACING:** LED, Switch, Seven Segment Display, Matrix Keypad, LCD Interfacing, ADC, DAC and Sensor Interfacing– Interfacing of Relays, DC Motor, Stepper Motor and Servo Motor – SPI Protocol – I2C Protocol. (10)

**Total L:45 periods****TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Muhammed Ali Mazidi, Janice Gillispie Mazidi Rolin D Mckinlay, ‘*The 8051Microcontroller and Embedded Systems*’, Pearson Education India, New Delhi, 2022.
2. Andrew Sloss, ‘*ARM System Developer’s Guide*’, Elsevier, New Delhi, 2017

**REFERENCES:**

1. Subrata Ghoshal, ‘8051 Microcontroller: Internals, Instructions, Programming and Interfacing’, Pearson Education India, New Delhi, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, 2014.
2. Kenneth Ayala, ‘*The 8051 Microcontroller*’, Cengage Learning India Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi, 2016.
3. Steve Furber, ‘*ARM System-on-Chip Architecture*’, Pearson Education, Chennai, 2017.
4. Joseph Yiu, ‘*The Definitive Guide to ARM Cortex M3 and Cortex M4 Processors*’, Elsevier India P Ltd, New Delhi, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, 2019.
5. K V Shibu, ‘*Introduction to Embedded Systems*’, MC-Graw Hill Education (I) P. Ltd., Chennai, 2nd Edition, 2020.

**COURSE OUTCOMES:**

At the end of the course, students will be able to:		Bloom’s Level
CO1	Explain the core concepts of 8051, ARM processor and peripherals	K2
CO2	Apply appropriate programming techniques and peripheral interfacing with microcontrollers for design examples	K3
CO3	Design and Develop IoT-enabled Embedded systems for real-time applications.	K6

**COs-POs & PSOs MAPPING:**

CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PSO1	PSO2
CO1													
CO2	3												
CO3			3		3			3			3		
@	3		3		3			3			3		

**1-Low, 2-Medium, 3-High, @-Overall Contribution to the Course**

**25ECM03 EMBEDDED SYSTEMS ARCHITECTURE****3 0 0 3**

**INTRODUCTION:** Embedded Systems and Computer Systems Terminology, Harvard and Von Neumann Architecture, Input devices, output devices, embedded hardware and software, Real Time Operating Systems (RTOS) - Basic Concepts, Embedded System Life Cycle. (9)

**8051 MICROCONTROLLER:** Overview of 8051 family - Hardware architecture: CPU, Memory organization, Stack, Port structure, Special Function Registers, Addressing modes - Instruction set: arithmetic and logical operations, Boolean processing, Branching - Interrupts - Programming in Assembly level language. (9)

**I/O INTERFACING:** Fundamentals of Physical Interfacing, Interfacing Input Devices – Switches - Keyboard Interfacing Output devices – LEDs - Seven Segment Displays (SSD), Interfacing high power devices: DC motors, H-bridge interfacing, Stepper motors. (9)

**MSP 430 MICROCONTROLLER:** Introduction to Mixed Signal Processing - MSP 430 families, Hardware organization - Register description, Low power operation - Clock system - Operating modes, Types of Reset sources, Interrupt Handling , ADC operation in MSP430. (9)

**COMMUNICATION PROTOCOLS:** Serial Communication Protocols: UART – SPI - I2C – Ethernet - USB. Interfacing Universal Serial Communication Interface (USCI) Module of the MSP430, Salient Features of Modern Microcontrollers: ARM Processor - Raspberry Pi. (9)

**Total L: 45 Periods****TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Muhamad Ali Mazidi, Janice Gillispie Mazidi and Rolin D McKinlay, ‘8051 Microcontroller and Embedded Systems’, Pearson Education Limited, Harlow, 2022.
2. Cem Unsalan, Deniz Gerhan H, ‘Programmable Microcontrollers with Applications: MSP430 Launchpad with CCS and Grace’, McGraw Hill Education, Chennai, 2018.

**REFERENCES:**

1. Raj Kamal, ‘Embedded Systems: SOC, IOT, AI and Real Time Systems’, McGraw Hill Education, Chennai, 2020.
2. Jonathan Volvano, ‘Introduction to Embedded Systems’, Create Space Independent Publishing Platform, Austin, 2019.
3. Ying Bai, ‘Practical Microcontroller Engineering with ARM Technology’, John Wiley & Sons, New Jersey, 2016.
4. Steven F Barrett, Daniel J Pack, ‘Microcontroller Programming and Interfacing Texas Instruments MSP 430’, Morgan & Claypool Publishers, California, 2011.

**COURSE OUTCOMES:**

At the end of the course, students will be able to:		Bloom’s Level
<b>CO1</b>	Explain the basic architecture and components of embedded systems, including real-time operating systems and lifecycle concepts.	<b>K2</b>
<b>CO2</b>	Develop assembly language programs for the 8051 microcontroller to perform arithmetic, logical, and control operations, including interrupt handling.	<b>K3</b>
<b>CO3</b>	Analyze and implement interfacing techniques for input/output devices and high-power actuators with microcontrollers.	<b>K4</b>
<b>CO4</b>	Demonstrate embedded system solutions using modern microcontrollers and communication protocols for real-world applications.	<b>K6</b>

**COs-POs & PSOs MAPPING:**

CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PSO1	PSO2
<b>CO1</b>													
<b>CO2</b>	2												
<b>CO3</b>		1											
<b>CO4</b>			1		1			1					
<b>@</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>1</b>		<b>1</b>			<b>1</b>					

**1-Low, 2-Medium, 3-High, @-Overall Contribution to the Course**

## 25ECM04 IOT BASED SYSTEM DESIGN

3 0 0 3

**IMPLEMENTING IOT WITH ARDUINO:** Introduction to Arduino Platforms, Arduino Uno architecture, IDE setup, importing Arduino boards in Arduino IDE tool, Installation of Arduino libraries, Basics of Embedded C Programming, Interfacing of Sensors and Actuators with Arduino Uno. (9)

**ESP 32 & ESP 8266:** Introduction ESP 8266 – Hardware Requirements – Software Requirements – connecting to wifi – ESP 32 & ESP 8266 basic applications – blinking of LED – controlling tricolor LED – controlling servomotor – wiring instructions. (9)

**IMPLEMENTING IOT WITH RASPBERRY Pi (RPI):** Basic functionality of RPi board, RPi GPIO pins, Reading the datasheet of RPi setting up the board by installing OS, first boot and basic configuration of Rpi, Basic Linux Commands, Accessing RPi remotely using networking tools, Interfacing of Sensors and Actuators with RPi. (9)

**NODE-RED TOOL ON Rpi:** Prerequisite for Node-RED, Installing and upgrading Node-RED, Running Node-RED app locally and as a service on network, auto-start on boot, opening the editor, installation of various libraries for Node-RED, Creation and deployment of flows. (9)

**SECURITY & SECURITY ARCHITECTURE:** Introduction, Security Requirements in IoT Architecture, Security in Enabling Technologies, Security Concerns in IoT Applications, Security Requirements in IoT, Insufficient Authentication/Authorization, Insecure Access Control, Threats to Access Control, Privacy, and Availability, Attacks Specific to IoT. (9)

Total L: 45 Periods

**TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Simon Monk, 'Programming the Raspberry Pi: Getting Started with Python', Tata McGraw Hill Publication, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, 2021.
2. Pethuru Raj and Anupama C. Raman, 'The Internet of Things: Enabling Technologies, Platforms, and Use Cases', CRC Press, 2017.
3. Shancang Li and Li Da Xu, 'Securing the Internet of Things', Elsevier, Syngress, 2017.

**REFERENCES:**

1. Simon Monk, 'Programming Arduino: Getting started with Sketches', Tata McGraw Hill Publication, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, 2016.
2. Derex Molly, 'Exploring Raspberry Pi: Interfacing to the Real World with Embedded Linux', Wiley Publication, 1st Edition, 2016.
3. Richard Blum, 'Arduino Programming in 24 hours', Sams Teach Yourself Publishing, 1<sup>st</sup> Edition, 2014.
4. Aditya Gupta, 'The IoT Hacker's Handbook: A Practical Guide to Hacking the Internet of Things', Apress publishers, 2019.

**COURSE OUTCOMES:**

At the end of the course, students will be able to:		Bloom's Level
CO1	Explain the key requirements for implementing IoT with Arduino Uno and Raspberry Pi development boards.	K2
CO2	Apply Node-RED tool and python code for designing the IoT applications in Raspberry Pi.	K3
CO3	Analyze the IoT security issues and concerns to create awareness.	K4
CO4	Develop IoT systems with using Arduino Uno and Raspberry Pi for real-time applications.	K6

**COs-POs & PSOs MAPPING:**

CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PSO1	PSO2
CO1													
CO2	2												
CO3		1											
CO4			1		1			1					
@	2	1	1		1			1					

1-Low, 2-Medium, 3-High, @-Overall Contribution to the Course

## 25ECM05 IOT PROCESSORS

3 0 0 3

**INTRODUCTION TO IOT AND PROCESSOR FUNDAMENTALS:** Overview - Introduction to IoT: Definition, applications, challenges, and IoT ecosystems - Overview of IoT devices: Types of IoT devices - IoT Architecture: Edge vs. Cloud computing, and the role of processing units in IoT. (9)

**MICROCONTROLLER ARCHITECTURES FOR IOT:** ARM Cortex, PIC architectures and Usage - Power Management in IoT Processors - Real-time Operating Systems (RTOS) and Embedded Software for Microcontrollers. (9)

**SPECIALIZED PROCESSORS FOR IOT:** FPGA-Based IoT Solutions: Architecture and Design - Application-Specific Integrated Circuits (ASICs) for IoT - Low Power IoT Processors: Energy Efficiency Strategies - Comparing General-purpose vs. Specialized Processors in IoT Systems. (9)

**IOT PROCESSOR INTEGRATION AND COMMUNICATION:** Interfacing Processors with Sensors and Actuators - Communication Technologies: Wi-Fi, Bluetooth, Zigbee, and 5G - IoT Data Handling and Real-time Processing - Processor Scalability and Multi-Core Systems in IoT - Security Considerations for IoT Processors and Systems. (9)

**IOT PROCESSORS AND FUTURE TRENDS:** Edge Computing and Its Impact on IoT Processor Design - Artificial Intelligence (AI) Integration with IoT Processors - IoT Processor Development Tools and IDEs - The Role of IoT Processors in Smart Cities and Industry 4.0 - Future Trends in IoT Processors: Quantum Computing, Neuromorphic Chips. (9)

**Total L: 45 Periods****TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Arshdeep Bahga and Vijay Madisetti , ‘*Internet of Things: A Hands-On-Approach*’, Universities Press, 2014.
2. Jonathan W Valvano, ‘*Embedded Systems: Introduction to the MSP432 Microcontroller*’, CreateSpace, 2015.

**REFERENCES:**

1. Joseph Yiu, ‘*The Definitive Guide to ARM® Cortex®-M3 and Cortex®-M4 Processors*’, Newnes (Elsevier), 2010.
2. Steven Smith, ‘*Digital Signal Processing: A Practical Guide for Engineers and Scientists*’, Newnes, 2013.
3. Qing Li and Caroline Yao, ‘*Real-Time Concepts for Embedded Systems*’, CMP Books, 2003.

**COURSE OUTCOMES:**

At the end of the course, students will be able to:		Bloom’s Level
CO1	Explain the various architectures for IoT and specialized IoT Processors with IoT devices	K2
CO2	Apply knowledge of processor technologies to current and future IoT trends	K3

**COs-POs & PSOs MAPPING:**

CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PSO1	PSO2
CO1													
CO2		3											
@		3											

**1-Low, 2-Medium, 3-High, @-Overall Contribution to the Course**

**25ECM06 INDUSTRIAL IOT AND INDUSTRY 4.0****3 0 0 3**

**OVERVIEW OF INDUSTRY 4.0 & IIOT:** Industrial Revolution: Phases of Development-Evolution of Industry 4.0-Environmental impacts of Industrial Revolution-Industrial Internet-Applications of Industrial Internet and Industry 4.0. IIoT: Prerequisites of IIoT- Basics of Cyber Physical Systems (CPS)-CPS and IIoT-Applications of IIoT. (9)

**TECHNOLOGICAL ASPECTS OF INDUSTRY 4.0 AND IIOT:** Cloud Computing and IIoT-Industrial Cloud Platform Providers-Requirements of Industry 4.0 and its solution. Fog Computing for IIoT- Applications of fog and their solutions. -Smart factories: Characteristics of Smart Factory-Technologies used in Smart Factories. (9)

**INDUSTRIAL DATA TRANSMISSION:** Field Bus – Profibus – HART – Interbus – Bitbus –CCLink – Modbus – Batibus – Digital STROM – CAN – DeviceNet – LonWorks - Wireless HART - LoRa and LoRa WAN - NB-IoT - IEEE 802.11AH. (9)

**IIOT ANALYTICS AND IoT SECURITY:** Necessity-Categorization of Analytics-Usefulness of IIoT Analytics-Challenges of Analytics in Industries-Mapping of Analytics with the IIRA Architecture-Deployment of Analytics-Application of analytics across value chain.– Network Security - Mobile Device Security. (9)

**CASE STUDY:** Operational Management Tool for Factory IoT- Configuration and Dashboard Visualization-Monitoring the operational status of the whole factory: Equipment Monitoring-Group Alarm and Signal Monitoring-Operational Results-Group Results and Production Results. Connecting Legacy equipments: OPC UA Configuration, data back-up – Machine Data Archive Management-Web API. (9)

**Total L: 45 Periods****TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Sudip Misra, Chandana Roy and Anandarup Mukherjee, '*Introduction to Industrial Internet of Things and Industry 4.0*', CRC Press, Taylor & Francis Group, 2021.
2. Arshdeep Bahga and Vijay Madiseti, '*Internet of Things A Hands-on Approach*', Universities Press (India), 2015.

**REFERENCES:**

1. Adrian McEwen and Hakim Cassimally, '*Designing the Internet of Things*', John Wiley & Sons, 2014
2. Francis Dacosta, '*Rethinking the Internet of Things*', Apress Open, 2013.
3. Gater, A and Ryu, S H, '*Process Analytics Concepts and Techniques for Querying and Analyzing Process Data*', Springer International Publishing Switzerland, 2016.
4. '*MT Link-i Reference Manual*' from FANUC.

**COURSE OUTCOMES:**

At the end of the course, students will be able to:		Bloom's Level
CO1	Explain the basics of Industrial IOT, evolution of Industry 4.0, and Cyber-Physical Systems.	K2
CO2	<b>Apply</b> core concepts and enabling /computing technologies for Industry 4.0 in the context of smart factories and IIoT-based solutions	K3
CO3	<b>Analyze</b> various industrial data transmission protocols/IIoT communication protocols and determine their suitability for specific IIoT applications	K4
CO4	<b>Design</b> an operational monitoring and management system and <b>Implement</b> dashboard visualization to monitor factory operations that provides support for product optimization	K6

**COs-POs & PSOs MAPPING:**

CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PSO1	PSO2
CO1													
CO2	3												
CO3		1											
CO4			2		2			2			2		
@	3	1	2		2			2			2		

**1-Low, 2-Medium, 3-High, @-Overall Contribution to the Course**

**Introduction to Robotics:** Basic idea of robots and automation, main parts of a robot (sensors, motors, controller), history of robotics, different types of robots (industrial, medical, home robots), safety precautions, robots' impact on jobs and society, simple pros and cons of robots. (9)

**Robot Anatomy and Motion Analysis:** Basic structure of robots (links, joints, arms), types of movements (vertical, rotational), simple explanation of work envelope (area robots can reach), understanding robot motion (forward and backward, rotating), basic direction terms (roll, pitch, yaw). (9)

**Robot Drives and End Effectors:** Basic power types for robots – electric, air, and fluid, simple types of grippers (mechanical, vacuum, magnetic), how robot hands work, tools used as end effectors (e.g., drill, welder), types of robot control (step-by-step, position-based, repeat motion). (9)

**Path Planning:** What path planning means, basic movement types (straight lines and curves), how robots plan their movement to reach a point, simple concepts of positioning and orientation in space. (9)

**Robotics Applications:** Uses of robots in material handling, medical applications (surgery, assistive robots), agriculture (crop monitoring, planting), space (rovers), and unmanned vehicles (drones, underwater robots), different types of robots – manipulators, humanoids, drones, and industrial robots. (9)

**Total L: 45 Periods**

#### TEXT BOOKS:

1. S R Deb, '*Robotics Technology and Flexible Automation*', Tata McGraw-Hill Education, 2009.
2. Mikell P. Groover, '*Industrial Robots - Technology, Programming and Applications*', McGraw Hill, Special Edition, 2012.
3. Ganesh S Hegde, '*A textbook on Industrial Robotics*', University science press, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, 2017.

#### REFERENCES:

1. Richard D Klafter, Thomas A Chmielewski and Michael Negin, '*Robotics Engineering – An Integrated Approach*', Prentice Hall of India Pvt. Ltd., Eastern Economy Edition, 2006.
2. Fu K S, Gonzalez R C, Lee C S G, '*Robotics: Control, Sensing, Vision and Intelligence*', McGraw Hill, 1987.

#### COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course, students will be able to:		Bloom's Level
CO1	Explain the significance, social impact and future prospects of robotics and automation in various engineering applications	K2
CO2	Apply robotics concept to automate the monotonous and hazardous tasks and categorize various types of robots based on the design and applications in real world scenarios	K3
CO3	Examine the relationship between robot drive mechanisms, grippers, and control strategies in achieving precise automation.	K4

#### COs-POs & PSOs MAPPING:

CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PSO1	PSO2
CO1													
CO2	3												
CO3		2											
@	3	2											

1-Low, 2-Medium, 3-High, @-Overall Contribution to the Course

## 25ECM08 MECHATRONICS

3 0 0 3

**INTRODUCTION:** Engineering Systems, Measurement Systems, Control Systems, Open-loop and closed loop control systems, Basic elements of Closed-loop systems, Microprocessor-Based Controllers, The Mechatronics Approach. Applications of Mechatronics (9)

**SENSORS & TRANSDUCERS:** Displacement, position, proximity, Velocity and Motion, Force., Flow, Level, Temperature, Light Sensors, Selection of Sensors. (9)

**MECHANICAL, PNEUMATIC AND HYDARULIC ACTUATION SYSTEMS:** Mechanical Systems: Types of Motion, Kinematic chains, cams, Gear trains, Ratchet and Pawl, Belt and chain drives, Pneumatic and Hydraulic Systems: Directional Control Valves, Pressure Control Values, Cylinders, Process Control Valves, Rotary Actuators. (9)

**ELECTRICAL ACTUATION SYSTEMS & DIGITAL LOGIC:** Solid-State Switches, Solenoids, D.C. Motors, A.C. Motors, Stepper Motors, Digital Logic; Logic gates, Boolean Algebra, Karnaugh Maps, Application of Logic Gates, Sequential Logic. (9)

**EMBEDDED CONTROL & INTERFACING:** Microprocessor Systems, Microcontroller, Interfacing, Input/Output addressing, Interface requirements, Peripheral **Interface** adapters, Serial communications Interface, Examples of Interfacing. (9)

Total L: 45 periods

**TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Bolton, William, '*Mechatronics: Electronic Control Systems in Mechanical and Electrical Engineering*', Pearson Education, 2003.
2. D G Alciatore and M B Hystand, '*Introduction to Mechatronics and Measurement Systems*', McGraw-Hill, 5<sup>th</sup> Edition, 2021

**REFERENCES:**

1. Bishop, Robert H, '*Mechatronics: An Introduction*', CRC Press, 2017.
2. J. David Irwin and David Kerns, '*Introduction to Mechatronics and Measurement Systems*', Cengage Learning, 4<sup>th</sup> Edition, 2016.
3. Muhammad Ali Mazidi, '*The 8051 Microcontroller and Embedded Systems*', Pearson Education, 2019.

**COURSE OUTCOMES:**

At the end of the course, students will be able to:		Bloom's Level
CO1	Explain the basic concepts of mechatronics systems and their components in measurement and control applications.	K2
CO2	Apply the working knowledge of digital logic circuits, sensors and actuation systems to develop Mechatronics systems.	K3
CO3	Analyze the key system-level building blocks of mechatronics systems and evaluate their roles in embedded control applications.	K4

**COs-POs & PSOs MAPPING:**

CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PSO1	PSO2
CO1													
CO2	3												
CO3		1											
@	3	1											

1-Low, 2-Medium, 3-High, @-Overall Contribution to the Course

## OPEN ELECTIVE COURSES

## 25ECO01 VLSI TECHNOLOGY

3 0 0 3

**INTRODUCTION TO VLSI SYSTEMS:** Moore's Law, Scaling Challenges, Application of VLSI in modern electronics, Design flow of VLSI Systems, VLSI Design Methodologies: Full-custom and semi-custom design, ASIC vs FPGA, Overview of HDL (9)

**BASIC OF MOS TRANSISTORS:** MOSFET structure and operation, NMOS vs PMOS vs CMOS, CMOS Inverter, CMOS combinational Logic, stick diagrams, layout rules, CMOS: Pass Transistors and Transmission gates. (9)

**HDL and VERILOG:** Verilog design flow: Simulation to synthesis, Structure of a Verilog module, Ports and port declarations, Basic syntax, Combinational Logic circuits Implementation examples: Adder, Multiplexers, Encoders, Sequential Logic Implementation: Flip Flops, counters. (9)

**VLSI FABRICATION TECHNOLOGY:** Silicon Wafer preparation, Oxidation, Doping, Photolithography, Etching, Deposition Techniques, CMOS process flow (p-well, N-well, twin-tub). (9)

**EDA TOOLS & RECENT ADVANCEMENTS:** SPICE Tools, TCAD Tools, Testing and Verification Tool flow, Design for Testability, Low power VLSI, 3D ICs, Fin FETs. (9)

Total L: 45 Periods

## TEXT BOOKS:

1. Neil H E Weste and David Harris, '*CMOS VLSI Design: A Circuits and Systems Perspective*', 4<sup>th</sup> Edition, Pearson, 2014.
2. Douglas A Pucknell and Kamran Eshraghian, '*Basic VLSI Design*', PHI, 1995.
3. S M Sze, '*VLSI Technology*', McGraw Hill, 1998.

## REFERENCES:

1. Jan M Rabaey, '*Digital Integrated Circuits: A Design Perspective*', Pearson, 1998.
2. Stephen Brown and Zvonko Vranesic, '*Fundamentals of Digital Logic with Verilog Design*', McGraw-Hill, 2002.
3. Samir Palnitkar, '*Verilog HDL: A Guide to Digital Design and Synthesis*', 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition., Pearson Education, 2003.

## COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course, students will be able to:		Bloom's Level
CO1	Explain the evolution, design flow, fabrication technology and applications of VLSI systems.	K1
CO2	Apply the basic concepts of MOS transistors, logic gates and choose suitable logic blocks to realize digital logic functions using HDL.	K2
CO3	Analyze various HDL modeling techniques, logic circuits and fabrication methodology for VLSI applications.	K3

## COs-POs &amp; PSOs MAPPING:

CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PSO1	PSO2
CO1													
CO2	3												
CO3		1											
@	3	1											

1-Low, 2-Medium, 3-High, @-Overall Contribution to the Course

## 25ECO02 MICROCONTROLLER BASED SYSTEM DESIGN

3 0 0 3

**BASICS OF EMBEDDED C:** Introduction to Embedded Systems - Embedded Software Programming Languages – Embedded C: Data Types – Storage Classes – Scope of Variables – Bitwise Operations – Cross-Platform Development - Integrated Development Environments - Super-loop based Design Approach Real-time embedded system – Introduction to Real-Time Operating System – Definition – Characteristics Structure. (9)

**ARCHITECTURE OF 8051 MICROCONTROLLER:** Functional Block Diagram and Programmer’s Model of 8051– Power Supply, Clock and Reset Circuit –Program and Data memory, Memory Organisation – Pipelining. I/O Ports and Special Function Registers -Addressing modes – Instruction set - Assembly Language Programming. (9)

**ON-CHIP PERIPHERALS OF 8051 MICROCONTROLLER:** General Purpose Input / Output Ports – Timers / Counters – Serial Communication– External and Internal Interrupts – Power Saving Modes - C Programming examples. (9)

**OFF-CHIP PERIPHERAL INTERFACING WITH 8051 MICROCONTROLLERS:** LED, Switch, Seven Segment Display, LCD Interfacing, ADC, DAC and Sensor Interfacing– Stepper Motor . (9)

**ARCHITECTURE OF ARM:** RISC vs CISC - ARM7 Processor Fundamentals- Registers – Pipelining - ARM Instruction set and Thumb Instruction set- Exception and Interrupt handling –Memory System – Introduction to ARM Cortex Mx – Processors core overview- Programmers Model, On-chip Peripherals of LPC2148: GPIO, Timers, RTC, ADC, PWM, Serial Ports - C programming examples. (9)

Total L: 45 Periods

**TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Muhammed Ali Mazidi, Janice Gillispie Mazidi and Rolin D Mckinlay ‘*The 8051Microcontroller and Embedded Systems*’, Pearson Education India, New Delhi, 2022.
2. Andrew Sloss, ‘*ARM System Developer’s Guide*’, Elsevier, New Delhi, 2017.
3. Lyla B Das, ‘*Embedded Systems: An Integrated Approach*’, Pearson Education, 2013.

**REFERENCES:**

1. Subrata Ghoshal, ‘*8051 Microcontroller: Internals, Instructions, Programming and Interfacing*’, Pearson Education India, New Delhi, 2010.
2. Kenneth Ayala, ‘*The 8051 Microcontroller*’, Cengage Learning India Pvt. Ltd., NewDelhi, 2016.
3. Steve Furber, ‘*ARM System-on-Chip Architecture*’, Pearson Education, Chennai, 2017.
4. Joseph Yiu, ‘*The Definitive Guide to ARM Cortex M3 and Cortex M4 Processors*’, Elsevier, New Delhi, 2019.
5. K V Shibu, ‘*Introduction to Embedded Systems*’, MC-Graw Hill Education (I) P. Ltd., Chennai, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, 2020.

**COURSE OUTCOMES:**

At the end of the course, students will be able to:		Bloom’s Level
CO1	Explain the architecture, programming models, memory organization, and instruction set of 8051 and ARM microcontrollers used in embedded system design.	K2
CO2	Develop embedded applications using C and assembly language for implementing timers, serial communication, interrupts, and on-chip peripheral functions of 8051 and ARM microcontrollers.	K3
CO3	Analyze embedded system applications by comparing architectural features and programming capabilities of different microcontroller platforms.	K4
CO4	Design and implement a functional mini-project using 8051 or ARM microcontroller by integrating hardware components and embedded C programming to solve a real-time task.	K6

**COs-POs & PSOs MAPPING:**

CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PSO1	PSO2
CO1													
CO2	3												
CO3		2											
CO4			1		1			1			1		
@	3	2	1		1			1			1		

1-Low, 2-Medium, 3-High, @-Overall Contribution to the Course

## 25EC003 MECHATRONICS

3 0 0 3

**INTRODUCTION:** Engineering Systems, Measurement Systems, Control Systems, Open-loop and closed loop control systems, Basic elements of Closed-loop systems, Microprocessor-Based Controllers, The Mechatronics Approach. Applications of Mechatronics (9)

**SENSORS & TRANSDUCERS:** Displacement, position, proximity, Velocity and Motion, Force., Flow, Level, Temperature, Light Sensors, Selection of Sensors. (9)

**MECHANICAL,PNEUMATIC AND HYDARULIC ACTUATION SYSTEMS:** Mechanical Systems: Types of Motion, Kinematic chains, cams, Gear trains, Ratchet and Pawl, Belt and chain drives, Pneumatic and Hydraulic Systems: Directional Control Valves, Pressure Control Values, Cylinders, Process Control Valves, Rotary Actuators. (9)

**ELECTRICAL ACTUATION SYSTEMS & DIGITAL LOGIC:** Solid-State Switches, Solenoids, D.C. Motors, A.C. Motors, Stepper Motors, Digital Logic; Logic gates, Boolean Algebra, Karnaugh Maps, Application of Logic Gates, Sequential Logic. (9)

**EMBEDDED CONTROL & INTERFACING:** Microprocessor Systems, Microcontroller, Interfacing, Input/Output addressing, Interface requirements, Peripheral **Interface** adapters, Serial communications Interface, Examples of Interfacing. (9)

Total L: 45 Periods

**TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Bolton William, '*Mechatronics: Electronic Control Systems in Mechanical and Electrical Engineering*', Pearson Education, 2003.
2. D G Alciatore and M B Histand, '*Introduction to Mechatronics and Measurement Systems*', McGraw-Hill, 5<sup>th</sup> Edition, 2021.

**REFERENCES:**

1. Bishop Robert H, '*Mechatronics: An Introduction*', CRC Press, 2017.
2. David Irwin and David Kerns, '*Introduction to Mechatronics and Measurement Systems*', Cengage Learning, 4<sup>th</sup> Edition, 2010.
3. Muhammad Ali Mazidi, '*The 8051 Microcontroller and Embedded Systems*', Pearson Education, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, 2007.

**COURSE OUTCOMES:**

At the end of the course, students will be able to:		Bloom's Level
CO1	Explain the basic concepts of mechatronics systems and their components in measurement and control applications.	K2
CO2	Apply the working knowledge of digital logic circuits, sensors and actuation systems to develop Mechatronics systems.	K3
CO3	Analyze the key system-level building blocks of mechatronics systems and evaluate their roles in embedded control applications.	K4

**COs-POs & PSOs MAPPING:**

CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PSO1	PSO2
CO1													
CO2	3												
CO3		1											
@	3	1											

1-Low, 2-Medium, 3-High, @-Overall Contribution to the Course

**INTRODUCTION TO IOT ARCHITECTURE:** Scope, and Real-World Applications - IoT System Architecture: Layers of IoT -IoT Communication Protocols: MQTT, CoAP, HTTP - Cloud and Edge Computing in IoT: Roles, Design Patterns, and Integration - Architectural Design Considerations. (9)

**SENSORS, ACTUATORS, AND EDGE DEVICES IN IOT SYSTEMS:** Types of Sensors and Actuators - Role and types of edge devices - Sensor Data Collection and Preprocessing: Techniques for data acquisition and preprocessing - Communication Between Edge Devices and Servers- Power Consumption Considerations in IoT Devices (9)

**IOT DATA PROCESSING, STORAGE, AND CLOUD INTEGRATION:** Data Collection and Aggregation: Cloud and Edge Processing Approaches - Data Storage in IoT Systems - Cloud Platforms for IoT: AWS IoT, Microsoft Azure IoT, Google Cloud IoT - Real-time Data Processing: Stream processing using Apache Kafka and Apache Flink - IoT Analytics. (9)

**IOT SECURITY AND PRIVACY:** IoT Security Fundamentals: Security requirements, attacks on IoT, and vulnerabilities - Encryption and Authentication: TLS/SSL, RSA, AES encryption for IoT devices - Secure Communication Protocols: Secure MQTT, CoAP, and HTTPS - Privacy Issues in IoT. (9)

**IOT PROTOTYPING:** Prototyping IoT Solutions: Using development boards like Raspberry Pi - IoT System Design Workflow: Design specifications, iterative prototyping, testing, and validation - Cloud Integration and Visualization: Using cloud services (AWS, Azure) for visualization and monitoring. (9)

**Total L: 45 Periods**

**TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Arshdeep Bahga and Vijay Madisetti, '*Internet of Things: A Hands-On Approach*', Universities Press, 2015.
2. Adrian McEwen and Hakim Cassimally, '*Designing the Internet of Things*', Wiley, 2013.

**REFERENCES:**

1. Rajkumar Buyya and Amir Vahid Dastjerdi, '*Internet of Things: Principles and Paradigms*', Elsevier Science, 2016.
2. Dieter Uckelmann, Mark Harrison and Florian Michahelles, '*Architecting the Internet of Things*', Springer Berlin, Heidelberg, 2011.

**COURSE OUTCOMES:**

At the end of the course, students will be able to:		Bloom's Level
CO1	Describe the fundamental architecture of IoT systems, and the roles of cloud and edge computing.	K2
CO2	Implement data acquisition, preprocessing, and communication between edge devices using suitable IoT development platforms.	K3
CO3	Analyze the performance, security, and design considerations of IoT systems and propose effective solutions for real-time processing and cloud integration.	K4

**COs-POs & PSOs MAPPING:**

CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PSO1	PSO2
CO1													
CO2	3												
CO3		1											
@	3	1											

**1-Low, 2-Medium, 3-High, @-Overall Contribution to the Course**

## 25ECO05 DIGITAL IMAGE PROCESSING

3 0 0 3

**INTRODUCTION:** Fundamental Steps in Digital Image Processing, Components of an Image Processing System, Sampling and Quantization, Representing Digital Images (Data structure), Some Basic Relationships Between Pixels – Neighbors and Connectivity of pixels in image, Applications of Image Processing: Medical imaging, Robot vision, Remote Sensing. Colour Image Processing: Colour Fundamentals, Colour Models. (9)

**IMAGE ENHANCEMENT:** Spatial Domain: Some Basic Gray Level Transformations, Histogram equalization and specification, Enhancement using Arithmetic/Logic Operations, Basics of Spatial Filtering, Smoothing Spatial Filters, Sharpening Spatial Filters. Frequency Domain: Preliminary Concepts, Filtering in the Frequency Domain, Image Smoothing and Image Sharpening using Frequency Domain Filters. (9)

**IMAGE SEGMENTATION AND MORPHOLOGY:** Introduction, Detection of isolated points, Line detection, Edge detection (Sobel, Prewitt, Canny), Edge linking, Region-based segmentation – Region growing, Split and merge technique, Local processing, Regional processing, Hough transform, Segmentation using Threshold. Morphological Image Processing: Preliminaries, Erosion and Dilation, Opening and Closing. (9)

**IMAGE COMPRESSION:** Need for data compression- Lossless vs lossy compression – Image compression techniques: Huffman, Run Length Encoding, Arithmetic coding, JPEG standard, MPEG - Applications of image compression. (9)

**IMAGE RESTORATION:** Degradation model; Noise models, Restoration in the Presence of Noise Only using Spatial Filtering: Mean filters - Order statistics - Adaptive filters - Periodic Noise Reduction by Frequency Domain Filtering: Band reject filters - Band pass filters - Notch filters, Inverse Filtering, Minimum Mean Square Error (Wiener) Filtering. (9)

Total L: 45 Periods

**TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Rafael C G, Woods R E and Eddins S L, ‘*Digital Image Processing*’, Prentice Hall, 3rd Edition, 2008.

**REFERENCE BOOKS:**

1. Milan Sonka, ‘*Image Processing, Analysis and Machine Vision*’, Thomson Press India Ltd., 4<sup>th</sup> Edition, 2017.
2. Anil K Jain, ‘*Fundamentals of Digital Image Processing*’, Prentice Hall of India, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, 2015
3. S. Sridhar, ‘*Digital Image Processing*’, Oxford University Press, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, 2016.

**COURSE OUTCOMES:**

At the end of the course, students will be able to:		Bloom’s Level
CO1	Explain the fundamentals of digital image processing, including digitization, sampling, quantization, and 2D-transforms.	K2
CO2	Apply image enhancement techniques in spatial and frequency domains for improved image quality.	K3
CO3	Analyze the effectiveness of image processing methods, including feature extraction, compression, and color models.	K4
CO4	Develop and implement MATLAB-based image processing algorithms for restoration, segmentation, compression, and recognition, with performance analysis as an individual/team.	K6

**COs-POs & PSOs MAPPING:**

CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PSO1	PSO2
CO1													
CO2	3												
CO3		2											
CO4			1		1								
@	2	2	1		1								

1-Low, 2-Medium, 3-High, @-Overall Contribution to the Course

## 25ECO06 NANO TECHNOLOGY

3 0 0 3

**INTRODUCTION:** General definition and size effects – important nano structured materials and nano particles-importance of nano materials - Size effect on thermal, electrical, electronic, mechanical, optical and magnetic properties of nanomaterials- surface area - band gap energy and applications. Photochemistry and Electrochemistry of nanomaterials – Ionic properties of nanomaterials - Nano catalysis. (9)

**SYNTHESIS OF NANOMATERIALS:** Bottom up and Top-down approach for obtaining nano materials - Precipitation methods – sol gel technique – high energy ball milling, CVD and PVD methods, gas phase condensation, magnetron sputtering and laser deposition methods – laser ablation, sputtering. (9)

**NANO COMPOSITES:** Definition- importance of nanocomposites - nano composite materials-classification of composites - metal/metal oxides, metal-polymer - thermoplastic based, thermoset based and elastomer based - influence of size, shape and role of interface in composites applications. (9)

**NANO STRUCTURES AND CHARACTERIZATION TECHNIQUES:** Classifications of nanomaterials - Zero dimensional, one-dimensional and two-dimensional nanostructures - Kinetics in nanostructured materials - multilayer thin films and superlattice - clusters of metals, semiconductors and nanocomposites. Spectroscopic techniques, Diffraction methods, thermal analysis method, BET analysis method. (9)

**APPLICATIONS OF NANO MATERIALS:** Overview of nanomaterials properties and their applications, nano painting, nano coating, nanomaterials for renewable energy, Molecular Electronics and Nanoelectronics – Nanobots-Biological Applications. Emerging technologies for environmental applications - Practice of nanoparticles for environmental remediation and water treatment. (9)

**Total L: 45 Periods****TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Mick Wilson, Kamali Kannangara, Geoff Smith, Michelle Simmom and Burkhard Raguse, '*Nano Technology: Basic Science & Engineering Technology*', Overseas Press, 2005.
2. G Cao, '*Nanostructures & Nanomaterials: Synthesis, Properties & Applications*', Imperial College Press, 2004
3. William A Goddard, '*Handbook of Nanoscience, Engineering and Technology*', 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, CRC Taylor and Francis group, 2012.

**REFERENCES:**

1. R J Hannink and A J Hill, '*Nanostructure Control*', Wood Head Publishing Ltd., Cambridge, 2006.
2. C N R Rao, A.Muller and A K Cheetham, '*The Chemistry of Nanomaterials: Synthesis, Properties and Applications*', Vol. I & II, Wiley VCH Verlag Gbtl & Co., 2<sup>nd</sup> edition, 2005,
3. Ivor Brodie and Julius J Muray, '*The physics of Micro/Nano – Fabrication*', Springer International Edition, 2010.

**COURSE OUTCOMES:**

At the end of the course, students will be able to:		Bloom's Level
CO1	Explain the fundamental concepts, technical challenges, and the state-of-the-art technology development and applications of Nanomaterials.	K2
CO2	Design the Nanoscale materials for real-time applications.	K3
CO3	Analyze the properties of Nanoscale materials with Characterization Techniques.	K4
CO4	Discover potential use cases of Nanomaterials in real-time applications.	K6

**COs-POs & PSOs MAPPING:**

CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PSO1	PSO2
CO1													
CO2	3												
CO3		2											
CO4			1		1			1			1		
@	3	2	1		1			1			1		

**1-Low, 2-Medium, 3-High, @-Overall Contribution to the Course**

## MANDATORY COURSES

## 25MC001 ENVIRONMENTAL SCIENCES

(Common to Civil, CSE, EEE, ECE, ICE, MECH, AI&amp;DS and EE-VLSI)

3 0 0 3

**INTRODUCTION TO ENVIRONMENT:** Environment - Definition, scope and importance. Types and composition of atmosphere – particles, ions and radicals. Ozone layer- significance, formation and depletion. Ecosystems- Structure and functions, components, energy flow, food chains, food web, Biodiversity-levels, values and threats – India as a mega-diversity nation, hotspots of biodiversity, endangered and endemic species of India, conservation of biodiversity. (9)

**ENERGY RESOURCES:** Introduction – National and International status- exploitation - sustainable strategies- Fossil fuels-classification, composition, physico-chemical characteristics and energy content of coal, petroleum and natural gas; solar energy - introduction, harnessing strategies. Wind energy - availability, wind power plants, wind energy conversion systems, site characteristics, and types of wind turbines. Supporting renewable energy resources - tidal, geothermal, hydroelectric. (9)

**ENVIRONMENTAL POLLUTION:** Definition, Sources, causes, impacts and control measures of air pollution, water pollution, soil pollution, marine pollution, noise pollution, thermal pollution, nuclear hazards, RF hazards, Role of an individual in prevention of pollution. Disaster Management: Floods, earthquake, cyclone and landslides – Case studies, consequences and rescue measures. (9)

**WASTE MANAGEMENT:** Waste water - Characteristics of domestic and industrial wastewater - COD and BOD, Various stages of treatment – primary, secondary, tertiary treatment- Biological and advanced oxidation processes. Solid waste management – Characteristics of municipal solid waste (MSW), biomedical, automobile and e-wastes and their management, landfills, incineration, pyrolysis, gasification and composting. (9)

**SOCIAL ISSUES AND THE ENVIRONMENT:** Environmentally Sustainable work practices- Rain water harvesting, Role of non-governmental organizations. Human ethics and rights- impact on environment and human health, role of information technology on environment and human kind. Green IT policies, Process of EIA - ISO 14000. Legislation- Environment protection act – Air (Prevention and Control of Pollution) act – Water (Prevention and control of Pollution) act – Wildlife protection act – Forest conservation act. (9)

**Total L: 45 periods****TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Gilbert M. Masters, 'Introduction to Environmental Engineering and Science', Pearson Education, New Delhi, 2004.
2. Deswal S and Deswal A, 'A Basic Course in Environmental Studies', Dhanpat Rai and Co, New Delhi, 2004.

**REFERENCES:**

1. Benny Joseph, 'Environmental Science and Engineering', Tata McGraw - Hill, New Delhi, 2006.
2. Koteswara Rao M V R, 'Energy Resources: Conventional & Non – Conventional', BSP Publications, New Delhi, 2006.
3. Botkin and Keller, 'Environmental Science', Wiley India Private Limited, New Delhi, 2013.

**COURSE OUTCOMES:**

At the end of the course, students will be able to:		Bloom's Level
CO1	Explain the basic concepts of environment, energy sources and waste management	K2
CO2	Use different renewable energy resources and environment protection measures for sustainable development	K3
CO3	Conduct a case study and real-time environmental issues and present as a team	

**COs-POs & PSOs MAPPING:**

CO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PSO1	PSO2
CO1													
CO2	1												
CO3						2	2	2			2		
	1					2	2	2			2		

1-low, 2-medium, 3-high

**25MC002 INDIAN CONSTITUTION**  
(Common to Civil, CSE, EEE, ECE, ICE, MECH, AI&DS and EE-VLSI)

2000

**INTRODUCTION:** Evolution of Indian Constitution; significance of constitution; Composition; Preamble and its Philosophy. (4)

**RIGHTS, DUTIES AND DIRECTIVE PRINCIPLES:** Fundamental Rights- Writs and Duties, Directive Principles of State Policy (5)

**UNION GOVERNMENT:** Union Government, President and Vice President, Houses of the Parliament and their functions; Types of Bills, Stages of passing of Bill into an Act, Veto Power, Constitution Amendment Procedure, Various Amendments made and their significance for India. (6)

**STATE GOVERNMENT AND FEDERALISM:** Composition of State Legislature; Powers, Functions and Position of Governor, Function of Chief Ministers, Council of Ministers; The Indian Federal System, Administrative Relationship between Union and States (8)

**JUDICIARY:** Supreme Court, High Court; District Court and Lower Courts - Functions and Powers – Judges – Qualifications and Powers - Judicial Review. (7)

Total P: 30 periods

**TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Subash C Kashyap, 'Our Political System', National Book Trust, 2011.
2. Praveenkumar Mellalli E, 'Constitution of India, Professional Ethics and Human Rights', Sage Publications India Pvt. Ltd., 2015.

**REFERENCES:**

1. Brijji Kishore Sharma, 'Introduction to the Constitution of India', Prentice Hall of India, 2010.
2. Basu D D, 'Introduction to the Constitution of India', Prentice Hall of India, 2016.
3. Jain. M C, 'The Constitution of India', Law House, New Delhi, 2001.
4. Shukla V N, 'Constitution of India', Eastern Book Company Ltd., New Delhi, 2011.

**COURSE OUTCOMES:**

At the end of the course, students will be able to:		Bloom's Level
CO1	Explain the evolution, significance, and philosophy of the Indian Constitution, including its Preamble, composition, and core principles.	K2
CO2	Analyze the structure, powers, and functions of the Union and State Governments, including the roles of the President, Parliament, Governor, and Council of Ministers, as well as the legislative process, types of bills, and constitutional amendments.	K3
CO3	Conduct a case study on the Indian Constitution, demonstrating understanding of its evolution, fundamental rights and duties, structure of Union and State governments, federal system, and the role of the judiciary in governance.	

**COs-POs & PSOs MAPPING:**

CO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PSO1	PSO2
CO1													
CO2	2												
CO3								2	2		2		
	2							2	2		2		

1-low, 2-medium, 3-high

**25MC003 INDUSTRIAL SAFETY****(Common to Civil, CSE, EEE, ECE, ICE, MECH, AI&DS and EE-VLSI)****2 0 0 0**

**SAFETY TERMINOLOGIES:** Hazard-Types of Hazard- Risk-Hierarchy of Hazards Control Measures-Lead indicators- lag Indicators-Flammability- Toxicity Time-weighted Average (TWA) - Threshold Limit Value (TLV) - Short Term Exposure Limit (STEL)- Immediately dangerous to life or health (IDLH)- acute and chronic Effects-Routes of Chemical Entry-Personnel Protective Equipment- Health and Safety Policy-Material Safety Data Sheet MSDS. (6)

**STANDARDS AND REGULATIONS:** Indian Factories Act-1948- Health- Safety- Hazardous materials and Welfare- ISO 45001:2018 occupational health and safety (OH&S) - Occupational Safety and Health Audit IS14489:1998- Hazard Identification and Risk Analysis- code of practice IS 15656:2006. (6)

**SAFETY ACTIVITIES:** Toolbox Talk- Role of safety Committee- Responsibilities of Safety Officers and Safety Representatives- Safety Training and Safety Incentives- Mock Drills- On-site Emergency Action Plan- Off-site Emergency Action Plan- Safety poster and Display- Human Error Assessment. (6)

**WORKPLACE HEALTH AND SAFETY:** Noise hazard- Particulate matter- musculoskeletal disorder improper sitting posture and lifting Ergonomics RULE & REBA- Unsafe act & Unsafe Condition- Electrical Hazards- Crane Safety- Toxic gas Release. (6)

**HAZARD IDENTIFICATION TECHNIQUES:** Job Safety Analysis-Preliminary Hazard Analysis-Failure mode and Effects Analysis- Hazard and Operability- Fault Tree Analysis- Event Tree Analysis Qualitative and Quantitative Risk Assessment- Checklist Analysis- Root cause analysis- What-If Analysis- and Hazard Identification and Risk Assessment. (6)

**Total L: 30 periods****TEXTBOOKS**

1. Jain R. K. and Sunil S. Rao, '*Industrial Safety, Health and Environment Management Systems*'. Khanna Publisher, 4<sup>th</sup> Edition, 2000.
2. Deshmukh L. M., '*Industrial Safety Management: Hazard Identification and Risk Control*'. McGraw-Hill Education, 2007.

**REFERENCES**

1. John Ridley, John Channing, '*Safety at Work*'. Routledge, 7<sup>th</sup> Edition, 2008.
2. Dan Petersen, '*Techniques of Safety Management: A System Approach*'. Amer Society of Safety Engineers, 4<sup>th</sup> Edition, 2003.

**COURSE OUTCOMES**

At the end of the course, students will be able to		Bloom's Level
CO1	Describe the safety protocols and standard operating procedures in industrial settings to ensure compliance with safety regulations and minimize hazards in the workplace.	K2
CO2	Implement and test emergency response plans tailored to the industrial environments, ensuring effective action during emergencies such as fires, chemical spills or equipment malfunctions.	K3
CO3	Review and present on risk assessments and hazards using industry-specific tools to identify potential safety risks and choose appropriate corrective actions to prevent accidents and injuries.	-

**CO - PO & PSO MAPPING**

CO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO2	2	-	-	-	-	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO3	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	1	1	-	1	-	1
	2	-	-	-	-	2	2	1	1	-	1	-	1

**1 - low, 2- medium, 3 – high**

**25MC004 DISASTER RISK REDUCTION AND MANAGEMENT**  
(Common to CSE, EEE, ECE, ICE, MECH, AI&DS and EE-VLSI)

2000

**HAZRADS, VULNERABILITY AND DISASTER RISKS:** Definition: Disaster, Hazard, Vulnerability, Resilience, Risks – Types of Disasters: Natural, Human induced, Climate change induced – Earthquake, Landslide, Flood, Drought, Fire, etc. – Technological disasters - Structural collapse, Industrial accidents, oil spills - Causes, Impacts including social, Economic, political, environmental, health, psychosocial, etc.- Disaster vulnerability profile of India and Tamil Nadu - Global trends in disasters: urban disasters, pandemics, Complex emergencies, Inter relations between Disasters and Sustainable development Goals. (6)

**DISASTER RISK REDUCTION (DRR):** Sendai Framework for Disaster Risk Reduction, Disaster cycle - Community Based DRR, Structural – Non-structural measures, Roles and responsibilities of - community, Panchayati Raj Institutions / Urban Local Bodies (PRIs/ULBs), States, Centre, and other stakeholders - Early Warning System – Relevance of indigenous Knowledge, appropriate technology and Local resources. (6)

**DISASTER MANAGEMENT:** Components of Disaster Management – Preparedness of rescue and relief, mitigation, rehabilitation and reconstruction - Disaster Risk Management and post disaster management – Compensation and Insurance- Disaster Management Act (2005) and Policy - Institutional Processes and Framework at State and Central Level - (NDMA – SDMA – DDMA – NRDF - Civic Volunteers). (6)

**TOOLS AND TECHNOLOGY FOR DISASTER MANAGEMENT:** Early warning systems - Components of Disaster Relief: Water, Food, Sanitation, Shelter, Health, Waste Management, Institutional arrangements (Mitigation, Response and Preparedness) – Role of GIS and Information Technology in Disaster Management – Disaster Damage Assessment - Elements of Climate Resilient Development – Standard operation Procedure for disaster response – Financial planning for disaster Management. (6)

**DISASTER MANAGEMENT: CASE STUDIES:** Case studies in the context of disasters - Landslide Hazard Zonation, Earthquake Vulnerability Assessment of Buildings and Infrastructure, Drought Assessment, Coastal Flooding, Storm Surge Assessment, Floods: Fluvial and Pluvial Flooding, Forest Fire, Man Made disasters. (6)

**Total L: 30 periods**

**TEXTBOOKS**

1. Thomas D. Schneid, and Larry Collins, '*Disaster Management and Preparedness*'. CRC Publications, 2016.
2. R. Singh, '*Disaster Management Guidelines: Earthquakes, Landslides, Avalanches and Tsunami*'. Horizon Press Publications, 2017.
3. J. P. Singhal, '*Disaster Management*'. Laxmi Publications, 2024.
4. T. Bhattacharya, '*Disaster Science and Management*'. McGraw Hill India Education Pvt. Ltd., 2012.

**REFERENCES**

1. Government of India, '*Disaster Management Act*'. New Delhi, 2005.
2. Government of India, '*National Disaster Management Policy*'. New Delhi, 2009.
3. R. Shaw, '*Community based Disaster risk reduction*'. Natural Hazard Science, Oxford Research Encyclopedias, 2016.

**COURSE OUTCOMES**

At the end of the course, students will be able to:		<b>Bloom's Level</b>
<b>CO1</b>	Summarize the concepts, tools, technologies and strategies for disaster risk reduction and management.	<b>K2</b>

**COs-POs & PSOs MAPPING**

CO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PSO1	PSO2
CO1					1	1	1	1	1		1		
					1	1	1	1	1		1		

1-low, 2-medium, 3-high